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(54) Title: DIAMINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY

(57) Abstract: The present application describes modulators of MCP-1 of formula (I): or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, useful for the prevention of asthma, multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

TITLEDIAMINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR
ACTIVITY

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to modulators of chemokine receptor activity, pharmaceutical compositions containing the same, and methods of using the same as agents for treatment and prevention of inflammatory diseases, allergic and autoimmune diseases, and in particular, asthma, rheumatoid arthritis, atherosclerosis, and multiple sclerosis.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 Chemokines are chemotactic cytokines, of molecular weight 6-15 kDa, that are released by a wide variety of cells to attract and activate, among other cell types, macrophages, T and B lymphocytes, eosinophils, basophils and neutrophils (reviewed in: Luster, *New Eng. J. Med.* 20 1998, 338, 436-445 and Rollins, *Blood* 1997, 90, 909-928). There are two major classes of chemokines, CXC and CC, depending on whether the first two cysteines in the amino acid sequence are separated by a single amino acid (CXC) or are adjacent (CC). The CXC chemokines, such as 25 interleukin-8 (IL-8), neutrophil-activating protein-2 (NAP-2) and melanoma growth stimulatory activity protein (MGSA) are chemotactic primarily for neutrophils and T lymphocytes, whereas the CC chemokines, such as RANTES, MIP-1 α , MIP-1 β , the monocyte chemotactic proteins (MCP-1, 30 MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, and MCP-5) and the eotaxins (-1 and -2) are chemotactic for, among other cell types, macrophages, T lymphocytes, eosinophils, dendritic cells, and basophils. There also exist the chemokines lymphotactin-1, lymphotactin-2 (both C chemokines), and 35 fractalkine (a CXXXC chemokine) that do not fall into either of the major chemokine subfamilies.

The chemokines bind to specific cell-surface receptors belonging to the family of G-protein-coupled

seven-transmembrane-domain proteins (reviewed in: Horuk, *Trends Pharm. Sci.* **1994**, 15, 159-165) which are termed "chemokine receptors." On binding their cognate ligands, chemokine receptors transduce an intracellular signal

5 though the associated trimeric G proteins, resulting in, among other responses, a rapid increase in intracellular calcium concentration, changes in cell shape, increased expression of cellular adhesion molecules, degranulation, and promotion of cell migration. There are at least ten

10 human chemokine receptors that bind or respond to CC chemokines with the following characteristic patterns:

CCR-1 (or "CKR-1" or "CC-CKR-1") [MIP-1 α , MCP-3, MCP-4, RANTES] (Ben-Barruch, et al., *Cell* **1993**, 72, 415-425, and Luster, *New Eng. J. Med.* **1998**, 338, 436-445); CCR-2A and

15 CCR-2B (or "CKR-2A"/"CKR-2B" or "CC-CKR-2A"/"CC-CKR-2B") [MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, MCP-5] (Charo, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **1994**, 91, 2752-2756, and Luster, *New Eng. J. Med.* **1998**, 338, 436-445); CCR-3 (or "CKR-3" or "CC-CKR-3") [eotaxin-1, eotaxin-2, RANTES, MCP-3, MCP-4]

20 (Combadiere, et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* **1995**, 270, 16491-16494, and Luster, *New Eng. J. Med.* **1998**, 338, 436-445); CCR-4 (or "CKR-4" or "CC-CKR-4") [TARC, MIP-1 α , RANTES, MCP-1] (Power, et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* **1995**, 270, 19495-19500, and Luster, *New Eng. J. Med.* **1998**, 338, 436-445);

25 CCR-5 (or "CKR-5" OR "CC-CKR-5") [MIP-1 α , RANTES, MIP-1 β] (Sanson, et al., *Biochemistry* **1996**, 35, 3362-3367); CCR-6 (or "CKR-6" or "CC-CKR-6") [LARC] (Baba, et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* **1997**, 272, 14893-14898); CCR-7 (or "CKR-7" or "CC-CKR-7") [ELC] (Yoshie et al., *J. Leukoc. Biol.* **1997**, 62, 634-644); CCR-8 (or "CKR-8" or "CC-CKR-8") [I-309, TARC,

30 MIP-1 β] (Napolitano et al., *J. Immunol.*, 1996, 157, 2759-2763, and Bernardini, et al., *Eur. J. Immunol.* **1998**, 28, 582-588); CCR-10 (or "CKR-10" or "CC-CKR-10") [MCP-1, MCP-3] (Bonini, et al., *DNA and Cell Biol.* **1997**, 16, 1249-1256); and CCR-11 [MCP-1, MCP-2, and MCP-4]

35 (Schweickert, et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* **2000**, 275, 90550).

In addition to the mammalian chemokine receptors, mammalian cytomegaloviruses, herpesviruses and poxviruses have been shown to express, in infected cells, proteins with the binding properties of chemokine receptors
5 (reviewed in: Wells and Schwartz, *Curr. Opin. Biotech.* 1997, 8, 741-748). Human CC chemokines, such as RANTES and MCP-3, can cause rapid mobilization of calcium via these virally encoded receptors. Receptor expression may be permissive for infection by allowing for the
10 subversion of normal immune system surveillance and response to infection. Additionally, human chemokine receptors, such as CXCR4, CCR2, CCR3, CCR5 and CCR8, can act as co-receptors for the infection of mammalian cells by microbes as with, for example, the human
15 immunodeficiency viruses (HIV).

The chemokines and their cognate receptors have been implicated as being important mediators of inflammatory, infectious, and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, as well as
20 autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis (reviewed in: Bharat K. Trivedi, et al, *Ann. Reports Med. Chem.* 2000, 35, 191; John Saunders and Christine M. Tarby, *Drug Disc. Today* 1999, 4, 80; Brett A. Premack and Thomas J. Schall, *Nature Medicine* 1996, 2,
25 1174). For example, the chemokine monocyte chemoattractant-1 (MCP-1) and its receptor CC Chemokine Receptor 2 (CCR-2) play a pivotal role in attracting leukocytes to sites of inflammation and in subsequently activating these cells. When the chemokine MCP-1 binds
30 to CCR-2, it induces a rapid increase in intracellular calcium concentration, increased expression of cellular adhesion molecules, cellular degranulation, and the promotion of leukocyte migration. Demonstration of the importance of the MCP-1/CCR-2 interaction has been
35 provided by experiments with genetically modified mice. MCP-1 $-/-$ mice had normal numbers of leukocytes and macrophages, but were unable to recruit monocytes into sites of inflammation after several different types of

immune challenge (Bao Lu, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **1998**, *187*, 601). Likewise, CCR-2 $-/-$ mice were unable to recruit monocytes or produce interferon- γ when challenged with various exogenous agents; moreover, the leukocytes of CCR-2 null mice did not migrate in response to MCP-1 (Landin Boring, et al., *J. Clin. Invest.* **1997**, *100*, 2552), thereby demonstrating the specificity of the MCP-1/CCR-2 interaction. Two other groups have independently reported equivalent results with different strains of CCR-2 $-/-$ mice (William A. Kuziel, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **1997**, *94*, 12053, and Takao Kurihara, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **1997**, *186*, 1757). The viability and generally normal health of the MCP-1 $-/-$ and CCR-2 $-/-$ animals is noteworthy, in that disruption of the MCP-1/CCR-2 interaction does not induce physiological crisis. Taken together, these data lead one to the conclusion that molecules that block the actions of MCP-1 would be useful in treating a number of inflammatory and autoimmune disorders. This hypothesis has now been validated in a number of different animal disease models, as described below.

Several studies have demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating rheumatoid arthritis. A DNA vaccine encoding MCP-1 was shown recently to ameliorate chronic polyadjuvant-induced arthritis in rats (Sawsan Youssef, et al., *J. Clin. Invest.* **2000**, *106*, 361). Likewise, inflammatory disease symptoms could be controlled via direct administration of antibodies for MCP-1 to rats with collagen-induced arthritis (Hiroomi Ogata, et al., *J. Pathol.* **1997**, *182*, 106), or streptococcal cell wall-induced arthritis (Ralph C. Schimmer, et al., *J. Immunol.* **1998**, *160*, 1466). Perhaps most significantly, a peptide antagonist of MCP-1, MCP-1(9-76), was shown both to prevent disease onset and to reduce disease symptoms (depending on the time of administration) in the MRL-lpr mouse model of arthritis (Jiang-Hong Gong, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **1997**, *186*, 131).

Three key studies have demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating atherosclerosis. For example, when MCP-1 $-/-$ mice are mated with LDL receptor-deficient mice, an 83% reduction in aortic lipid deposition was observed (Long Gu, et al., *Mol. Cell* **1998**, 2, 275). Similarly, when MCP-1 was genetically ablated from mice which already overexpressed human apolipoprotein B, the resulting mice were protected from atherosclerotic lesion formation relative to the MCP-1 $+/+$ apoB control mice (Jennifa Gosling, et al., *J. Clin. Invest.* **1999**, 103, 773). Likewise, when CCR-2 $-/-$ mice are crossed with apolipoprotein E mice, a significant decrease in the incidence of atherosclerotic lesions was observed (Landin Boring, et al, *Nature* **1998**, 394, 894).

Other studies have demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR-2 interaction in treating multiple sclerosis; all of these studies have been demonstrated in experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE), the standard animal model for multiple sclerosis. Administration of antibodies for MCP-1 to animals with EAE significantly diminished disease relapse (K. J. Kennedy, et al., *J. Neuroimmunol.* **1998**, 92, 98). Furthermore, two recent reports have now shown that CCR-2 $-/-$ mice are resistant to EAE (Brian T. Fife, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **2000**, 192, 899; Leonid Izikson, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **2000**, 192, 1075).

Other studies have demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating asthma. Sequestration of MCP-1 with a neutralizing antibody in ovalbumin-challenged mice resulted in marked decrease in bronchial hyperresponsiveness and inflammation (Jose-Angel Gonzalo, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **1998**, 188, 157). It proved possible to reduce allergic airway inflammation in *Schistosoma mansoni* egg-challenged mice through the administration of antibodies for MCP-1 (Nicholas W. Lukacs, et al., *J. Immunol.* **1997**, 158, 4398). Consistent with this, MCP-1

-/- mice displayed a reduced response to challenge with *Schistosoma mansoni* egg (Bao Lu, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 1998, 187, 601).

Other studies have demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating kidney disease. Administration of antibodies for MCP-1 in a murine model of glomerular nephritis resulted in a marked decrease in glomerular crescent formation and deposition of type I collagen (Clare M. Lloyd, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 1997, 185, 1371). In addition, MCP-1 -/- mice with induced nephrotoxic serum nephritis showed significantly less tubular damage than their MCP-1 +/+ counterparts (Gregory H. Tesch, et al., *J. Clin. Invest.* 1999, 103, 73).

One study has demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating systemic lupus erythematosus. Crossing of MCP-1 -/- mice with MRL-FAS^{lpr} mice -- the latter of which have a fatal autoimmune disease that is analogous to human systemic lupus erythematosus -- results mice that have less disease and longer survival than the wildtype MRL-FAS^{lpr} mice (Gregory H. Tesch, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 1999, 190, 1813).

One study has demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating colitis. CCR-2 -/- mice were protected from the effects of dextran sodium sulfate-induced colitis (Pietro G. Andres, et al., *J. Immunol.* 2000, 164, 6303).

One study has demonstrated the potential therapeutic value of antagonism of the MCP-1/CCR2 interaction in treating alveolitis. When rats with IgA immune complex lung injury were treated intravenously with antibodies raised against rat MCP-1 (JE), the symptoms of alveolitis were partially alleviated (Michael L. Jones, et al., *J. Immunol.* 1992, 149, 2147).

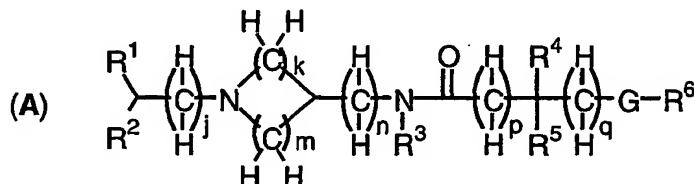
Other studies have provided evidence that MCP-1 is overexpressed in various disease states not mentioned above. These reports provide strong correlative evidence

that MCP-1 antagonists could be useful therapeutics for such diseases. Two reports described the overexpression of MCP-1 in the intestinal epithelial cells and bowel mucosa of patients with inflammatory bowel disease (H. C. Reinecker, et al., *Gastroenterology* **1995**, *108*, 40, and Michael C. Grimm, et al., *J. Leukoc. Biol.* **1996**, *59*, 804). Two reports describe the overexpression of MCP-1 rats with induced brain trauma (J. S. King, et al., *J. Neuroimmunol.* **1994**, *56*, 127, and Joan W. Berman, et al., *J. Immunol.* **1996**, *156*, 3017). Another study has demonstrated the overexpression of MCP-1 in rodent cardiac allografts, suggesting a role for MCP-1 in the pathogenesis of transplant arteriosclerosis (Mary E. Russell, et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **1993**, *90*, 6086). The overexpression of MCP-1 has been noted in the lung endothelial cells of patients with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (Harry N. Antoniades, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **1992**, *89*, 5371). Similarly, the overexpression of MCP-1 has been noted in the skin from patients with psoriasis (M. Deleuran, et al., *J. Dermatol. Sci.* **1996**, *13*, 228, and R. Gillitzer, et al., *J. Invest. Dermatol.* **1993**, *101*, 127). Finally, a recent report has shown that MCP-1 is overexpressed in the brains and cerebrospinal fluid of patients with HIV-1-associated dementia (Alfredo Garzino-Demo, WO 99/46991).

It should also be noted that CCR-2 has been implicated as a co-receptor for some strains of HIV (B. J. Doranz, et al., *Cell* **1996**, *85*, 1149). It has also been determined that the use of CCR-2 as an HIV co-receptor can be correlated with disease progression (Ruth I. Connor, et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **1997**, *185*, 621). This finding is consistent with the recent finding that the presence of a CCR-2 mutant, CCR2-64I, is positively correlated with delayed onset of HIV in the human population (Michael W. Smith, et al., *Science* **1997**, *277*, 959). Although MCP-1 has not been implicated in these processes, it may be that MCP-1 antagonists that act via binding to CCR-2 may have beneficial therapeutic effects

in delaying the disease progression to AIDS in HIV-infected patients.

Recently, a number of groups have described the development of small molecule antagonists of MCP-1 (reviewed in: Bharat K. Trivedi, et al, *Ann. Reports Med. Chem.* **2000**, 35, 191). Workers at Teijen and Combichem reported the use of cyclic amines (A) as MCP-1 (Tatsuki Shiota, et al., WO 99/25686; Tatsuki Shiota, et al., WO 00/69815) and MIP-1 α (Christine Tarby and Wilna Moree, WO 00/69820) antagonists. These compounds are distinguished from those of the present invention (I) by the requirement for the central cyclic amine grouping.



A number of other groups have also described the development of small molecule antagonists of the MCP-1/CCR-2 interaction. To date, indolopiperidines (Ian T. Forbes, et al., *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2000**, 10, 1803), spiropiperidines (Tara Mirzadegan, et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* **2000**, 275, 25562), quaternary amines (Masanori Baba, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* **1999**, 96, 5698), 2-substituted indoles (Alan Faull and Jason Kettle, WO 00/46196; Andrew John Barker, et al., WO 99/07351; Andrew John Barker, et al., WO 99/07678), pyrazolone derivatives (Janak Khimchand Padia, et al., US patent 6,011,052, 2000), 2-substituted benzimidazoles (David Thomas Connor, et al., WO 98/06703), N, N-dialkylhomopiperazines (T. Shiota, et al., WO 97/44329), bicyclic pyrroles (Andrew J. Barker, et al., WO 99/40913 and Andrew J. Barker, et al., WO 99/40914), and 5-aryl pentadienamides (K. G. Carson, et al., Cambridge Health Tech Institute Chemokine Symposium, McLean, VA, USA, 1999) have all been reported as MCP-1 antagonists. The foregoing reference compounds are readily distinguished structurally from the present invention by virtue of substantial differences in the terminal functionality, the attachment functionality, or

the core functionality. The prior art does not disclose nor suggest the unique combination of structural fragments that embody in the novel compounds described herein. Furthermore, the prior art does not disclose or
5 suggest that the compounds of the present invention would be antagonists of MCP-1.

It should be noted that CCR-2 is also the receptor for the chemokines MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, and MCP-5 (Luster, *New Eng. J. Med.* **1998**, 338, 436-445). Since it
10 is presumed that the new compounds of formula (I) described herein antagonize MCP-1 by binding to the CCR-2 receptor, it may be that these compounds of formula (I) are also effective antagonists of the actions of MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, and MCP-5 that are mediated by CCR-2.
15 Accordingly, when reference is made herein to "antagonism of MCP-1," it is to be assumed that this is equivalent to "antagonism of chemokine stimulation of CCR-2."

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, the present invention provides novel
20 antagonists or partial agonists/antagonists of MCP-1 receptor activity, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

The present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable
25 carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

The present invention provides a method for treating rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, and
30 atherosclerosis, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

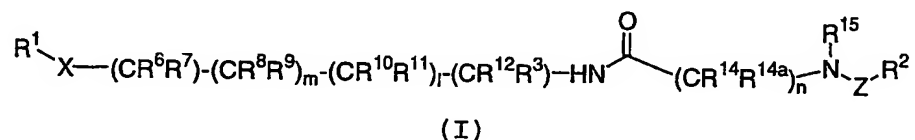
35 The present invention provides a method for treating inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present

invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

The present invention provides diamine compounds for use in therapy.

5 The present invention provides the use of novel diamine compounds for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of inflammatory diseases.

10 These and other features, which will become apparent during the following detailed description, have been achieved by the inventors' discovery that compounds of formula (I):



15

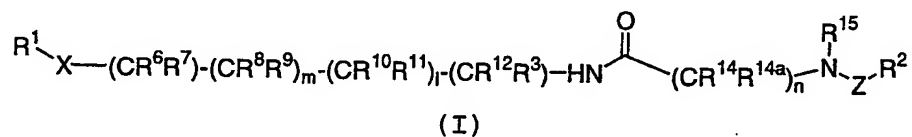
or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein X, Z, l, m, n, s, R¹, R², R³, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are defined below, are effective modulators of chemokine activity.

20

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[1] Thus, in a first embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

25



or a stereoisomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

30

Z is selected from a bond, -C(O)-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-, -SO₂-, and -SO₂NH-;

X is selected from -NR¹⁷-, -O-, -S-, and -CHR¹⁶NR¹⁷-;

35

R¹ is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with 0-5 R⁴ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R⁴;

5

R² is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with 0-5 R⁵ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R⁵;

10

R³ is selected from H, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d}, (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}, (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

15

20 with the proviso that R³ is not H if R⁶ is H;

alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, a C₅₋₆ lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, or a C₅₋₆ lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{3g};

25

R^{3a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{3c}, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4

30

heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

R^{3b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 5 C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{3e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 10 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

R^{3c} is independently selected from -C(O)R^{3b}, -C(O)OR^{3d}, -C(O)NR^{3f}R^{3f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

15 R^{3d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
 20 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

R^{3e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH,
 25 (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{3f}R^{3f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{3f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

30

R^{3g} is selected from (CHR)_qOH, (CHR)_qSH, (CHR)_qOR^{3d}, (CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CHR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CHR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a},

$(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{3a}\text{R}^{3a}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{3a}\text{OR}^{3d}$,
 $(\text{CHR})_q\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{3a}\text{R}^{3a}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{3d}$, and a $(\text{CHR})_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e} ;

- 5 R , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$
 cycloalkyl, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{3a}\text{R}^{3a}$, and $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{3d}$, and
 $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$ substituted with R^{3e} ;
- 10 R^4 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8}
 alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br,
 I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OH}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{SH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{H}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OH}$,
 15 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OC}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{6a}\text{C}(\text{S})\text{NR}^{6a}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{6d}$,
 20 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4a}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(=\text{NR}^{4f})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NHC}(=\text{NR}^{4f})\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_p(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{6f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{6a}\text{R}^{6a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8}
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R' , C_{2-8} alkynyl
 25 substituted with 0-3 R' , and $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{phenyl}$
 substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} ;

alternatively, two R^4 on adjacent atoms on R^1 may join to
 form a cyclic acetal;

30

R^{4a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{4g} , C_{2-6} alkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted
 with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ,

a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{4e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e} ;

5

R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-6}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e} ;

10

R^{4d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-6}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} ;

15

20

R^{4e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{CF}_2)_r\text{CF}_3$, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{SC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$;

25

R^{4f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

R^{4g} is independently selected from $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{4b}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{4d}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$;

30

R^5 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OH}$,

35

$(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{SH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{H}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OH}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{5f}\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5d}$,
5 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OC}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{5f}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5d}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{5a}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(=\text{NR}^{5f})\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NHC}(=\text{NR}^{5f})\text{NR}^{5f}\text{R}^{5f}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_p(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{5a}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{5f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{5b}$,
10 C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R' ,
 C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R' , and
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} ;

15 alternatively, two R^5 on adjacent atoms on R^2 may join to
form a cyclic acetal;

R^{5a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{5g} , C_{2-6} alkyl
substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted
20 with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ,
a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with
0-5 R^{5e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_{r-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic
system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N,
O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ;

25 R^{5b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl
substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted
with 0-2 R^{5e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue
30 substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_{r-5-6}$ membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ;

- R^{5d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic
5 residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6
membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4
heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted
with 0-3 R^{5e} ;
- 10 R^{5e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8}
alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F,
Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_r$ - CF_3 , $(CH_2)_r$ - OC_{1-5} alkyl, OH, SH,
 $(CH_2)_r$ - SC_{1-5} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ - $NR^{5f}R^{5f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl;
- 15 R^{5f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl,
and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{5g} is independently selected from $-C(O)R^{5b}$, $-C(O)OR^{5d}$,
 $-C(O)NR^{5f}R^{5f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl;
- 20 R' , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl,
 C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and
 $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl substituted with R^{5e} ;
- 25 R^6 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, $(CRR)_q$ -OH, $(CRR)_q$ -SH, $(CRR)_q$ - OR^{6d} ,
 $(CRR)_q$ - $S(O)_p$ - R^{6d} , $(CRR)_r$ - $C(O)R^{6b}$, $(CRR)_r$ - $NR^{6a}R^{6a}$,
 $(CRR)_r$ - $C(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_r$ - $C(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$, (CRR) - $SO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$,
 $(CRR)_r$ - $C(O)OR^{6d}$, a $(CRR)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue
30 substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a $(CRR)_r$ -5-10 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;
- alternatively, R^6 and R^7 join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl
35 substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} , a 5-6 membered ring lactam

substituted with 0-2 R^{6g}, or a 5-6 membered ring lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{6g};

5 R^{6a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
10 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e};

R^{6b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{6e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
15 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e};

20 R^{6d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
25 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e};

30 R^{6e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,

$(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{SC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}^{6f}\text{R}^{6f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$;

R^{6f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
5 C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{6g} is selected from $(\text{CHR})_q\text{OH}$, $(\text{CHR})_q\text{SH}$, $(\text{CHR})_q\text{OR}^{6d}$,
 $(\text{CHR})_q\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{R}^{6d}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{6b}$, $(\text{CHR})_q\text{NR}^{6a}\text{R}^{6a}$,
 $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{6a}\text{R}^{6a}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{6a}\text{OR}^{6d}$,
 10 $(\text{CHR})_q\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{6a}\text{R}^{6a}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{6d}$, and a $(\text{CHR})_r-\text{C}_{3-10}$
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} ;

R^7 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
 alkynyl, $(\text{CRR})_q\text{OH}$, $(\text{CRR})_q\text{SH}$, $(\text{CRR})_q\text{OR}^{7d}$,
 15 $(\text{CRR})_q\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{R}^{7d}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{7b}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{NR}^{7a}\text{R}^{7a}$,
 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{7a}\text{R}^{7a}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{7a}\text{OR}^{7d}$,
 $(\text{CRR})_q\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{7a}\text{R}^{7a}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{7d}$, a $(\text{CRR})_r-\text{C}_{3-10}$
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a
 20 $(\text{CRR})_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

R^{7a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-8}
 25 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 $(\text{CH}_2)_r-\text{C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{7e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system
 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 30 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

5 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

10 R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
15 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
20 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

25

R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{8d}$,
 $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{8d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{8b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{8a}R^{8a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d}$,
30 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{8d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} , and a $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing

1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

alternatively, R⁸ and R⁹ join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
5 substituted with 0-2 R^{8g}, a 5-6 membered ring lactam
substituted with 0-2 R^{8g}, or a 5-6 membered ring
lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{8g};

R^{8a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
10 methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₈
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
R^{8e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
15 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

R^{8b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl
20 substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted
with 0-3 R^{8e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-2 R^{8e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

25
R^{8d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e},
C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue
30 substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

R^{8e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
5 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$
alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{8f}R^{8f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

R^{8f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

10

R^{8g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{8d}$,
 $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{8d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{8b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{8a}R^{8a}$,
 $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d}$,
 $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{8d}$, and a $(CHR)_r-C_{3-10}$
15 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} ;

R^9 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{9d}$,
 $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{9d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{9b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a}$,
20 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{9a}R^{9a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{9a}OR^{9d}$,
 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{9a}R^{9a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{9d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
25 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

R^{9a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{3-8}
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
30 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system

containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 5 C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 10 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl
 15 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

20 R^{9e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

25

R^{9f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
 30 alkynyl, (CRR)_rOH, (CRR)_rSH, (CRR)_rOR^{10d}, (CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{10d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{10b}, (CRR)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d},

(CRR)_rSO₂NR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

alternatively, R¹⁰ and R¹¹ join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{10g}, a 5-6 membered ring lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{10g}, or a 5-6 membered ring lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{10g};

R^{10a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

R^{10b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{10e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

R^{10d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, a C₃₋₁₀

carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , and a
 $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

5

R^{10e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}
 cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$
 alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

10

R^{10f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

15 R^{10g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{10d}$,
 $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{10d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{10a}R^{10a}$,
 $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d}$,
 $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}$, and a $(CHR)_r$ - C_{3-10}
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} ;

20

R^{11} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
 alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{11d}$,
 $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{11d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{11a}R^{11a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{11a}OR^{11d}$,
 25 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{11d}$, a $(CRR)_r$ - C_{3-10}
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

30

R^{11a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-8}
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl

substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
R^{11e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
5 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

R^{11b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted
10 with 0-3 R^{11e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-2 R^{11e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

15 R^{11d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3
R^{11e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₃₋₆
alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, a C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, and a
20 (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

R^{11e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
25 C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

30 R^{11f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

- R^{12} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{12d}$, $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{12d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{12b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{12a}R^{12a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}R^{12a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}OR^{12d}$, $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{12a}R^{12a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{12d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{12e} , and a $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} ;
- R^{12a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{12e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} ;
- R^{12b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{12e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} ;
- R^{12d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , and a

(CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

5 R^{12e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{12f}R^{12f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

10

R^{12f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl,
and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are independently selected from H, and
15 C₁₋₄alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{14b},

alternatively, R¹⁴ and R^{14a} can join to form a C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl;

20 R^{14b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
-OH, -SH, -NR^{14c}R^{14c}, -C(O)NR^{14c}R^{14c}, -NHC(O)R^{14c} and
phenyl;

R^{14c} is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

25

R¹⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-3
R^{16a}, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a};

30

R^{16a} is selected from C₁₋₄ alkyl, -OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c},
-C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c};

R^{16c} is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl;

n is selected from 1 and 2;

5

l is selected from 0 and 1;

m is selected from 0 and 1;

10 p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, or 2;

q, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, or 4;
and

15 r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4.

[2] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

20 Z is selected from a bond, -C(O)-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-,
-SO₂-, and -SO₂NH-;

X is selected from -NR¹⁷-, -O-, -S-, and -CHR¹⁶NR¹⁷-;

25 R¹ is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with
0-5 R⁴ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system
containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R⁴;

30 R² is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with
0-5 R⁵ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system
containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R⁵;

35 R³ is selected from (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d},
(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a},
(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d},

(CRR)_qSO₂NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, a C₅₋₆ lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, or a C₅₋₆ lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{3g};

R^{3a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{3c}, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

R^{3b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{3e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

R^{3c} is independently selected from -C(O)R^{3b}, -C(O)OR^{3d}, -C(O)NR^{3f}R^{3f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{3d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} ;

R^{3e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{3f}R^{3f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

R^{3f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{3g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{3d}$, $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{3b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}$, $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}$, and a $(CHR)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e} ;

R, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, and $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{3e} ;

R^4 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CR'R')_rNR^{4a}R^{4a}$, $(CR'R')_rOH$, $(CR'R')_rO(CR'R')_rR^{4d}$, $(CR'R')_rSH$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)H$, $(CR'R')_rS(CR'R')_rR^{4d}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)OH$,

(CR'R')_rC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)(CR'R')_rR^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{4d},
 (CR'R')_rOC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{4b},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a},
 5 (CR'R')_rNR^{6a}C(S)NR^{6a}(CR'R')_rR^{6d},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{4a}C(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rC(=NR^{4f})NR^{4a}R^{4a},
 (CR'R')_rNHC(=NR^{4f})NR^{4f}R^{4f}, (CR'R')_rS(O)_p(CR'R')_rR^{4b},
 (CR'R')_rS(O)₂NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{6f}S(O)₂NR^{6a}R^{6a},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}S(O)₂(CR'R')_rR^{4b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈
 10 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl
 substituted with 0-3 R', and (CR'R')_rphenyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{4e};

15 alternatively, two R⁴ on adjacent atoms on R¹ may join to
 form a cyclic acetal;

R^{4a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl substituted with 0-1R^{4g}, C₂₋₆ alkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted
 20 with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e},
 a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with
 0-5 R^{4e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic
 system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N,
 O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e};

25 R^{4b}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted
 with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e},
 a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3
 30 R^{4e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system
 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e};

- R^{4d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} ;
- R^{4e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_r$ - CF_3 , $(CH_2)_r$ - OC_{1-5} alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_r$ - SC_{1-5} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ - $NR^{4f}R^{4f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl;
- R^{4f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{4g} is independently selected from $-C(O)R^{4b}$, $-C(O)OR^{4d}$, $-C(O)NR^{4f}R^{4f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl;
- R^5 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CR'R')_r$ - $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ -OH, $(CR'R')_r$ -O $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5d} , $(CR'R')_r$ -SH, $(CR'R')_r$ -C(O)H, $(CR'R')_r$ -S $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5d} , $(CR'R')_r$ -C(O)OH, $(CR'R')_r$ -C(O) $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5b} , $(CR'R')_r$ -C(O) $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ - NR^{5f} -C(O) $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5b} , $(CR'R')_r$ -C(O)O $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5d} , $(CR'R')_r$ -OC(O) $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5b} , $(CR'R')_r$ - NR^{5f} -C(O)O $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5d} , $(CR'R')_r$ -OC(O) $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ - NR^{5a} -C(O) $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ -C(=NR^{5f}) $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ -NHC(=NR^{5f}) $NR^{5f}R^{5f}$, $(CR'R')_r$ -S(O)_p $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5b} , $(CR'R')_r$ -S(O)₂ $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ - NR^{5a} -S(O)₂ $NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_r$ - NR^{5f} -S(O)₂ $(CR'R')_r$ - R^{5b} , C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R' , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R' , and $(CR'R')_r$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} ;

alternatively, two R⁵ on adjacent atoms on R² may join to form a cyclic acetal;

5 R^{5a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{5g}, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 10 0-5 R^{5e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e};

R^{5b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from 15 C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms 20 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e};

R^{5d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, methyl, CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl 25 substituted with 0-3 R^{5e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{5e};

30 R^{5e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{5f}R^{5f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

35

- R^{5f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{5g} is independently selected from $-C(O)R^{5b}$, $-C(O)OR^{5d}$,
5 $-C(O)NR^{5f}R^{5f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- R' , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{5e} ;
- 10 R^6 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{6d}$, $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$, $(CRR)SO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$,
15 $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;
- 20 alternatively, R^6 and R^7 join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} , a 5-6 membered ring lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} , or a 5-6 membered ring lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} ;
- 25 R^{6a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
30 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;

R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted
with 0-3 R^{6e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue
5 substituted with 0-2 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;

R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
10 methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ,
 C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
15 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;

R^{6e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
20 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$
alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6f}R^{6f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

R^{6f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

25 R^{6g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{6d}$,
 $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{6a}R^{6a}$,
 $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$,
 $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}$, and a $(CHR)_r$ - C_{3-10}
30 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} ;

- R^7 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{7d}$, $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{7d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{7a}OR^{7d}$,
 5 $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{7d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
 10
 R^{7a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 15 $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
 20 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered
 25 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
 R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered
 30

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e};

5 R^{7e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

10 R^{7f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R⁸ is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
alkynyl, (CRR)_rOH, (CRR)_rSH, (CRR)_rOR^{8d},
15 (CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{8d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{8b}, (CRR)_rNR^{8a}R^{8a},
(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d},
(CRR)_rSO₂NR^{8a}R^{8a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{8d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e}, and a
(CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
20 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

alternatively, R⁸ and R⁹ join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
substituted with 0-2 R^{8g}, a 5-6 membered ring lactam
25 substituted with 0-2 R^{8g}, or a 5-6 membered ring
lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{8g};

R^{8a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₈
30 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
R^{8e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system

containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

R^{8b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 5 C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{8e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 10 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

R^{8d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl
 15 substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{8e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e};

20 R^{8e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{8f}R^{8f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

25 R^{8f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R^{8g} is selected from (CHR)_qOH, (CHR)_qSH, (CHR)_qOR^{8d},
 30 (CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{8d}, (CHR)_rC(O)R^{8b}, (CHR)_qNR^{8a}R^{8a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d},

$(\text{CHR})_q\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{8a}\text{R}^{8a}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{8d}$, and a $(\text{CHR})_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} ;

R^9 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{OH}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{SH}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{OR}^{9d}$,
 5 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{R}^{9d}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{9b}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{NR}^{9a}\text{R}^{9a}$,
 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{9a}\text{R}^{9a}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{9a}\text{OR}^{9d}$,
 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{9a}\text{R}^{9a}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{9d}$, a $(\text{CRR})_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$
 10 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e} , and a
 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

R^{9a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 15 methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{3-8}
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{9e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system
 20 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

R^{9b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
 25 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted
 with 0-3 R^{9e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 0-2 R^{9e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-6}$ membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

30 R^{9d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl, $-\text{CF}_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ,

C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_{r-5-6} membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 5 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
 10 (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{9f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

15

R¹⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, (CRR)_rOH, (CRR)_rSH, (CRR)_rOR^{10d},
 (CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{10d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{10b}, (CRR)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a},
 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d},
 20 (CRR)_rSO₂NR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e}, and a (CRR)_{r-5-10} membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

25

alternatively, R¹⁰ and R¹¹ join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{10g}, a 5-6 membered ring lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{10g}, or a 5-6 membered ring lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{10g};

30

R^{10a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl

- substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
R^{10e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};
- R^{10b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted
with 0-3 R^{10e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-2 R^{10e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};
- R^{10d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3
R^{10e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₆
alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, a C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, and a
(CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};
- R^{10e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;
- R^{10f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R^{10g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{10d}$,
 $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{10d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{10a}R^{10a}$,
 $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d}$,
 $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}$, and a $(CHR)_r-C_{3-10}$
 5 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} ;

R^{11} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
 alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{11d}$,
 $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{11d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{11a}R^{11a}$,
 10 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{11a}OR^{11d}$,
 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{11d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 15 substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

R^{11a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-8}
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
 20 substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system
 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

25 R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted
 with 0-3 R^{11e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue
 30 substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

- R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- 10 R^{11e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- 15 R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- 20 R^{12} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{12d}$, $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{12d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{12b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{12a}R^{12a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}R^{12a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}OR^{12d}$, $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{12a}R^{12a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{12d}$, a $(CRR)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{12e} , and a
- 25 $(CRR)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} ;
- 30 R^{12a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5

R^{12e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

5 R^{12b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{12e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
10 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3
15 R^{12e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
20 substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
25 (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{12f}R^{12f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{12f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

30

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are independently selected from H, and C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{14b},

alternatively, R^{14} and R^{14a} can join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

5 R^{14b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from -OH, -SH, $-NR^{14c}R^{14c}$, $-C(O)NR^{14c}R^{14c}$, $-NHC(O)R^{14c}$ and phenyl;

10 R^{14c} is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{15} is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

15 R^{16} is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a} , and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a} ;

R^{16a} is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, -OH, -SH, $-NR^{16c}R^{16c}$, $-C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}$, and $-NHC(O)R^{16c}$;

20 R^{16c} is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{17} is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl, and C_{3-4} cycloalkyl;

n is selected from 1 and 2;

25 l is selected from 0 and 1;

m is selected from 0 and 1;

30 p , at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, or 2;

q , at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, or 4;
and

35 r , at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4.

[3] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are H;

R¹⁵ is H; and

5

n is 1.

[4] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

10

R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-1

R^{16a}, wherein the alkyl is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, and s-butyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3

15

R^{16a} wherein the cycloalkyl is selected from cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl;

R^{16a} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, -OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c}, -C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c}; and

20

R¹⁷ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, and i-propyl.

25 [5] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

R⁹ and R¹¹ are H; and

30 R⁸ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl and naphthyl.

35

[6] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

R^3 is selected from $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{3d}$,
 $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}$, $(CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}$,
5 $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} wherein the heterocyclic
10 system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl,
imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl,
15 isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
pyrrazolyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl,
tetrahydrothiophenyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-
triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;
20

R^6 is selected from H, $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{6d}$,
 $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CRR)_qNR^{6a}R^{6a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$,
 $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{6-10}$
25 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-6 R^{6e} wherein the heterocyclic
system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
30 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl,
imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl,
isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
35 pyrrazolyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl,
tetrahydrothiophenyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,6-

triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;

R⁷ is H;

5

R¹² is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and propyl;

alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, a C₅₋₆ lactam substituted
10 with 0-2 R^{3g}, or a C₅₋₆ lactone substituted with 0-2
R^{3g}.

[7] In another embodiment, the present invention
provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

15

R¹ is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁴ and a
5-10 membered heteroaryl system substituted with 0-3
R⁴, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from
benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl,
20 benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl,
benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl,
benzimidazalonyl, cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl,
indazolyl, indolyl, isoquinolinyl isothiazolyl,
isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl,
25 pyridazinyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl,
quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and
tetrazolyl;

R² is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁵ and a
30 5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4
heteroatoms substituted with 0-3 R⁵, wherein the
heteroaryl system is selected from benzimidazolyl,
benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl,
35 benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl,
cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, indazolyl, indolyl,

isoquinolinyl isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl,
 pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridinyl,
 pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl,
 thiazolyl, thienyl, and tetrazolyl.

5

[8] In another embodiment, the present invention
 provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

X is $\text{CHR}^{16}\text{R}^{17}$;

10

R^4 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8}
 alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl,
 Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{OH}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{OR}^{4\text{d}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{SH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{SR}^{4\text{d}}$,
 15 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{4\text{b}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{NR}^{4\text{f}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{4\text{b}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{4\text{d}}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}^{4\text{b}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{NR}^{4\text{f}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{4\text{d}}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{S}(\text{O})_{\text{p}}\text{R}^{4\text{b}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$,
 20 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{NR}^{4\text{f}}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^{4\text{b}}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}\text{NR}^{4\text{f}}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{4\text{a}}\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$, C_{1-6}
 haloalkyl, and $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_{\text{r}}$ phenyl substituted with 0-3
 $\text{R}^{4\text{e}}$;

alternatively, two R^4 on adjacent atoms join to form
 25 $-\text{O}-(\text{CH}_2)-\text{O}-$;

$\text{R}^{4\text{a}}$, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-
 butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and
 30 a $(\text{CH}_2)_{\text{r}}\text{C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue selected from
 cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

$\text{R}^{4\text{b}}$, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl,
 propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl,
 35 pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, a $(\text{CH}_2)_{\text{r}}\text{C}_{3-6}$
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 $\text{R}^{4\text{e}}$, wherein

the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e} , wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;

15

R^{4d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, CF_3 , ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

20

R^{4e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4f}R^{4f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

25

R^{4f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, and cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, and phenyl;

30

R^5 , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, $(CR'R')_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_rOH$, $(CR'R')_rOR^{5d}$, $(CR'R')_rSH$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)H$, $(CR'R')_rSR^{5d}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)OH$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)R^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)R^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)OR^{5d}$,

35

$(CR'R')_rOC(O)R^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)OR^{5d}$,
 $(CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5a}C(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}$,
 $(CR'R')_rNR^{7a}C(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{7a}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{7d}$,
 $(CR'R')_rS(O)_pR^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rS(O)_2NR^{5a}R^{5a}$,
5 $(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}S(O)_2R^{5b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, and
 $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} ;

alternatively, two R^5 on adjacent atoms join to form
 $-O-(CH_2)-O-$;

10 R^{5a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-
butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and
a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with
15 0-1 R^{5e} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected
from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
cyclohexyl, phenyl and naphthyl;

20 R^{5b} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl,
propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl,
pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$
carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl,
cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and phenyl; and
25 a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, wherein
the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl,
thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, azetidiny,
benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl,
benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,
30 quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl,
indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl,
morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolyl, 2,5-
dihydropyrrolyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-
triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
35 oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;

R^{5d}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, CF₃, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

R^{5e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl; and

R^{5f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, and cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, and phenyl.

[9] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

R⁵ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, CF₃, CF₂CF₃, CF₂H, OCF₃, Cl, Br, I, F, SCF₃, NR^{5a}R^{5a}, NHC(O)OR^{5a}, NHC(O)R^{5b}, and NHC(O)NHR^{5a}; and

R¹² is selected from H and methyl.

[10] In another embodiment, the present invention provides compounds of formula (I), wherein

Z is -C(O)-;

X is -CHR¹⁶NR¹⁷-;

R¹ is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁴, and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system substituted with 0-2 R⁴, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from indolyl, and pyridyl;

R² is phenyl substituted with 0-2 R⁵;

R³ is selected from (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d}, (CH₂)_rC(O)OH,
(CH₂)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}, (CH₂)C(O)R^{3b},
5 (CH₂)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, and (CH₂)-phenyl;

alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form cyclopropyl,
cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl;

10 R^{3a} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, allyl, CH₂CF₃,
C(CH₃)CH₂CH₂OH, cyclopropyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl,
cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, and
benzyl;

15 R^{3b} is selected from pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolid-3-enyl, and
morpholinyl;

20 R^{3d} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl and benzyl;

R is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, neopentyl, phenyl
and benzyl;

25 R⁴ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, ethylene, OCH₃, OCF₃, SCH₃, SO₂CH₃, Cl, F, Br,
CN;

30 alternatively, two R⁴ join to form -O-(CH₂)-O-;

R⁶ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, C(O)OCH₃, C(O)NHCH₂CH₃;

35 R⁷, R⁹, and R¹¹ are H;

R⁸ is H;

R¹⁰ is selected from H and methyl;

5 R¹⁶ is selected from H and methyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H and methyl;

m is 0 or 1;

10

l is 0 or 1

r is 0 or 1; and

15 q is 1.

[11] In another embodiment, the present invention provides compounds of formula (I), wherein

20 R³ is H; and

R⁶, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆

alkynyl, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{6d},

(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}, (CRR)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a},

25 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}, (CRR)SO₂NR^{6a}R^{6a},

(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue

substituted with 0-5 R^{6e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms

selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}.

30

[12] In another embodiment, the present invention provides compounds of formula (I), wherein

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are H;

35

R¹⁵ is H;

n is 1;

5 R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{16a}, wherein the alkyl is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, and s-butyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a} wherein the cycloalkyl is selected from cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl;

10 R^{16a} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, -OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c}, -C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c};

R¹⁷ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, and i-propyl;

15 R⁹ and R¹¹ are H; and

20 R⁸ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl and naphthyl.

25 [13] In another embodiment, the present invention provides compounds of formula (I), wherein

X is CHR¹⁶R¹⁷;

30 R⁵ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, CF₃, CF₂CF₃, CF₂H, OCF₃, Cl, Br, I, F, SCF₃, NR^{5a}R^{5a}, NHC(O)OR^{5a}, NHC(O)R^{5b}, and NHC(O)NHR^{5a}; and

35 R¹² is selected from H and methyl;

Z is -C(O)-;

R¹ is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁴, and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system substituted with 0-2 R⁴, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from indolyl, and pyridyl;

5

R² is phenyl substituted with 0-2 R⁵;

R³ is selected from (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d}, (CH₂)_rC(O)OH, (CH₂)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}, (CH₂)C(O)R^{3b},
10 (CH₂)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, and (CH₂)-phenyl;

alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl;

15 R^{3a} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, allyl, CH₂CF₃, C(CH₃)CH₂CH₂OH, cyclopropyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, and benzyl;

20

R^{3b} is selected from pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolid-3-enyl, and morpholinyl;

R^{3d} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl and benzyl;

25

R is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, neopentyl, phenyl and benzyl;

30

R⁴ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, ethylene, OCH₃, OCF₃, SCH₃, SO₂CH₃, Cl, F, Br, CN;

35 alternatively, two R⁴ join to form -O-(CH₂)-O-;

R⁶ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, C(O)OCH₃, C(O)NHCH₂CH₃;

R⁷, R⁹, and R¹¹ are H;

5

R⁸ is H;

R¹⁰ is selected from H and methyl;

10 R¹⁶ is selected from H and methyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H and methyl;

m is 0 or 1;

15

l is 0 or 1

r is 0 or 1; and

20 q is 1.

[14] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein the compound is selected from:

25

Methyl (2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;

30 Methyl (2R)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;

35 (2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoic acid;

- (2S)-N-Methyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 5 (2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 10 (2R)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 15 (2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 20 (2S)-N-Benzyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- (2S)-N-Isopropyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 30 (2S)-N-Cyclopropyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 35 (2S)-N-Cyclobutyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

- (2*S*)-*N*-Phenyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 5 (2*S*)-*N,N*-Dimethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-Methyl,*N*-methoxy-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 15 Methyl (2*S*)-3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate;
- (2*S*)-3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
20 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
25 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- Methyl (2*S*)-3-[[(1*S/R*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
30 propanoate;
- Methyl (2*S*)-3-[[(1*S/R*)-1-(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
35 propanoate;
- Methyl (2*S*)-3-[(1*H*-indol-3-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate;

(2*S*)-3-[(1*H*-indol-3-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

5 Methyl (2*S*)-3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;

10 Methyl (2*S*)-3-[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;

Methyl (2*S*)-2-[[[2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanoate;

15 Methyl (2*S*)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanoate;

20 (2*S*)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*)-2-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*R*)-2-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-1-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

- tert*-Butyl (3*R*)-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanoate;
- 5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*R*)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-
(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(4-bromo, 2-
methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 25 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(4-
bromo, 2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 35 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-

(phenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-
(phenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(phenyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(phenyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-

(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-

(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1-azetidiny]carbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(methylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)]amino]-5-

15 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(1-piperazinylcarbonyl)]amino]-5-

20 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]amino]-5-

25 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-

30 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-

35 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(4-

morpholinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

- 5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 15 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-(*tert*-butyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 20 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 25 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(methoxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 35 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(methoxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(methyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl] amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(methyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(ethyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl] amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(ethyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-
5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(propyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl] amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(propyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 *N*-[2-[[*(S)*-2-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-
(hydroxycyclopentyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl] amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[*(S)*-2-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
1-(hydroxycyclopentyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-

(trifluoromethoxy)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-(difluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethylthio)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-
(pentafluoroethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethoxy)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-amino-5-
(methyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-ethylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-propylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-isobutylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-cyclohexylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-(tert-butyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-(isopropoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(para-chloro)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-[(beta-naphthyl)methyl]amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(meta-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(para-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(ortho-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-(para-trifluoromethyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-methylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 5 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-ethylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-isobutylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-propylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 25 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-(ethoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30 (2*S*)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(2-methyl-4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35 (2*S*)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

- 5 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-bromo-2-
methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 15 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-methoxypyridin-5-
yl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 25 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,3-dimethyl-4-methoxy-
phenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 30 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-cyano-2-
methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 35 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-methyl-4-vinylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

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(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-ethyl-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

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(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-isopropylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-butylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-methylthiophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 5
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[3-amino-4-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 10
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[indol-3-yl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 25
- (2R)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30
- (2R)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35
- (2R)-N-[(2-methyl)hydroxyprop-2-yl]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- (2S)-N-tert-Amyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2S)-N-[(2-methyl)hydroxyprop-2-yl]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
5 propanamide;

(2S)-N-[(1-methyl)cycloprop-1-yl]-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
10 propanamide;

(2S)-N-Cyclopentyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
15 propanamide;

(2S)-N-Cyclohexyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
20 propanamide;

(2S)-N-(β,β,β -Trifluoro)ethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
25 propanamide;

(2S)-N-Allyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
30 propanamide;

(2S)-N-Cyclopropylmethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
35 propanamide;

N-[2-[[(2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(pyrrolid-3-enyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

- 5 *N*-[2-[[(2*S*)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(pyrrolidinyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- N*-[2-[[(2*S*)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(morpholinyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-Isobutyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 (2*S*)-*N*-sec-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 25 (2*S*,3*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 30 (2*S*,3*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-3-[[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- Methyl (2*R*)-2-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 35 (2*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-2-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

- Methyl (2*S*)-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanoate;
- 5 (2*S*)-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
10 [[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-
2-[[[[3-
15 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[[2-[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
20 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[[2-[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
25 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-
butanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[[2-amino-5-
30 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-
35 [[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-
butanamide;

- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 5 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 15 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-4-[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-5-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-pentanamide;
- 25 *N*-[2-[[(1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 30 *N*-[2-[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 35 *N*-[2-[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]isopropylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]isopropylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

20 *N*-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclohexyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 *N*-[2-[[1-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclohexyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 *N*-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 *N*-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-

dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino
]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
and

10 (2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]
amino]-2-methyl-propanamide.

In another embodiment, the present invention is
directed to a pharmaceutical composition, comprising a
15 pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically
effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

In another embodiment, the present invention is
directed to a method for modulation of chemokine or
20 chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a
patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective
amount of a compound of Formula (I).

In another embodiment, the present invention is
25 directed to a method for modulation of MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-
3 and MCP-4, and MCP-5 activity that is mediated by the
CCR2 receptor comprising administering to a patient in
need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a
compound of Formula (I).

30 In another embodiment, the present invention is
directed to a method for modulation of MCP-1 activity
comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a
therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula
35 (I).

In another embodiment, the present invention is
directed to a method for treating or preventing disorders,

comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I), said disorders being selected from osteoarthritis, aneurism, fever, cardiovascular effects, Crohn's disease, 5 congestive heart failure, autoimmune diseases, HIV-infection, HIV-associated dementia, psoriasis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, transplant arteriosclerosis, physically- or chemically-induced brain trauma, inflammatory bowel disease, alveolitis, colitis, systemic 10 lupus erythematosus, nephrotoxic serum nephritis, glomerularnephritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis, arteriosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

In another embodiment, the present invention is 15 directed to a method for treating or preventing disorders, of Formula (I), wherein said disorders being selected from psoriasis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, transplant arteriosclerosis, physically- or chemically-induced brain trauma, inflammatory bowel disease, 20 alveolitis, colitis, systemic lupus erythematosus, nephrotoxic serum nephritis, glomerularnephritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis, arteriosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

In another embodiment, the present invention is 25 directed to a method for treating or preventing disorders, of Formula (I), wherein said disorders being selected from alveolitis, colitis, systemic lupus erythematosus, nephrotoxic serum nephritis, 30 glomerularnephritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis, arteriosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for treating or preventing

disorders, of Formula (I), wherein said disorders being selected from asthma, multiple sclerosis, arteriosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

5 In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for treating or preventing rheumatoid arthritis, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

10

 In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

15

 In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for treating or preventing arteriosclerosis, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

20

 In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for treating or preventing asthma, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

25

 In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

30

In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a method for modulation of CCR2 activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

In another embodiment, Z is $-C(O)-$.

In another embodiment, X is $-CHR^{16}NR^{17}-$; and

R^{16} is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{16a} , wherein the alkyl is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, and s-butyl, and C_{3-4} cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a} wherein the cycloalkyl is selected from cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl;

R^{16a} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, -OH, -SH, $-NR^{16c}R^{16c}$, $-C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}$, and $-NHC(O)R^{16c}$; and

R^{17} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, and i-propyl.

In another embodiment, R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , and R^{11} are H;

R^{10} is selected from H and methyl;

R^{16} is selected from H and methyl;

R^{17} is selected from H and methyl;

m is 0 or 1; and

l is 0 or 1.

In another embodiment, R^3 is selected from $(CRR)_qOH$,
 $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{3d}$, $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}$,
 $(CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}$,
 $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
5 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} wherein the heterocyclic
system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
10 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl,
imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl,
isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
15 pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl,
tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl,
pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;

alternatively, R^3 and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl
20 substituted with 0-2 R^{3g} , a C_{5-6} lactam substituted
with 0-2 R^{3g} , or a C_{5-6} lactone substituted with 0-2
 R^{3g} .

In another embodiment, R^3 is selected from $(CRR)_qOH$,
25 $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}$,
 $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{3b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{3d}$, and (CH_2) -phenyl.

In another embodiment, R^3 is H and R^6 is selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_qOH$,
30 $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{6d}$, $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}$,
 $(CRR)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$,
 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing

1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}.

In another embodiment, R⁶ is selected from H, (CRR)_qOH,
 5 (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{6d}, (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b},
 (CRR)_qNR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d},
 (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}, a (CRR)_r-C₆₋₁₀
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e}, and a
 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
 10 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-6 R^{6e} wherein the heterocyclic
 system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
 benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
 15 benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl,
 imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl,
 isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
 pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,6-triazolyl,
 tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl,
 20 pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.

In another embodiment, R¹ is selected from phenyl
 substituted with 0-3 R⁴ and a 5-10 membered
 heteroaryl system substituted with 0-3 R⁴, wherein
 25 the heteroaryl is selected from benzimidazolyl,
 benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
 benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl,
 benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl,
 cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, indazolyl,
 30 indolyl, isoquinolinyl isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl,
 oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl,
 pyridyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl,
 quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and
 tetrazolyl.

35

In another embodiment, R¹ is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-2 R⁴, indolyl, and pyridyl.

In another embodiment, R² is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁵ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4 heteroatoms substituted with 0-3 R⁵, wherein the heteroaryl system is selected from benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl, cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, indazolyl, indolyl, isoquinolinyl isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and tetrazolyl.

In another embodiment, R² is phenyl substituted with 0-2 R⁵.

In another embodiment, R⁴, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CR'R')_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CR'R')_rNR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rOH, (CR'R')_rOR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rSH, (CR'R')_rSR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OH, (CR'R')_rC(O)R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rOC(O)R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)OR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4a}C(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rS(O)_pR^{4b}, (CR'R')_rS(O)₂NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}S(O)₂R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}S(O)₂NR^{4a}R^{4a}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and (CR'R')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4e};

alternatively, two R⁴ on adjacent atoms join to form
-O-(CH₂)-O-;

- 5 R^{4a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- 10 R^{4b}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e}, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from
- 15 cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e}, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
- 20 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
- 25 pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;
- R^{4d}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, CF₃,
- 30 ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- 35 R^{4e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F,

Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH,
 (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

5 R^{4f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl,
 ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, and cyclopropyl,
 cyclobutyl, and phenyl.

In another embodiment, R⁴ is selected from methyl, ethyl,
 propyl, i-propyl, butyl, ethylene, OCH₃, OCF₃, SCH₃,
 10 SO₂CH₃, Cl, F, Br, and CN;

alternatively, two R⁴ join to form -O-(CH₂)-O-.

In another embodiment, R⁵, at each occurrence, is
 15 selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
 butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl,
 (CR'R')_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN,
 (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rOH, (CR'R')_rOR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rSH,
 (CR'R')_rC(O)H, (CR'R')_rSR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OH,
 20 (CR'R')_rC(O)R^{5b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)R^{5b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OR^{5d},
 (CR'R')_rOC(O)R^{5b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)OR^{5d},
 (CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}C(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{7a}C(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{7a}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{7d},
 25 (CR'R')_rS(O)_pR^{5b}, (CR'R')_rS(O)₂NR^{5a}R^{5a},
 (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}S(O)₂R^{5b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and
 (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e};

alternatively, two R⁵ on adjacent atoms join to form
 30 -O-(CH₂)-O-;

R^{5a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-
 butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and

a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

5 R^{5b} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

10 R^{5d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, CF_3 , ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

15 R^{5e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{CF}_2)_r\text{CF}_3$, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{SC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$; and

20 R^{5f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, and cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, and phenyl.

25 In another embodiment, R^5 is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, CF_3 , CF_2CF_3 , CF_2H , OCF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, SCF_3 , $\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{5a}$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{R}^{5b}$, and $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^{5a}$.

30 The invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential attributes thereof. This invention also encompasses all combinations of preferred aspects of the invention noted herein. It is understood that any and all embodiments of
35 the present invention may be taken in conjunction with any other embodiment to describe additional even more

preferred embodiments of the present invention.
Furthermore, any elements of an embodiment are meant to be combined with any and all other elements from any of the embodiments to describe additional embodiments.

5

DEFINITIONS

The compounds herein described may have asymmetric centers. Compounds of the present invention containing an asymmetrically substituted atom may be isolated in
10 optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can
15 also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Cis and trans geometric isomers of the compounds of the present invention are described and may be isolated as a mixture of isomers or as separated
20 isomeric forms. All chiral, diastereomeric, racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomeric form is specifically indicated.

The term "substituted," as used herein, means that
25 any one or more hydrogens on the designated atom or ring is replaced with a selection from the indicated group, provided that the designated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substituent is keto (i.e., =O), then 2
30 hydrogens on the atom are replaced.

When any variable (e.g., R^a) occurs more than one time in any constituent or formula for a compound, its definition at each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Thus, for example,
35 if a group is shown to be substituted with 0-2 R^a, then said group may optionally be substituted with up to two R^a groups and R^a at each occurrence is selected independently from the definition of R^a. Also,

combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross a
5 bond connecting two atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom on the ring. When a substituent is listed without indicating the atom via which such substituent is bonded to the rest of the compound of a given formula, then such substituent may be
10 bonded via any atom in such substituent. Combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

As used herein, "C₁₋₈ alkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic
15 hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms, examples of which include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, i-butyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, and hexyl. C₁₋₈ alkyl, is intended to include C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₆, C₇, and C₈ alkyl groups.
20 "Alkenyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either a straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethenyl, propenyl, and the like. "Alkynyl" is intended to include
25 hydrocarbon chains of either a straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated triple carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethynyl, propynyl, and the like. "C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl" is intended to include saturated ring groups
30 having the specified number of carbon atoms in the ring, including mono-, bi-, or poly-cyclic ring systems, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and cycloheptyl in the case of C₇ cycloalkyl. C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, is intended to include C₃, C₄, C₅, and C₆ cycloalkyl
35 groups

"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo, and iodo; and "haloalkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated

aliphatic hydrocarbon groups, for example CF_3 , having the specified number of carbon atoms, substituted with 1 or more halogen (for example $-\text{C}_v\text{F}_w$ where $v = 1$ to 3 and $w = 1$ to $(2v+1)$).

5 As used herein, the term "5-6-membered cyclic ketal" is intended to mean 2,2-disubstituted 1,3-dioxolane or 2,2-disubstituted 1,3-dioxane and their derivatives.

As used herein, "carbocycle" or "carbocyclic residue" is intended to mean any stable 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7-
10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 13-membered bicyclic or tricyclic, any of which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic. Examples of such carbocycles include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,
15 cycloheptyl, adamantyl, cyclooctyl,;
[3.3.0]bicyclooctane, [4.3.0]bicyclononane,
[4.4.0]bicyclodecane (decalin), [2.2.2]bicyclooctane, fluorenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, adamantyl, or tetrahydronaphthyl (tetralin).

20 As used herein, the term "heterocycle" or "heterocyclic system" is intended to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring which is saturated, partially unsaturated or unsaturated (aromatic), and
25 which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, NH, O and S and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above-defined heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. The nitrogen and
30 sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized. The heterocyclic ring may be attached to its pendant group at any heteroatom or carbon atom which results in a stable structure. The heterocyclic rings described herein may be substituted on carbon or on a nitrogen atom if the
35 resulting compound is stable. If specifically noted, a nitrogen in the heterocycle may optionally be quaternized. It is preferred that when the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle exceeds 1, then these

heteroatoms are not adjacent to one another. As used herein, the term "aromatic heterocyclic system" or "heteroaryl" is intended to mean a stable 5- to 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7- to 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic aromatic ring which consists of carbon atoms and from 1 to 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, O and S and is aromatic in nature.

Examples of heterocycles include, but are not limited to, 1H-indazole, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, 4-piperidinyl, 4aH-carbazole, 4H-quinoliziny, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl, carbazolyl, 4aH-carbazolyl, β -carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furazanyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolyl, 1H-indazolyl, indolenyl, indolinyl, indoliziny, indolyl, isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl (benzimidazolyl), isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl, octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxazolidinylperimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenarsazinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl, phthalazinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pteridinyl, piperidinyl, 4-piperidinyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-quinoliziny, quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, carbolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,

1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl,
thienothiazolyl, thienooxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl,
thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, and
5 xanthenyl. In another aspect of the invention, the
heterocycles include, but are not limited to, pyridinyl,
thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, azetidiny,
benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl,
benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl,
10 isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl,
isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morphlinyl,
piperidinyl, pyrrolyl, 2,5-dihydropyrrolyl, pyrrazolyl,
1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl,
thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and
15 pyrimidinyl. Also included are fused ring and spiro
compounds containing, for example, the above
heterocycles.

Examples of heteroaryls are 1H-indazole, 2H,6H-
1,5,2-dithiazinyl, 4aH-carbazole, 4H-quinoliziny, 6H-
20 1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl,
benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl,
benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl,
benzimidazalonyl, carbazolyl, 4aH-carbazolyl,
25 β -carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl,
decahydroquinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl,
dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furazanyl,
imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolyl, 1H-indazolyl,
indolenyl, indolinyl, indoliziny, indolyl,
30 isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl,
isoindolinyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl (benzimidazolyl),
isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl,
octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl,
1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl,
35 oxazolidinyl., oxazolyl, oxazolidinylperimidinyl,
phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenarsazinyl,
phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl,
phthalazinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pteridinyl,
piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl,

pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl,
pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole,
pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl,
pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl,
5 quinolinyl, 4H-quinoliziny, quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl,
carbolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl,
tetrahydroquinolinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3-
thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,
1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl,
10 thienothiazolyl, thienooxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl,
thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, and
xanthenyl. In another aspect of the invention, examples
of heteroaryls are benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl,
15 benzothiofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl,
benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,
benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl, cinnolinyl, furanyl,
imidazolyl, indazolyl, indolyl, isoquinolinyl
isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl,
20 pyridazinyl, pyridyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl,
quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and
tetrazolyl.

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is employed
herein to refer to those compounds, materials,
25 compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the
scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in
contact with the tissues of human beings and animals
without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic
response, or other problem or complication, commensurate
30 with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable salts"
refer to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein
the parent compound is modified by making acid or base
salts thereof. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable
35 salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic
acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or
organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic

acids; and the like. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the parent compound formed, for example, from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids.

5 For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic,
10 lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pantoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

15 The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the parent compound which contains a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, such salts can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these
20 compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, nonaqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are
25 found in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Since prodrugs are known to enhance numerous desirable qualities of pharmaceuticals (e.g., solubility,
30 bioavailability, manufacturing, etc...) the compounds of the present invention may be delivered in prodrug form. Thus, the present invention is intended to cover prodrugs of the presently claimed compounds, methods of delivering the same and compositions containing the same.

35 "Prodrugs" are intended to include any covalently bonded carriers which release an active parent drug of the present invention *in vivo* when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs of the present invention are prepared by modifying functional

groups present in the compound in such a way that the modifications are cleaved, either in routine manipulation or *in vivo*, to the parent compound. Prodrugs include compounds of the present invention wherein a hydroxy, amino, or sulfhydryl group is bonded to any group that, when the prodrug of the present invention is administered to a mammalian subject, it cleaves to form a free hydroxyl, free amino, or free sulfhydryl group, respectively. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of the present invention.

"Stable compound" and "stable structure" are meant to indicate a compound that is sufficiently robust to survive isolation to a useful degree of purity from a reaction mixture, and formulation into an efficacious therapeutic agent. The present invention is intended to embody stable compounds.

"Therapeutically effective amount" is intended to include an amount of a compound of the present invention alone or in combination with other active ingredients effective to inhibit MCP-1 or effective to treat or prevent inflammatory disorders.

SYNTHESIS

The compounds of the present invention can be prepared in a number of ways well known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. The compounds of the present invention can be synthesized using the methods described below, together with synthetic methods known in the art of synthetic organic chemistry, or variations thereon as appreciated by those skilled in the art. Preferred methods include, but are not limited to, those described below. All references cited herein are hereby incorporated in their entirety herein by reference.

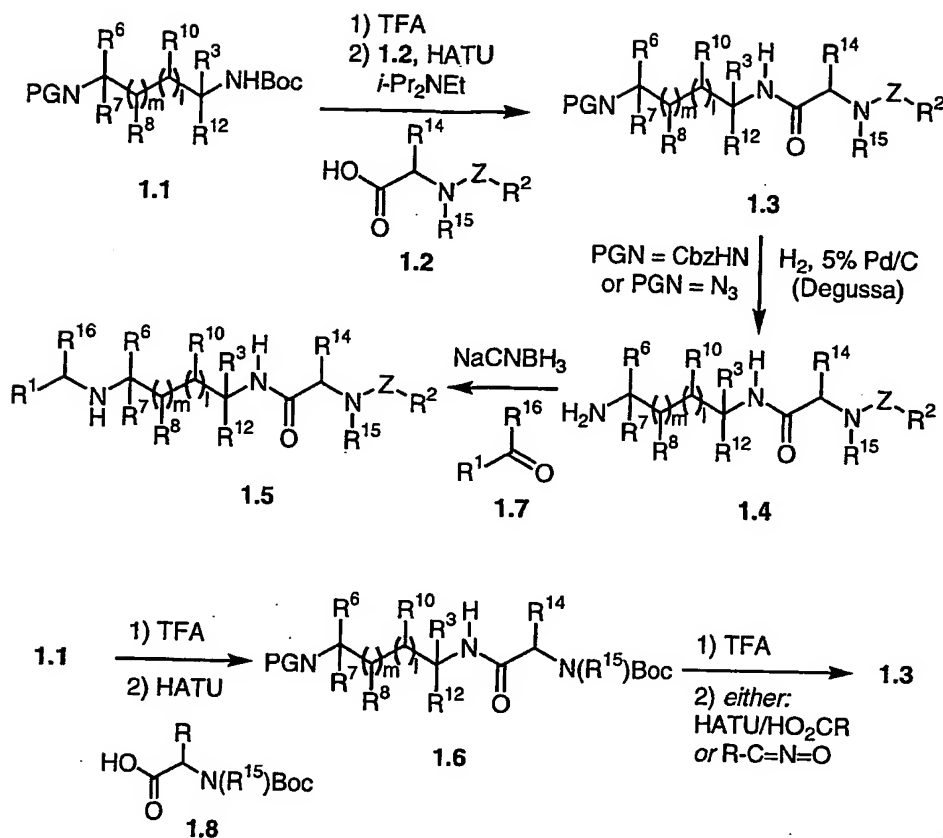
The novel compounds of this invention may be prepared using the reactions and techniques described in this section. The reactions are performed in solvents appropriate to the reagents and materials employed and are suitable for the transformations being effected. Also, in the description of the synthetic methods described below, it is to be understood that all proposed reaction conditions, including choice of solvent, reaction atmosphere, reaction temperature, duration of the experiment and work up procedures, are chosen to be the conditions standard for that reaction, which should be readily recognized by one skilled in the art. It is understood by one skilled in the art of organic synthesis that the functionality present on various portions of the molecule must be compatible with the reagents and reactions proposed. Such restrictions to the substituents which are compatible with the reaction conditions will be readily apparent to one skilled in the art and alternate methods must then be used. This will sometimes require a judgment to modify the order of the synthetic steps or to select one particular process scheme over another in order to obtain a desired compound of the invention. It will also be recognized that another major consideration in the planning of any synthetic route in this field is the judicious choice of the protecting group used for protection of the reactive functional groups present in the compounds described in this invention. An authoritative account describing the many alternatives to the trained practitioner is Greene and Wuts (*Protective Groups In Organic Synthesis*, Wiley and Sons, 1999).

Compounds of formula 1.5 are available as shown in Scheme 1. A differentially protected diamine 1.1 is singly deprotected and coupled with a carboxylic acid 1.2 to provide the amide 1.3. For substrates with acid

sensitive groups at R³ (i.e. tert-butyl esters or ethers), a selective removal of the N-Boc group is still readily achieved (Frank S. Gibson, et al, *J. Org. Chem.* **1994**, 59, 3216). If the central spacer is an α -amino acid, than a more optimal protocol involves stepwise coupling as shown (1.1→1.6→1.3). The other terminus of the diamine subunit of 1.3 is revealed by hydrogenation, and the nascent amine is readily conjugated with aldehydes 1.7 (R¹⁶ = H) and ketones 1.7 under reductive conditions (MeOH, NaCNBH₃ or THF, AcOH, NaHB(OAc)₃) to provide the desired secondary amine 1.5. The chemistry shown in Scheme 1 is quite general, and a wide array of amino acids 1.8, amino acid conjugates 1.2, aldehydes 1.7 (R¹⁶ = H), and ketones 1.7 are commercially available.

Thus, the primary challenge in producing compounds of formula 1.5 lies in the synthesis of the differentially protected diamines 1.1. Accordingly, the syntheses of a number of important representative embodiments of 1.1 are illustrated in Schemes 2 - 15.

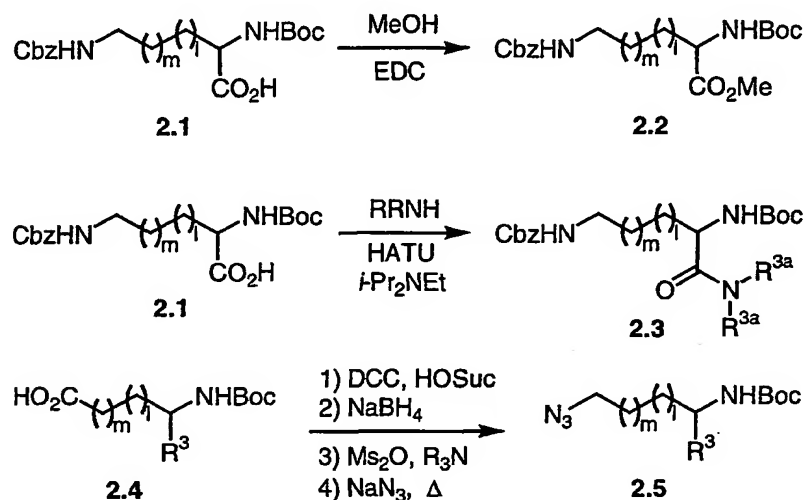
Scheme 1



5 Singly substituted variants of 1.1 ($\text{R}^3 \neq \text{H}$) are readily available as shown in Scheme 2. Compounds of formula 2.1 -- namely L- or D- N_α -Boc, N_ω -Cbz-
 10 diaminopropionic acid, diaminobutyric acid, and ornithine -- are commercially available and are readily converted into esters 2.2 and amides 2.3 using a number of standard synthetic methods (two of which are illustrated). It is possible to synthesize a wide variety of other singly
 15 substituted variants of 1.1 ($\text{R}^3 \neq \text{H}$ or $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{X}$) from L- or D- α , β , or γ -amino acids 2.4. The α -amino acids are available from commercial sources, and the β - and γ -amino acids are readily prepared from the α -amino acids (Tobias Hintermann, et al., *Helv. Chim. Acta.* 1998, 81, 983).
 Selective reduction of the carboxylic acid of 2.5 to the

alcohol in the presence of other sensitive functionality (e.g. esters) is accomplished by initial conversion of the acid to the succinimide ester, followed by low temperature reduction (NaBH_4 , EtOH, 0 °C, 5 min). Simple transformation of the alcohol to the azide via the mesylate provides 2.5.

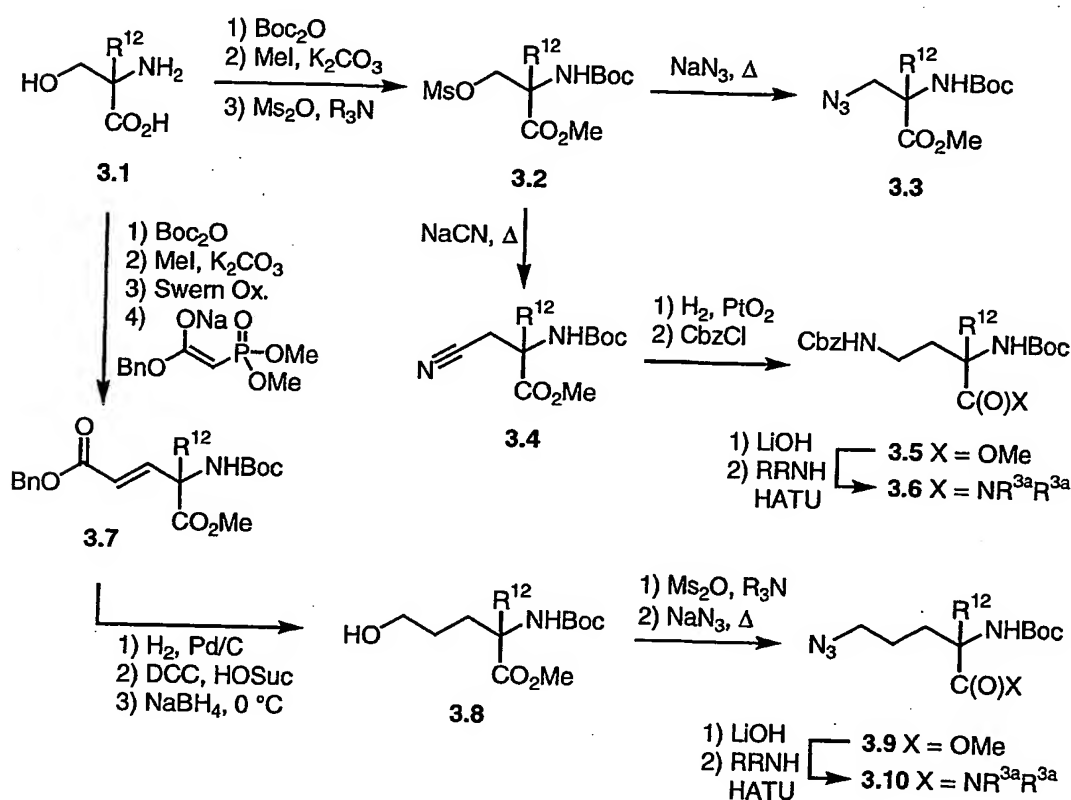
Scheme 2



Doubly substituted variants of 1.1 (R^3 , $\text{R}^{12} \neq \text{H}$) are available as shown in Schemes 3 and 4. The methodology for the synthesis of L- and D- α -alkylserines 3.1 has been described in the literature (Dieter Seebach and Johannes Aebi, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1984**, 25, 2545). Sequential functionalization of the amine, acid, and alcohol functionalities affords mesylate 3.2. This mesylate can be reacted with either sodium azide to give the masked α , β -diamine 3.3 or with sodium cyanide to give nitrile 3.4. Hydrogenation of 3.4 and protection of the resultant amine affords protected α , γ -diamine 3.5, which is easily converted into the amide 3.6 if desired. Alternatively, 3.1 can be doubly homologated using standard chemistry to give 3.8 via the intermediacy of the unsaturated ester

3.7. Note that this sequence (3.1→3.7→3.8) capitalizes on the presence of the R^{12} group to modulate the reactivity of the ester towards bases and reducing agents. Displacement of the mesylate of 3.8 with sodium azide affords the selectively protected α , δ -diamine 3.9, which can be subsequently transformed to the amide 3.10 if desired.

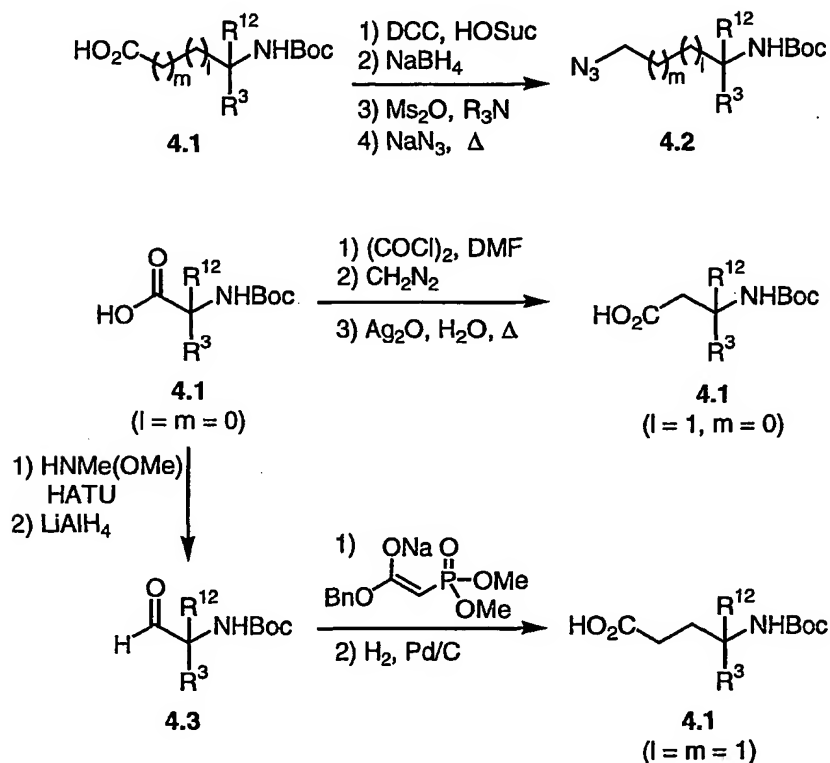
Scheme 3



It is possible to synthesize a wide variety of other doubly substituted variants of 1.1 (R^3 , $R^{12} \neq \text{H}$; $R^3 \neq \text{C}(\text{O})\text{X}$) from L- or D- α -alkyl- α -, β -, or γ -amino acids 4.1 (Scheme 4) using the same methodology that was described above for the sequence shown in Scheme 2 (2.4→2.5). The enantioselective synthesis of α -alkyl- α -amino acids 4.1 (1 = m = 0) has been described by a number of authors

(cf. André Charette and Christophe Mellon, *Tetrahedron* **1998**, *54*, 10525 for leading references). These compounds can be readily transformed into the β - and γ -homologues of 4.1 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$ and $l = m = 1$, respectively) using the same chemistry that has been described for α -unsubstituted- α -amino acids (Tobias Hintermann, et al., *Helv. Chim. Acta.* **1998**, *81*, 983) as shown in the lower portion of Scheme 4.

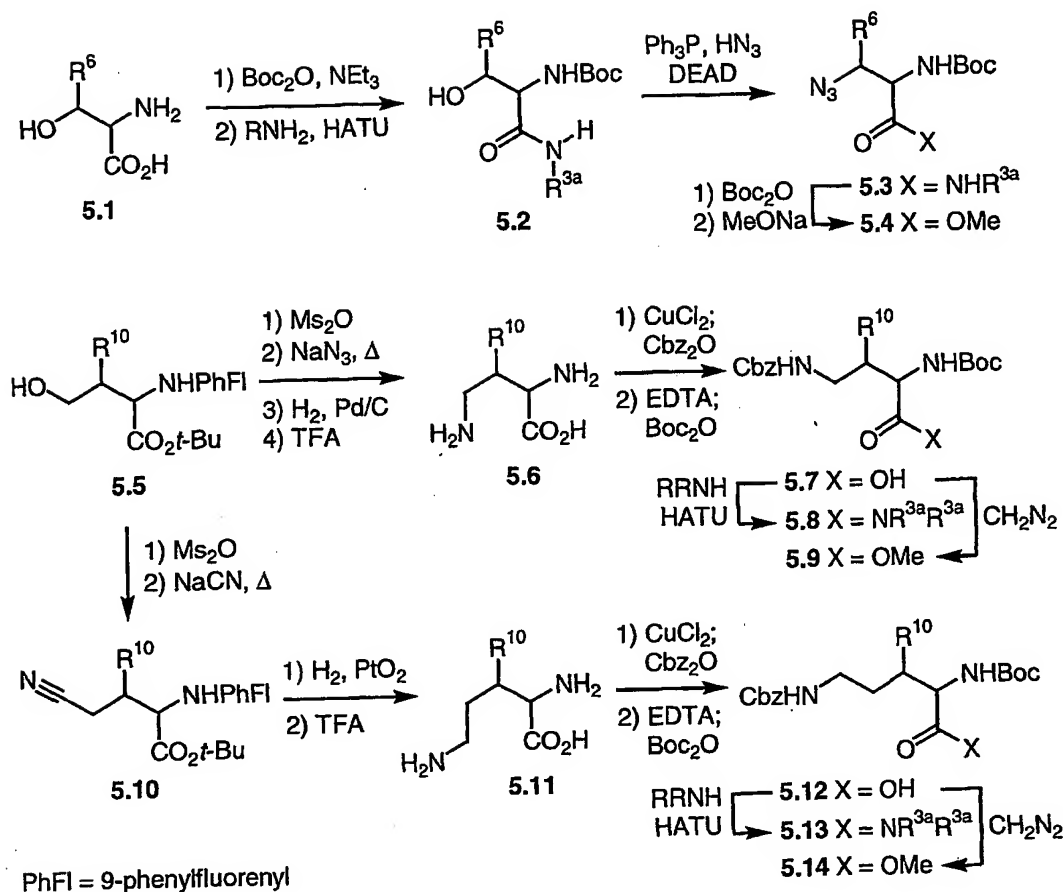
Scheme 4



Doubly substituted variants of 1.1 ($R^3 \neq H$, R^6 or $R^{10} \neq H$) are available as shown in Schemes 5 and 6. A variety of *syn* β -hydroxy- α -amino acids 5.1 are available in homochiral form from either commercial sources ($R^6 = \text{Me}$) or by synthesis (cf. Adam J. Morgan, et al., *Org. Lett.* **1999**, *1*, 1949 for leading references). Protection of the amine group as its *tert*-butyl carbamate is

followed by standard amide formation to afford 5.2. Installation of the second protected amine functionality may be accomplished using either Mitsunobu chemistry (illustrated) or a more conventional approach (Ms_2O ; then 5 NaN_3) to afford the *anti* β -azido- α -amino amide 5.3. If the *syn* isomer of the β -azido- α -amino amide 5.3 is desired, than the stereochemistry of the β -hydroxyl group of 5.2 can be inverted (*p*- $\text{NO}_2\text{PhCO}_2\text{H}$, Ph_3P , DEAD; then LiOH) before installation of the azide. Either isomer of 10 the amide 5.3 can be readily converted to the ester via methanolysis of the imide derivative (D. L. Flynn, et al., *J. Org. Chem.* **1983**, 48, 2424). The γ - and δ -homologues of 5.4 are synthesized from a different starting material, namely the β -alkyl- γ -hydroxy- α -amino 15 ester 5.5, which is available via the alkylation of suitably protected aspartic acid derivatives (Jean-Pierre Wolf and Henry Rapoport, *J. Org. Chem.* **1989**, 54, 3164). The mesylate derivative of 5.5 is displaced with sodium azide or with sodium cyanide; both of these products may 20 then be hydrogenated and then treated with acid to give the α , γ - and α , δ -diamino acids 5.6 and 5.11. Selective protection of the terminal amine of either 5.6 or 5.11 is accomplished after initial treatment with Cu(II) (Andre Rosowsky and Joel E. Wright, *J. Org. Chem.* **1983**, 48, 25 1539). Subsequent protection of the α -amine, decomplexation of the copper with EDTA, and amidation or esterification of the carboxylic acid provides access to any of the final products 5.8, 5.9, 5.13, or 5.14.

Scheme 5

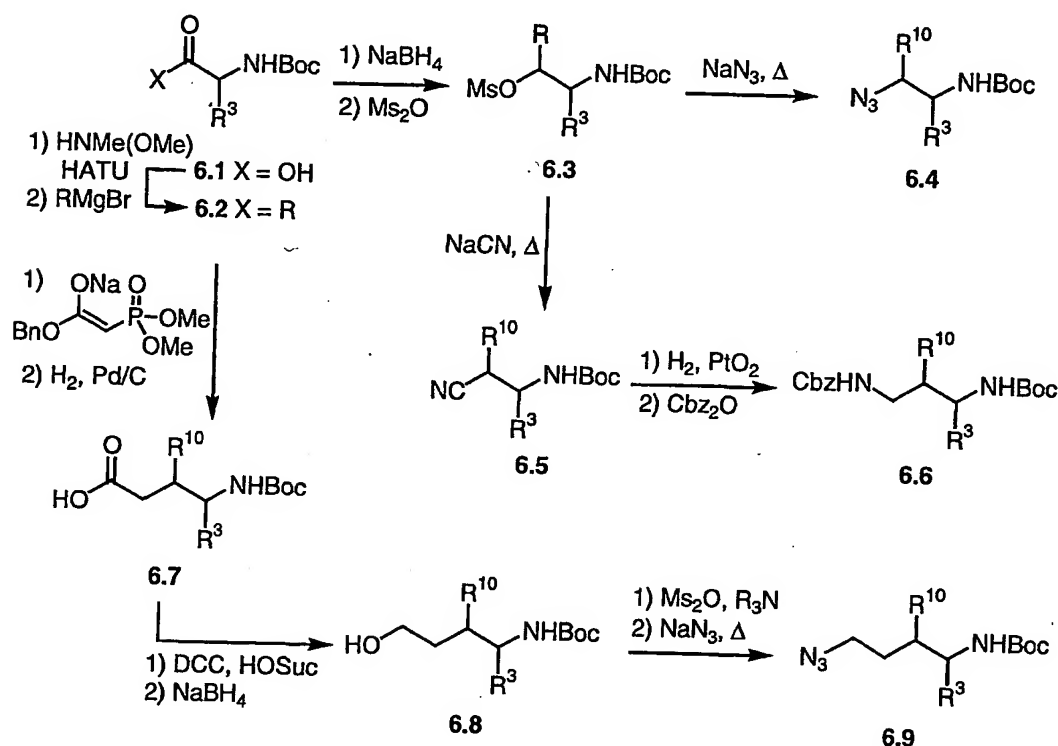


It is possible to synthesize a wide variety of other doubly substituted variants of 1.1 (R^6 or $\text{R}^{10} \neq \text{H}$; $\text{R}^3 \neq \text{H}$ or $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{X}$) from α -amino acids as shown in Scheme 6.

- 5 Formation of the α -amino ketone 6.2 from the α -amino acid 6.1 is easily accomplished via Grignard addition to the α -amino Weinreb amide. The ketone 6.2 is reduced to the alcohol and reacted with mesyl anhydride to give the secondary mesylate 6.3. This mesylate is reacted with
- 10 either sodium azide to afford the masked α , β -diamine 6.4, or with sodium cyanide to give nitrile 6.5. The nitrile is readily reduced and protected to provide the protected α , γ -diamine 6.6. Alternatively, the ketone 6.2 may be homologated under standard Horner-Wadsworth-

Emmons conditions to give the unsaturated ester, which may then be reduced to the saturated acid **6.7**. This acid is readily converted to the protected α , δ -diamine **6.9** using the same methodology that was described above for the sequence shown in Scheme 2 (**2.4**→**2.5**).

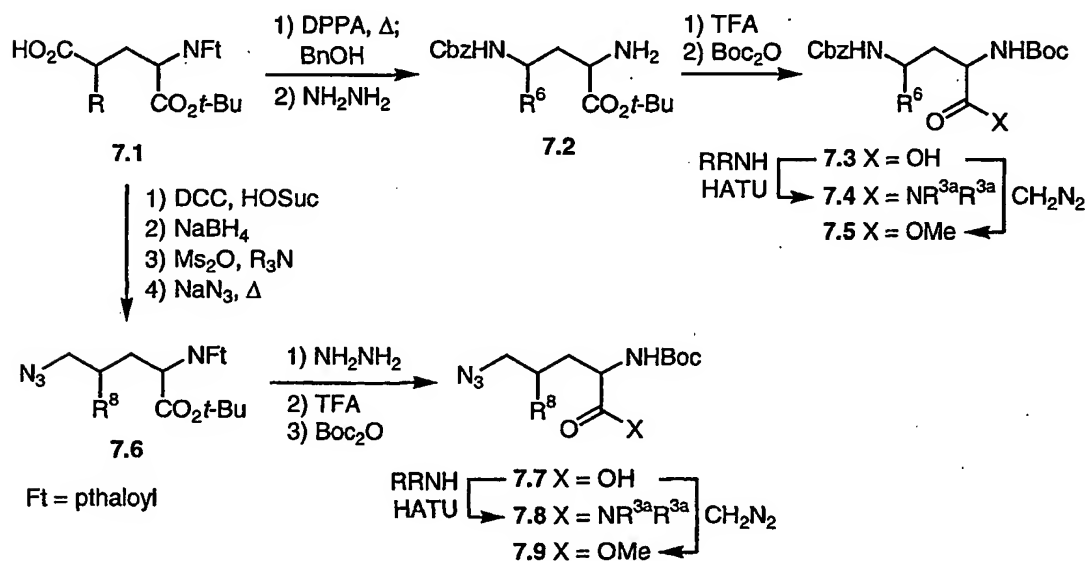
Scheme 6



Doubly substituted variants of **1.1** (R^6 or $R^8 \neq H$; $R^3 \neq H$) are available as shown in Schemes 7 and 8. Any diastereomer of the carboxylic acid **7.1** is available from the alkylation of a suitably protected glutamic acid derivative (Zong-Qiang Tian, et al, *J. Org. Chem.* **1997**, *62*, 514). The acid of **7.1** is converted into a carbamate-protected amine using a Curtius rearrangement; subsequent deprotection of the phthalimide protecting group gives the monoprotected α , γ -diamine **7.2**. Acid-mediated cleavage of the *tert*-butyl ester can be followed by *N*-Boc

protection to give the acid 7.3, which may be readily transformed into either the amide 7.4 or the methyl ester 7.5. Alternatively, the key intermediate 7.1 can be converted into the azide 7.6 using the same methodology that was described above for the sequence shown in Scheme 2 (2.4→2.5). Appropriate protecting group manipulation would then afford the masked α , δ -diamino acid 7.7, which can be converted into the amide 7.8 or the ester 7.9 using standard chemistry.

Scheme 7



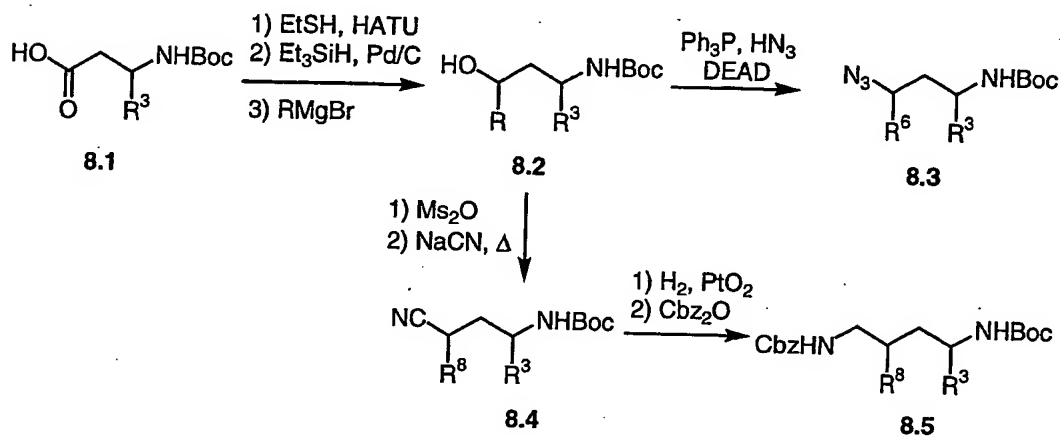
10

It is possible to synthesize a wide variety of other doubly substituted variants of 1.1 (R^6 or $\text{R}^8 \neq \text{H}$; $\text{R}^3 \neq \text{H}$ or $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{X}$) from β -amino acids as shown in Scheme 8. Conversion of the readily available (cf. David A. Evans, et al., *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, 64, 6411 for leading references) carboxylic acid 8.1 to the aldehyde may be accomplished under mild conditions (T. Fukuyama, et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1990**, 112, 7050) such that any ester functionality in R is not affected. Reaction of the resultant aldehyde with a single equivalent of Grignard

20

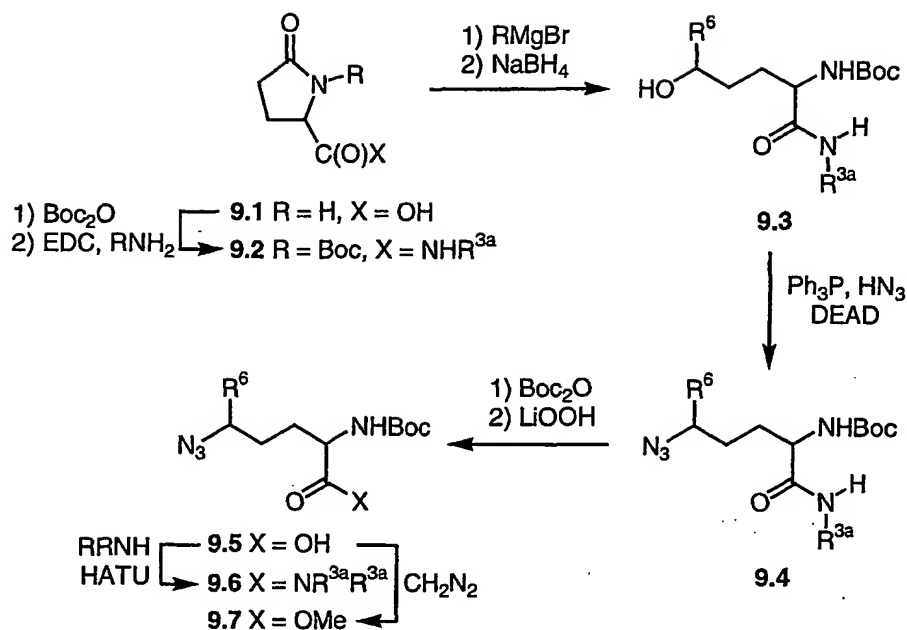
reagent at low temperature affords the secondary alcohol
 8.2. The key alcohol 8.2 can be converted into the γ -
 azido amine 8.3 or the nitrile 8.4; the latter is readily
 transformed into the protected α , δ -diamine 8.5 via
 5 hydrogenation and N-protection.

Scheme 8



Doubly substituted variants of 1.1 (R^3 , $R^6 \neq H$) are available as shown in Schemes 9 and 10. Pyrroglutamic acid 9.1, which is commercially available in either
 10 antipode, may be N-protected and C-amidated to give 9.2. Reaction of 9.2 with a Grignard reagent gives the ketone (Tomihisa Ohta, et al., *Chem. Lett.* **1987**, 2091), which may be reduced to give the alcohol 9.3. Conversion of the alcohol to the azide provides the masked α , δ -diamine
 15 9.4. If desired, the amide of 9.4 may be saponified to give 9.5 via the imide (David A. Evans, et al., *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1997**, 38, 4535); the nascent acid is easily transformed into the ester 9.7 or another amide 9.6 using standard chemistry.

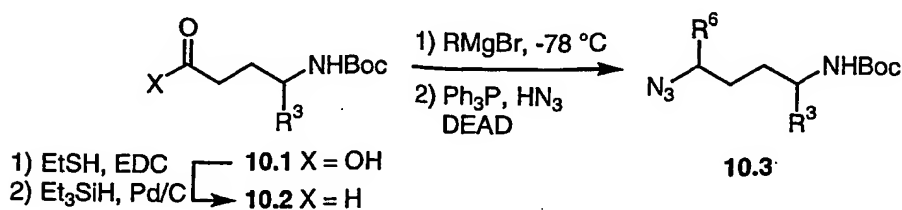
Scheme 9



It is possible to synthesize a wide variety of other doubly substituted variants of **1.1** ($\text{R}^6 \neq \text{H}$; $\text{R}^3 \neq \text{H}$ or $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{X}$) from γ -amino acids as shown in Scheme 10.

- 5 Conversion of the readily available (Tobias Hintermann, et al., *Helv. Chim. Acta.* **1998**, *81*, 983) carboxylic acid **10.1** to the aldehyde may be accomplished under mild conditions. Reaction of the aldehyde with a single equivalent of Grignard reagent at low temperature would
- 10 then afford the secondary alcohol, which can be readily transformed into the masked α, δ -diamine **10.3** using Mitsunobu chemistry.

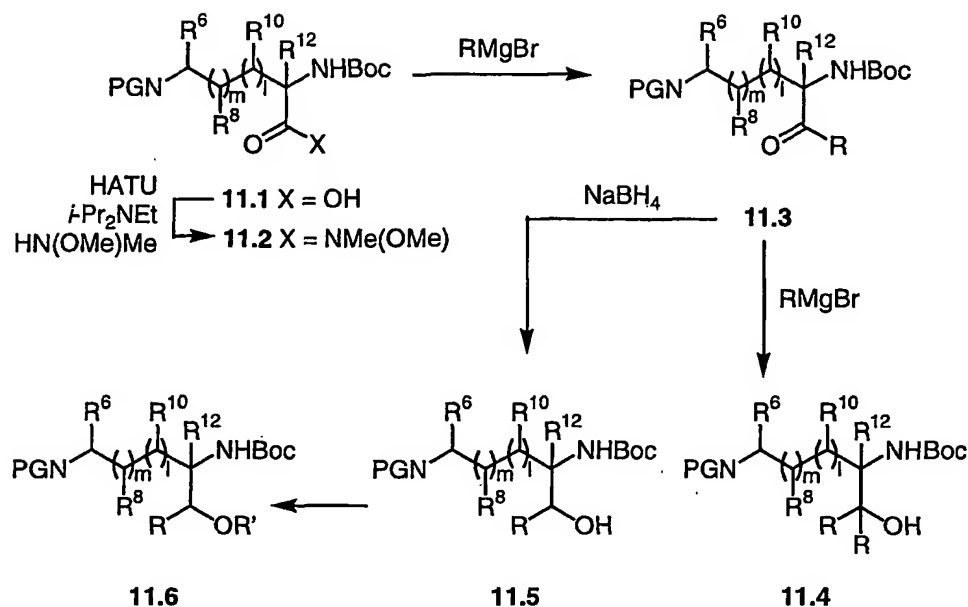
Scheme 10



Schemes 2 - 10 have illustrated how to prepare a number of doubly substituted variants of 1.1 ($R^3 \neq H$; $R^3 = C(O)X$ or $R^3 \neq C(O)X$) in a regio- and stereoselective fashion. Given this instruction, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis how to prepare the analogous triply substituted variants of 1.1 using the appropriate combination of the chemistry presented in Schemes 2 - 10.

Singly, doubly, and triply substituted variants of 1.1 ($R^3 = C(O)X$) can be converted into other variants of 1.1 that contain a hydroxyl functionality as shown in Scheme 11. Carboxylic acids of formula 11.1 are available as shown in Schemes 2 - 10; if the synthesis of only the methyl ester has been illustrated, then the methyl ester may be converted into the acid 11.1 via saponification ($LiOH$, $THF/MeOH/H_2O$). Conversion of the acid into the Weinreb amide and reaction with a Grignard reagent provides ketone 11.3. This ketone may either be reacted with another Grignard reagent ($R = R$ or $R \neq R$) to afford the tertiary alcohol 11.4 or reduced with sodium borohydride (or other reducing agent) to provide the secondary alcohol 11.5. If desired, the alcohol could be further transformed to provide 11.6.

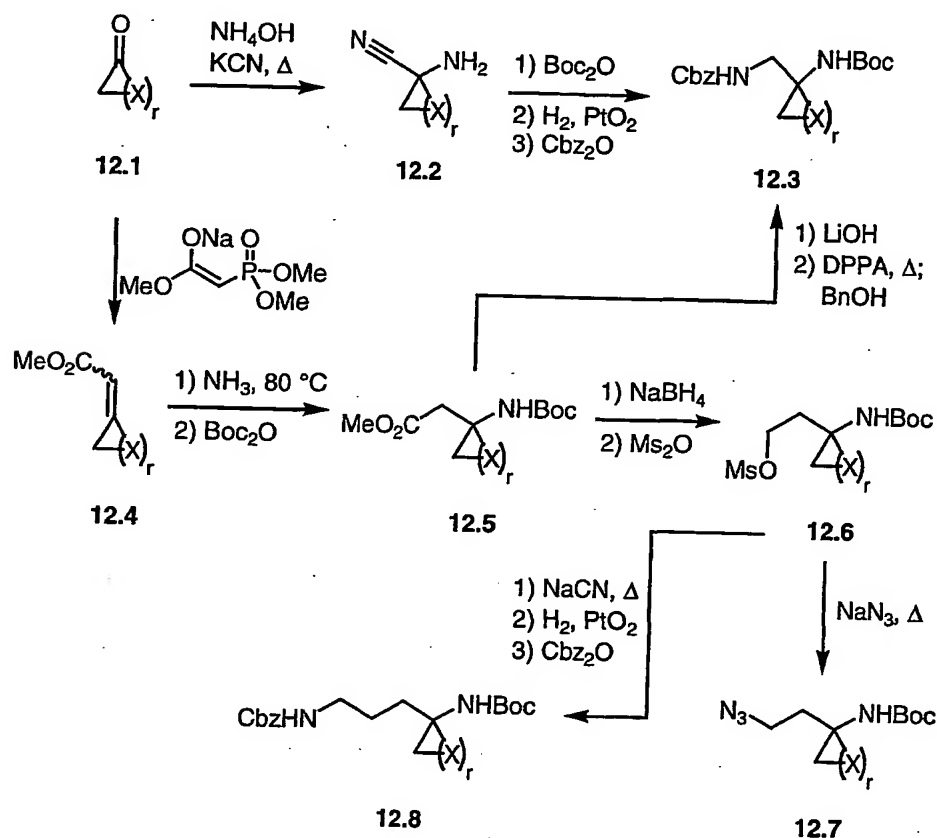
Scheme 11



Variants of protected diamine 1.1 that contain a
 spirocyclic group (R³ and R¹² conjugated in a ring) are
 available as shown in Schemes 12 - 15. Cyclic ketone
 12.1 is converted into the α -amino nitrile 12.2 using
 classical Strecker chemistry (T. A. Keating and R. W.
 Armstrong, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1996**, *118*, 2574). Under
 certain circumstances, this amine may be incorporated
 directly into the chemistry shown in Scheme 1 (cf.
 Example 39); alternatively, the amine can be protected,
 the nitrile hydrogenated, and the nascent amine protected
 to give the doubly protected α , β -diamine 12.3. The
 ketone 12.1 may also be homologated using a Hornor-
 Wadsworth-Emmons reaction to provide enoate 12.4, which
 is readily reacted with ammonia and then protected to
 afford the key β -amino ester 12.5. This intermediate can
 be converted into the protected α , β -diamine via ester
 saponification and Curtius rearrangement. Alternatively,
 the ester of 12.5 may be reduced, and the resultant
 primary alcohol derivatized as the mesylate to afford

12.6. The mesylate 12.6 may be reacted with sodium azide (DMSO, heat) to give the masked α , γ -diamine 12.7. Alternatively, the mesylate 12.6 may be reacted with sodium cyanide to give the nitrile, which may then be hydrogenated and reacted with dibenzyl carbonate to give the protected α , δ -diamine 12.8.

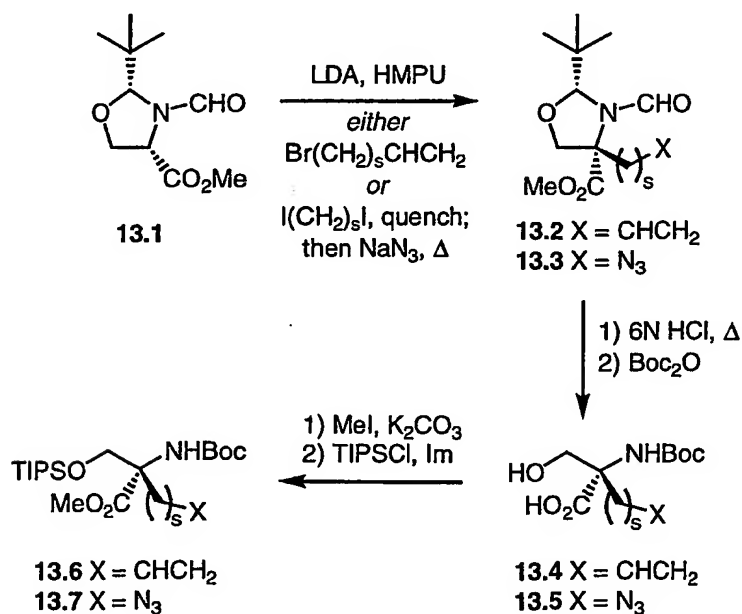
Scheme 12



The preparation of the two key intermediates for the synthesis of the target compounds 14.5, 14.7, 15.3, and 15.5 (all variants of 1.1) is shown in Scheme 13. Trapping of the enolate derived from 13.1 with an alkyl bromide containing a pendant olefin affords compound 13.2 (Dieter Seebach and Johannes Aebi, *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1984, 25, 2545). Hydrolysis of 13.2 with refluxing 6N HCl, followed by *N*-protection with *tert*-butyl dicarbonate

affords the β -hydroxy acid **13.4**. This latter compound is readily functionalized to provide the fully protected synthon **13.6**, which may be utilized in the chemistry described in Scheme 14. Alternatively, the enolate of **13.1** can be reacted with a diiodoalkane; the resultant primary iodide is readily displaced with sodium azide to give **13.3** (for highly analogous chemistry, cf. Amos B. Smith, III, et al., *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1997**, 38, 3809). The primary azide **13.3** may be transformed into the fully protected synthon **13.7** using the chemistry described above; this compound is ready for incorporation into Scheme 15. If desired, the enantiomer of **13.1** may be synthesized from D-serine and utilized in Scheme 13 to afford the enantiomers of **13.6** and **13.7**.

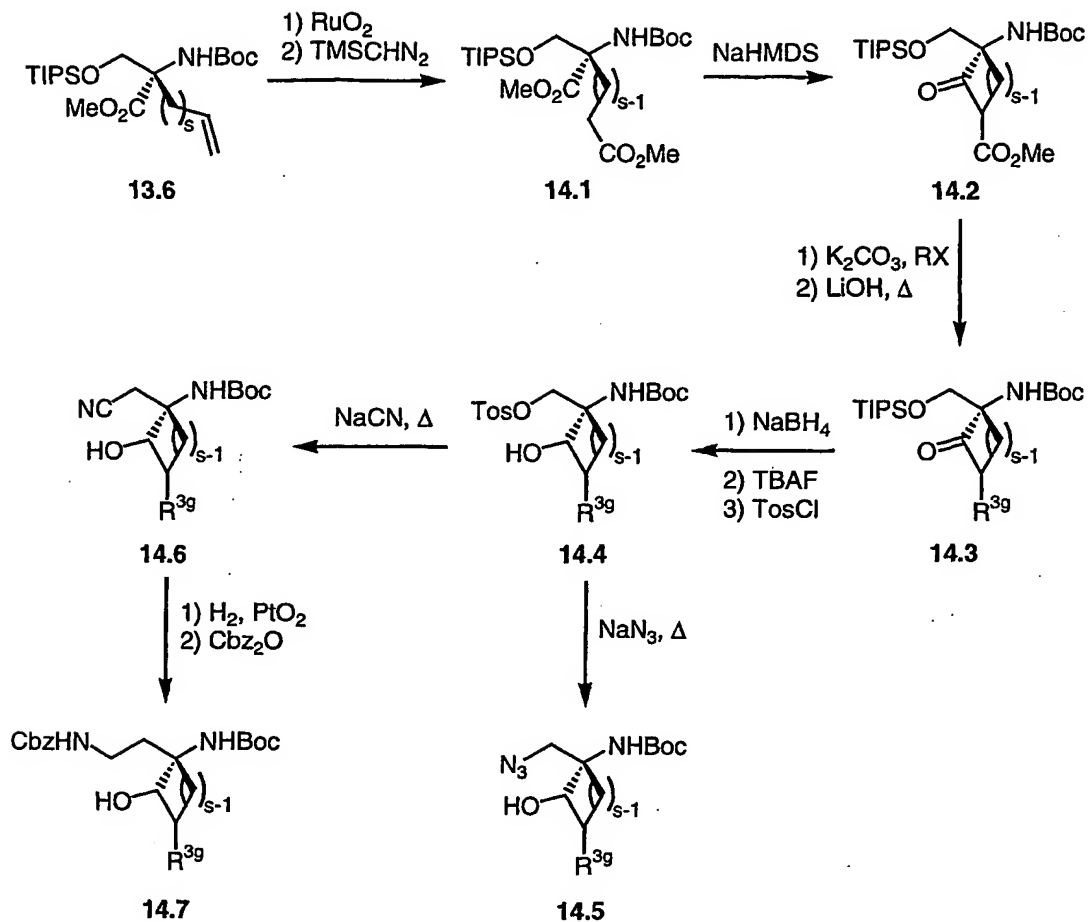
Scheme 13



Varients of protected diamine **1.1** that contain an oxygenated spirocyclic group (R^3 and R^{12} conjugated in a ring) are available as shown in Scheme 14. Oxidation of the terminal olefin of **13.6** to the corresponding methyl

ester 14.1 may be achieved using known chemistry (David A. Evans and Eric B. Sjogren, *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1986, 27, 4961). Dieckman cyclization of the diester 14.1 under basic conditions provides the β -ketoester 14.2. If
5 desired, the β -ketoester may be alkylated under mild conditions (carbonate, alkyl iodide); the resultant product and its precursor may both be transformed into ketones 14.3 ($R^{3g} \neq H$ and $R^{3g} = H$, respectively) by saponification and decarboxylation. Compounds of formula
10 14.3 are readily reduced and deprotected to give the diol; the primary alcohol can be derivatized selectively in the presence of the secondary alcohol through the use of tosyl chloride under carefully controlled conditions (pyridine, 0 °C). The resultant lynchpin tosylate 14.4
15 may be reacted with sodium azide to afford the masked α , β -diamine 14.5. Alternatively, the tosylate of 14.4 may be displaced with sodium cyanide; reduction of the resultant nitrile and protection of the nascent amine affords the protectd α , γ -diamine 14.7.

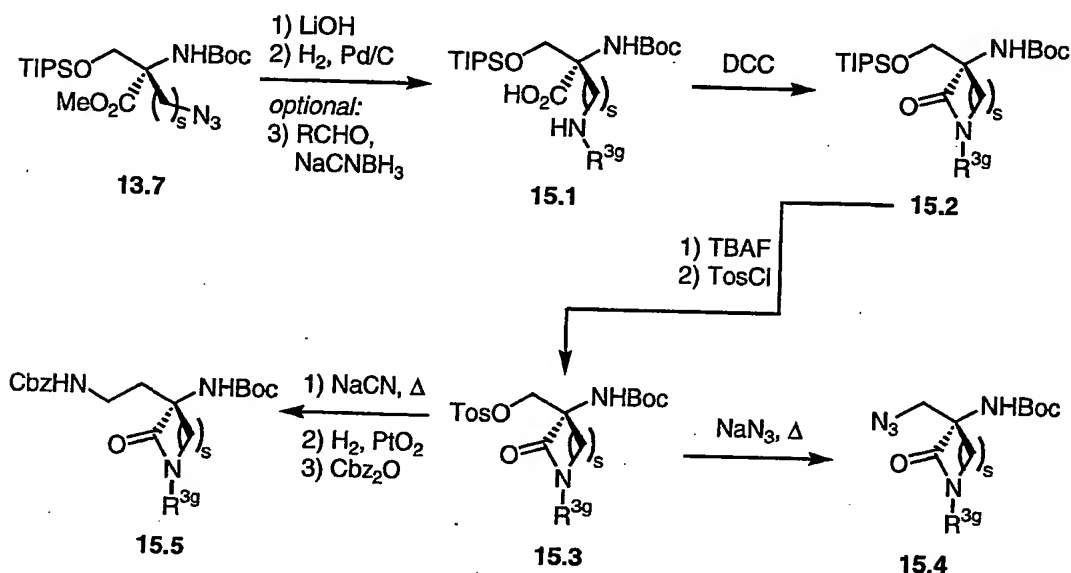
Scheme 14



Variants of protected diamine 1.1 that contain a
 spirocyclic lactam (R^3 and R^{12} conjugated into a lactam)
 are available as shown in Scheme 15. Saponification of
 the methyl ester of 13.7, followed by hydrogenolysis of
 the azide provides the amino acid 15.1 ($\text{R}^{3g} = \text{H}$). If
 desired, this amine may be monoalkylated under reductive
 amination conditions to give the *N*-alkylated amino acid
 15.1 ($\text{R}^{3g} \neq \text{H}$). Cyclization of the amino acid using DCC
 affords lactam 15.2, which is readily deprotected and
 tosylated to afford the key intermediate 15.4. The
 tosylate 15.3 may be reacted with sodium azide to afford
 the masked α , β -diamine 15.4. Alternatively, the
 tosylate of 15.4 may be displaced with sodium cyanide;

reduction of the resultant nitrile and protection of the nascent amine affords the protected α , γ -diamine **15.5**. One skilled in the art will readily appreciate that the lactone analogs of compounds **15.4** and **15.5** can be synthesized by using similar chemistry, allowing for a change in the electrophile in Scheme 13.

Scheme 15

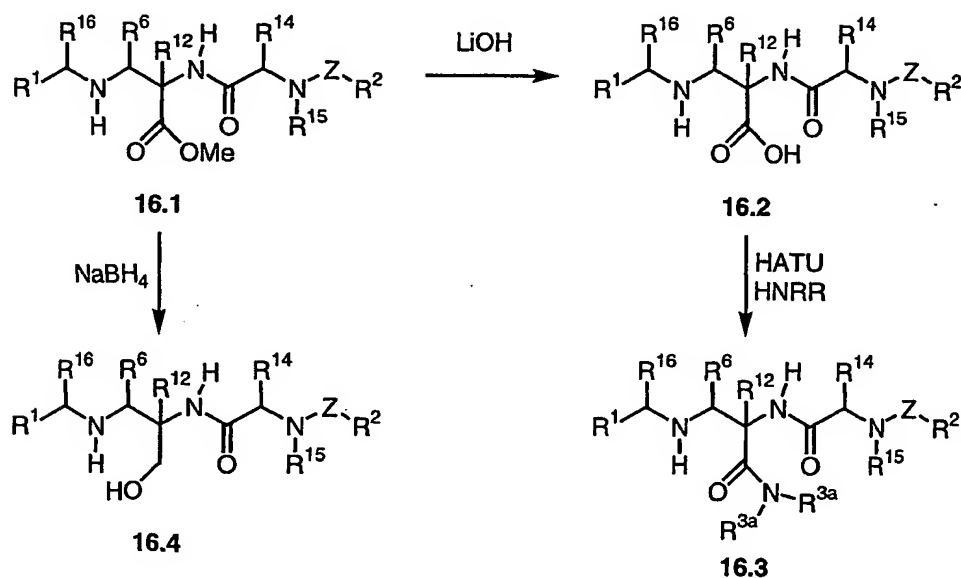


As will be apparent to one skilled in the art, the instruction given above (Schemes 2 - 15) on the synthesis of embodiments of 1.1 usually provides for the synthesis of enantiomerically pure material, but not necessarily diastereomerically pure material. When required, separation of racemic material can be achieved by HPLC using a chiral column or by a resolution using a resolving agent such as camphonic chloride (Steven D. Young, et al, *Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy* 1995, 2602). Likewise, separation of diastereomers of target compounds can be achieved by HPLC using either an achiral or chiral column. If desired, alcohol diastereomers may be readily interconverted using

Mitsunobu conditions ($p\text{-NO}_2\text{PhCO}_2\text{H}$, Ph_3P , DEAD). If a particular alcohol diastereomer is preferred, the precursor ketone can be reduced using a chiral reducing agent (e.g. E. J. Corey and Christopher J. Helal, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1998**, 37, 1986) in order to favor the production of one diastereomer over the other.

A number of the variants of the target compounds of formula **1.5** may be elaborated into other desirable compounds as shown in Schemes 16 - 19. In the specific instance of compounds of formula **16.1**, the ester may either be reduced or hydrolyzed to give the alcohol **16.4** or the acid **16.2**, respectively. The carboxylic acid **16.2** may be coupled with amines without significant epimerization using HATU to afford the amide **16.3**.

Scheme 16

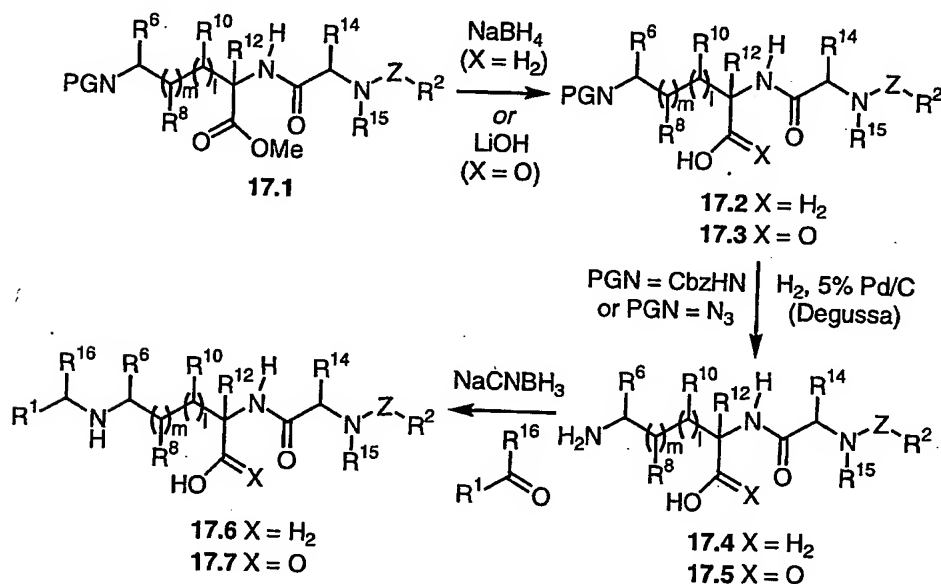


The chemistry described in Scheme 16 is not readily applied to the mainchain homologs of **16.1**. The mainchain homologs of amide **16.3** are most easily prepared from the amidated diamine variants of **1.1** (cf. Schemes 2, 3, 5, 7, and 9). For the mainchain homologs of alcohol **16.4**, the

alternative strategy shown in Scheme 17 must be utilized. Compounds of formula **17.1**, which still have one nitrogen of the core diamine in protected form, may be reduced with sodium borohydride to give alcohol **17.2**.

5 Hydrogenation of 17.2 affords the free amine 17.4, which
is alkylated readily under reductive conditions to give
17.6. If desired, the mainchain homologs of carboxylic
acid 16.2 may be prepared using analogous chemistry,
except that the ester of 17.1 is saponified to give the
10 corresponding carboxylic acid 17.3 before being
hydrogenated and alkylated to give 17.7.

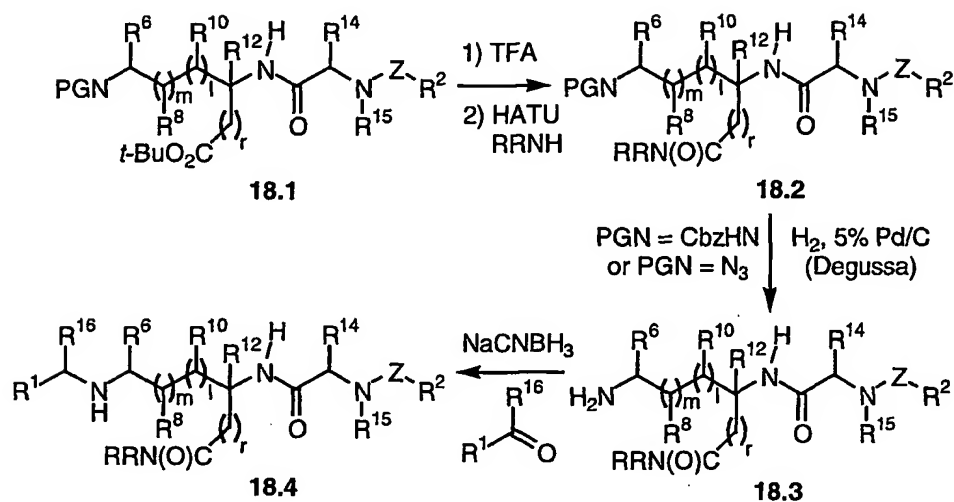
Scheme 17



The chemistry described in Scheme 16 is not readily applied to the sidechain homologs of **16.1**, and so the alternative strategy shown in Scheme 18 must be utilized. Compounds of formula **18.1**, which still have one nitrogen of the core diamine in protected form, may be deprotected with TFA and amidated under standard conditions to provide compounds of formula **18.2**. These are then

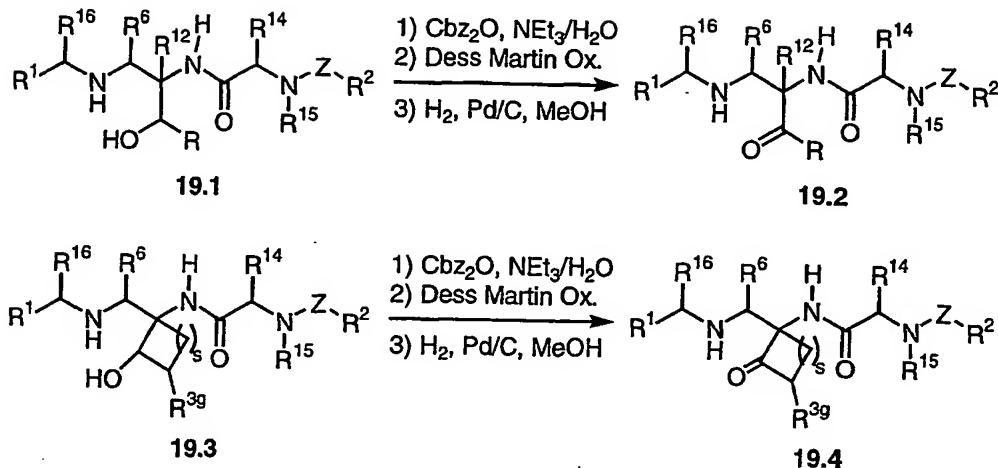
hydrogenated and alkylated to afford the desired compounds of formula **18.4**.

Scheme 18



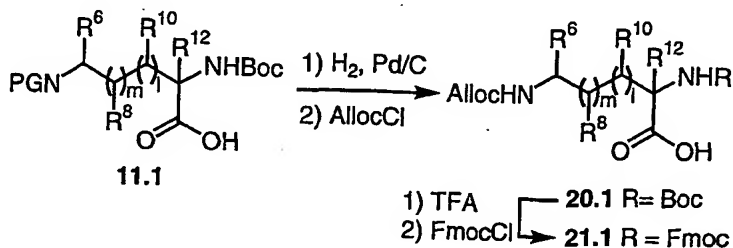
If desired, the compounds of formulas **19.1** and **19.3**,
 5 both specific embodiments of formula **1.5**, may be further
 transformed as shown in Scheme 19. Selective *N*-
 protection of the secondary nitrogen of either **19.1** or
19.3 under biphasic conditions is followed by Dess-Martin
 oxidation of the alcohol and deprotection of the benzyl
 10 carbamate to provide the amino ketones **19.1** and **19.4**.

Scheme 19



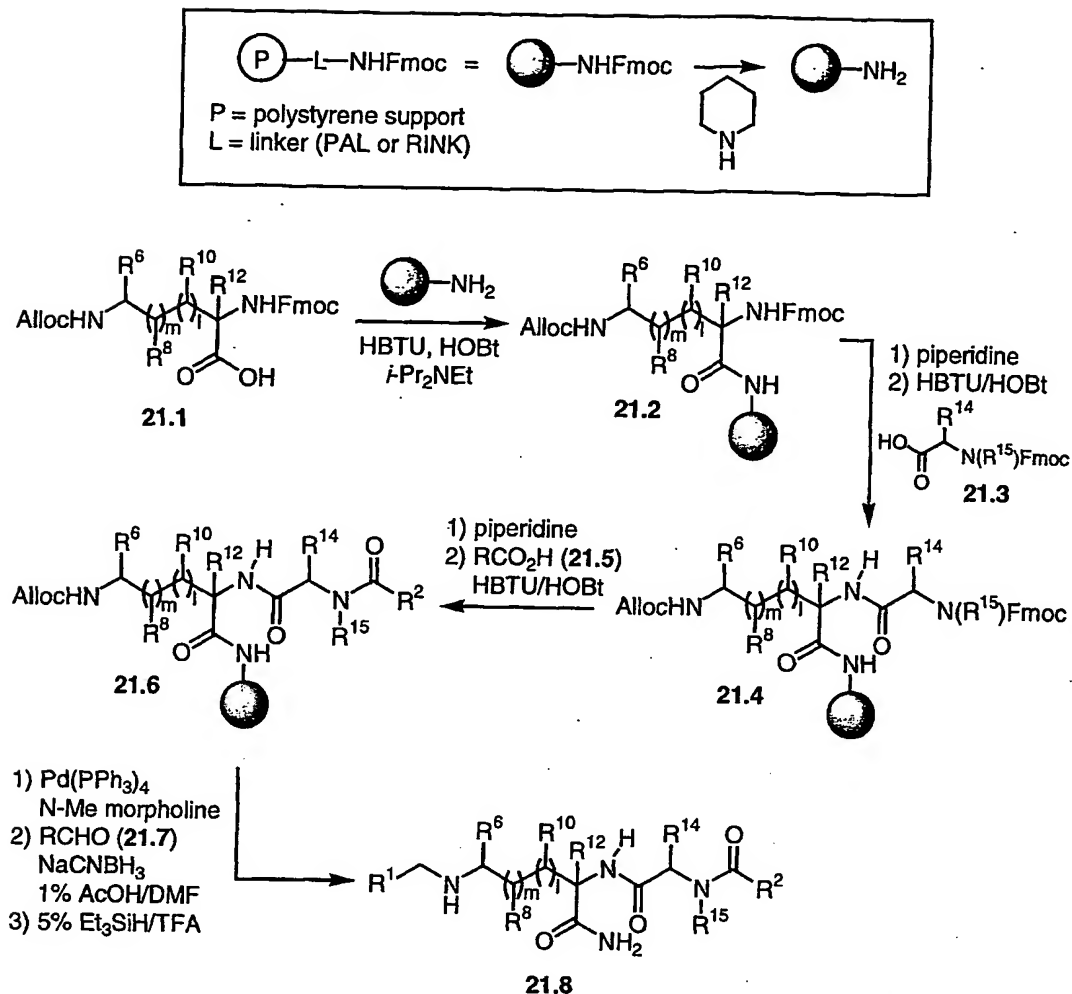
Because the primary amide is a preferred R³ substituent for compounds of formula 1.5, it is also possible to synthesize compounds of formula 20.8 using solid-phase chemistry. The protecting group strategy for the diamino acids 20.1 is different than that utilized in Scheme 1. The requisite N α -Fmoc, N ω -Alloc diamino acids are available from either commercial sources (e.g. N α -Fmoc, N ω -Alloc diaminopropionic acid, diaminobutyric acid, and ornithine) or by synthesis from the intermediates described in Schemes 3, 5, 7, and 9. The straightforward four-step conversion of these intermediates 11.1 into the suitably protected N α -Fmoc, N ω -Alloc diamino acids 20.1 is illustrated in Scheme 21 for the sake of clarity.

Scheme 20



Once obtained, compounds of formula 20.1 may be attached to an appropriate amine resin (e.g. Rink or PAL), deprotected, coupled with amino acids 20.3, deprotected, and coupled with carboxylic acids 20.5 to give the resin bound polyamide 20.6. If desired, this sequence (20.1→20.2→20.4→20.6) may be performed on an automated peptide synthesizer. Deprotection of the *N_ω*-Alloc group using Pd(PPh₃)₄ and *N*-methyl morpholine is followed by reductive amination of the resin-bound amine (Jeremy Green, *J. Org. Chem.* 1995, 60, 4287). Liberation of the desired primary amide 20.8 from the resin is accomplished via treatment with 5% Et₃SiH/TFA. It is apparent to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis that large compound libraries (>100 compounds) can be prepared using this chemistry, given the wide variety of *N_α*-Fmoc amino acids 20.3, carboxylic acids 20.5, and aldehydes 20.7 that are available from commercial sources and by synthesis.

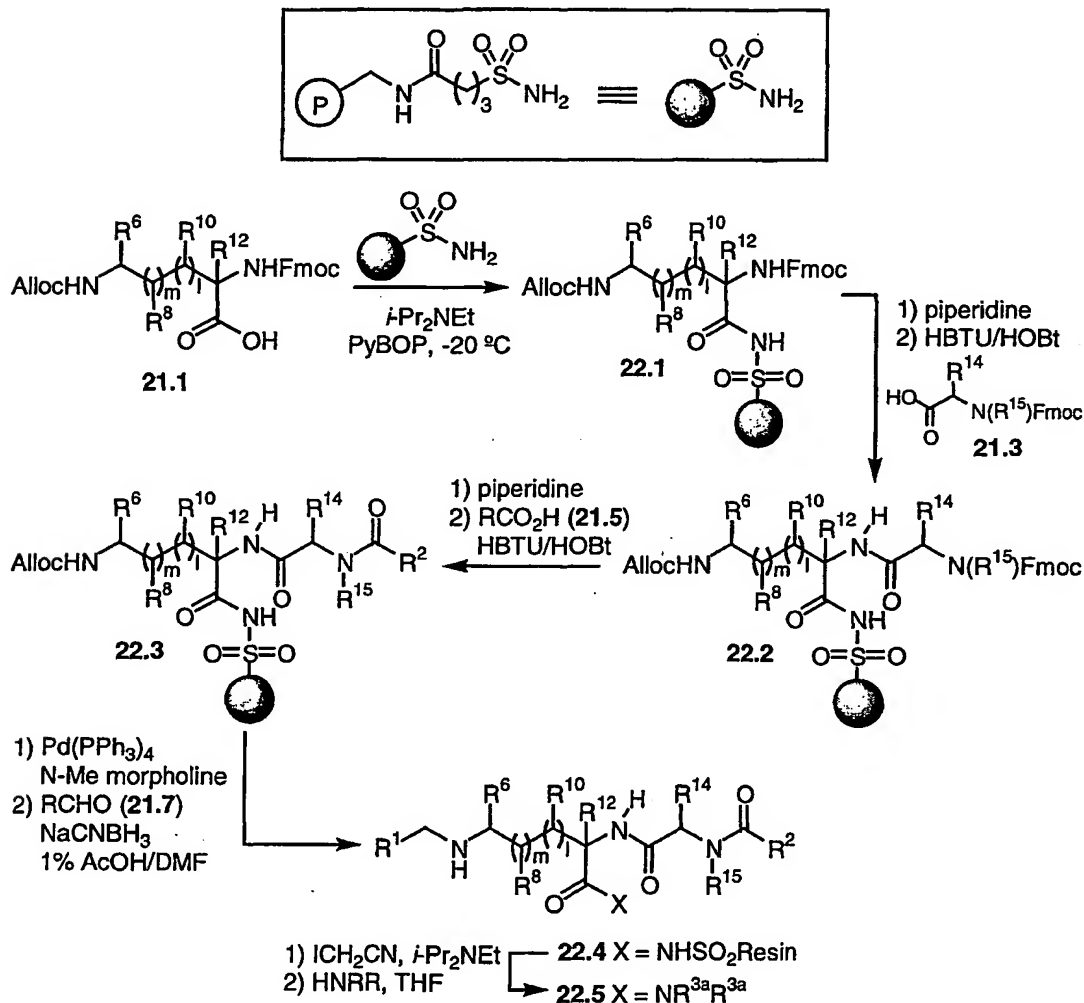
Scheme 21



Because *N*-alkyl- and *N*, *N*-alkylamides are preferred R^3 substituents for compounds of formula 1.5, it is also possible to synthesize compounds of formula 22.5 using solid-phase chemistry, as shown in Scheme 22. In this instance, the chemistry is highly analogous to that described above for Scheme 21. The only differences come in the resin-loading step (21.1→22.1), and the resin-release step (22.4→22.5), both of which are performed according to the protocols of Ellman (Bradley J. Backes and Jonathon A. Ellman, *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, *64*, 2322). It is apparent to one skilled in the art of organic

synthesis that large compound libraries (>100 compounds) can be prepared using this chemistry, given the wide variety of $N\alpha$ -Fmoc amino acids **20.3**, carboxylic acids **20.5**, aldehydes **20.7**, and amines that are available from commercial sources and by synthesis.

Scheme 22

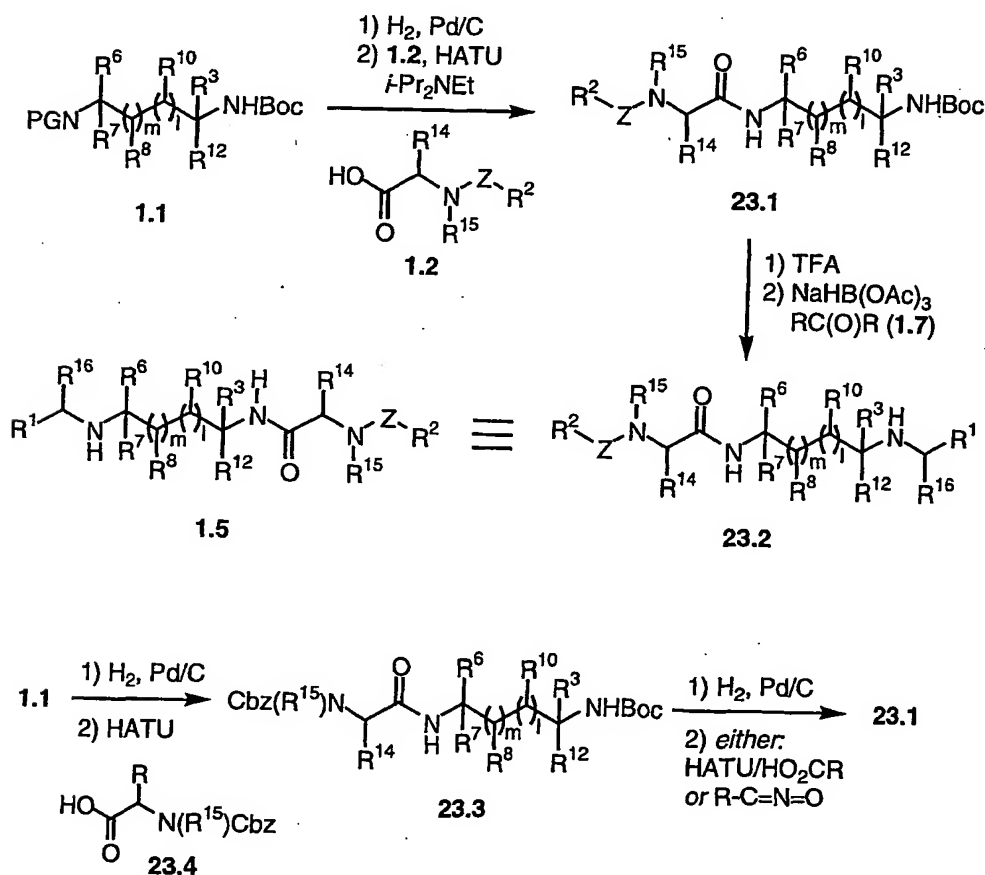


As will be readily appreciated by one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, there is an element of pseudosymmetry present in compounds of formula **1.1**.

Thus, one can synthesize more compounds of formula **1.5** than are available from the reaction sequence shown in Scheme 1 without changing the protecting group scheme of

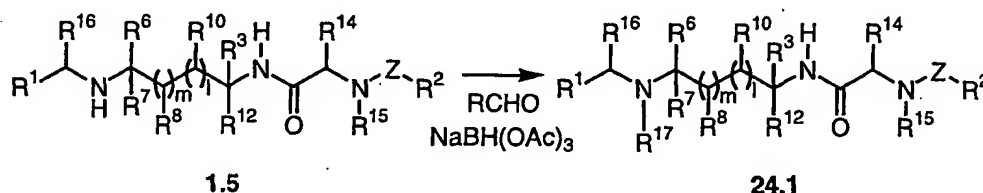
the many intermediates of formula 1.1, the syntheses of which have already been detailed in Schemes 2 - 15. As shown in Scheme 23, hydrogenation of 1.1 and coupling of the nascent amine with acid 1.2 provides amide 23.1. Alternatively, compounds of formula 23.1 may be accessed using a stepwise approach (cf. Scheme 23, 1.1→23.3→23.1). Acid-mediated removal of the *N*-Boc group from 23.1 is followed by reductive amination to provide compounds of formula 23.2. If one allows for a simple change in the designation of the sidechain R groups, then these compounds of formula 23.2 are actually embodiments of compounds of formula 1.5, as is clearly illustrated in Scheme 23 (see also Example 35).

Scheme 23



Finally, it should be noted that 1.5 and its various embodiments (e.g. 16.3, 16.4, 17.6, 17.7, 18.4, 21.8, and 22.5) can be alkylated selectively under reductive amination conditions to provide compounds 24.1.

Scheme 24



Other features of the invention will become apparent in the course of the following descriptions of exemplary embodiments that are given for illustration of the invention and are not intended to be limiting thereof.

10

EXAMPLES

Abbreviations used in the Examples are defined as follows: "1 x" for once, "2 x" for twice, "3 x" for thrice, "°C" for degrees Celsius, "eq" for equivalent or equivalents, "g" for gram or grams, "mg" for milligram or milligrams, "mL" for milliliter or milliliters, "1H" for proton, "h" for hour or hours, "M" for molar, "min" for minute or minutes, "MHz" for megahertz, "MS" for mass spectroscopy, "NMR" for nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, "rt" for room temperature, "tlc" for thin layer chromatography, "v/v" for volume to volume ratio. "α", "β", "R" and "S" are stereochemical designations familiar to those skilled in the art.

25

Example 1

Methyl (2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate

5

(1a) *tert*-Butyl glycine hydrochloride (6.6 g, 50 mmol) was suspended in methylene chloride and *meta*-trifluoromethyl benzoic acid (9.5 g, 50 mmol) was added, followed by *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (17.5 mL, 100 mmol), EDC (10.2 g, 53 mmol), and DMAP (300 mg, 2.5 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 12 hrs at RT and partitioned between EtOAc and 1 N HCl. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified via flash chromatography to give *tert*-Butyl (3-trifluoromethylbenzoyl)glycine as a clear and colorless oil (12 g), which was dissolved in methylene chloride (40 mL), cooled to 0 °C, and treated with trifluoroacetic acid (20 mL). The reaction was stirred for 3.5 hrs at RT and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was redissolved in methylene chloride and concentrated again; this procedure was repeated three more times to give the desired carboxylic acid 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 8.9 g). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz): δ 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 7.66 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 7.48 (t, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.08 (s, 2H).

(1b) A solution of (S)-N_α-Boc,N_β-Cbz-diaminopropionic acid DCHA salt (S)-2.1 (l = m = 0; 5.07 g, 9.77 mmol) in methylene chloride was treated successively with EDC (1.96 g, 10.3 mmol) and methanol (0.79 mL, 19.5 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 4 hrs and partitioned between EtOAc and 1 N hydrochloric acid. The aqueous

phase was extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by flash chromatography to give the desired ester
5 (S)-2.2 (l = m = 0; 1.86 g). MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 375.2$.

(1c) The ester (S)-2.2 (l = m = 0) was dissolved in methylene chloride (40 mL), treated with trifluoroacetic
10 acid (20 mL), and stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hrs before being concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was redissolved in methylene chloride and concentrated again; this procedure was repeated three more times to give the desired amine (quantitative). A solution of the amine
15 (5.28 mmol) in methylene chloride was charged with carboxylic acid 1.2 (Z = $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5.6 mmol), BOP (2.5 g, 5.7 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.1 mL, 12 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 12 hrs and
20 partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO_3 . The organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by flash chromatography to give the desired amide (S)-1.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, $\text{R}^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, Z = $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 2.01 g). MS
25 found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 504.2$.

(1d) A solution of the amide (S)-1.3 (PGN = CbzHN, l = m = 0, $\text{R}^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, Z = $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl,
30 all other R = H; 0.25 g, 0.53 mmol) in methanol was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa type (ca. 0.1 g). The vessel was purged with hydrogen and stirred under 1 atm of hydrogen for 7 hrs before being filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo*. This material was dissolved in methanol and treated with 2,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde (0.09 mL) and sodium cyanoborohydride (40 mg). The reaction was stirred for 12 hrs at RT and quenched with sat. NaHCO₃. The resultant mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by flash chromatography to give one pure fraction of the title compound (S)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 20 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 466.3.

Example 2

15 Methyl (2R)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

(2a) (R)-N_α-Boc, N_β-Cbz-diaminopropionic acid DCHA salt (R)-2.1 (1 = m = 0; 2.6 g, 5.07 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1b) to give (R)-2.2 (1 = m = 0; 0.82 g), which was subsequently incorporated into procedures (1c) & (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound (R)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 85 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 466.3.

Example 3

30 (2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoic acid

(3a) To a solution of ester (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 40 mg) in 2:2:1 THF:MeOH:H₂O was added LiOH (ca. 40 mg). The reaction was stirred at RT for 12 hrs, quenched with 1 N HCl and extracted with EtOAc (3 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The material was purified by reverse phase HPLC to give the desired acid (S)-16.2 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 29 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 452.3$.

Example 4

15 (2S)-N-Methyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(4a) To a solution of acid (S)-16.2 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 24 mg, 0.04 mmol) in 4:1 methylene chloride/DMF was added methylamine hydrochloride (14 mg, 0.21 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.05 mL, 0.29 mmol), and HATU (19 mg, 0.05 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 12 hrs at RT and then filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The material was purified by reverse phase HPLC to give the desired amide (S)-16.3 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^{3a})_2 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHMe}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 12 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{28}\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 465.2113$. Found: 465.2114.

Example 5

(2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

- 5 (5a) Ammonia (22 μ L of a 2.0 M solution) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = $-C(O)NH_2$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5.0 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{22}H_{26}F_3N_4O_3$, the
10 formula for $(M + H)^+ = 451.1957$. Found: 451.1958.

Example 6

(2R)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

- 15 (6a) (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 60 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure (3a) to give (R)-16.2 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 55 mg). MS
20 found: $(M + H)^+ = 452.3$.

- (6b) Ammonia (0.23 mL of a 2.0 M solution) and (R)-16.2 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 52 mg) were incorporated into the above
25 procedure (4a) to give the title amide (R)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = $-C(O)NH_2$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 24 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{22}H_{26}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
30 451.1957. Found: 451.1967.

Example 7

(2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

5 (7a) Ethylamine (22 μ L of a 2.0 M solution) was
 incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the
 title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -
 $C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = -C(O)NH_{Et}, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-
 trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5.5 mg). Exact
 10 MS calcd for C₂₄H₃₀F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
 479.2270. Found: 479.2266.

Example 8

(2S)-N-Benzyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
 15 [[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(8a) Benzyl amine (4.8 μ L) was incorporated into the
 above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1
 20 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH_{Bn}, Z =
 -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H;
 4.5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₉H₃₂F₃N₄O₃, the formula for
 (M + H)⁺ = 541.2427. Found: 541.2431.

25 Example 9

(2S)-N-Isopropyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

30 (9a) Isopropylamine (3.8 μ L) was incorporated into the
 above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1
 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH_{i-Pr}, Z = -

C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 2.0 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{32}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 493.2427. Found: 493.2450.

5

Example 10

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

10 (10a) *tert*-Butylamine (40 μ L) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH*t*-Bu, Z = - C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 507.2583. Found: 507.2577.

15

Example 11

(2S)-N-Cyclopropyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

20

(11a) Cyclopropylamine (40 μ L) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH*c*-Pr, Z = - C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{30}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 491.2270. Found: 491.2260.

25

Example 12

30 (2S)-N-Cyclobutyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(12a) Cyclobutylamine (50 μ L) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHc-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H) $^+$ = 505.2427. Found: 505.2430.

Example 13

(2S)-N-Phenyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
 10 [[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(13a) Aniline (4.0 μ L) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 =
 15 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHPh$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 1.3 mg). MS found: (M + H) $^+$ = 527.3.

Example 14

(2S)-N,N-Dimethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
 20 2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(14a) N,N-Dimethyl amine (18.0 mg of the hydrochloride
 25 salt) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NMe_2$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{24}H_{30}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H) $^+$ =
 30 479.2270. Found: 479.2267.

Example 15

(2S)-N-Methyl,N-methoxy-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

5

(15a) N,O-Dimethylhydroxylamine (17.5 mg of the hydrochloride salt) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)N(OMe)Me$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{24}H_{30}F_3N_4O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 495.2219$. Found: 495.2230.

Example 16

15 Methyl (2S)-3-[[[4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

(16a) para-Chlorobenzaldehyde (71 mg, 0.51 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1d) to give the title ester (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4$ -chlorophenyl, $R^3 = CO_2Me$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 59 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}F_3Cl_1N_3O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 472.1251$. Found: 472.1239.

25

Example 17

(2S)-3-[[[4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(17a) (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4$ -chlorophenyl, $R^3 = CO_2Me$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 51 mg, 0.09 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (3a) to give the crude carboxylic acid (S)-16.2 ($R^1 = 4$ -chlorophenyl, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -

trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 47 mg). This material was not characterized, but rather taken directly into procedures (17b) and (18a).

- 5 (17b) Ammonia (0.2 mL of a 2.0 M solution) and (S)-**16.2** (R^1 = 4-chlorophenyl, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 23 mg) were incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-**16.3** (R^1 = 4-chlorophenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH₂, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 6.5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₀H₂₁Cl₁F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 457.1254. Found: 457.1257.

Example 18

- 15 (2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

- (18a) Ethylamine (0.18 mL of a 2.0 M solution) and (S)-**16.2** (R^1 = 4-chlorophenyl, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 23 mg) were incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-**16.3** (R^1 = 4-chlorophenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH₂, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 7.0 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₂H₂₅Cl₁F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 485.1567. Found: 485.1577.

Example 19

- Methyl (2S)-3-[[[(1S/R)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

(19a) The free amine (212 mg, 0.61 mmol) derived from the hydrogenation of (S)-**1.3** (l = m = 0, R^3 = CO₂Me, Z = -

C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (1d) above) was combined with THF (6 mL), glacial acetic acid (0.12 mL), *para*-chloroacetophenone (142 mg, 0.92 mmol), and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (390 mg, 1.83 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 20 hrs at RT and quenched with sat. NaHCO₃. The resultant mixture was extracted with EtOAc (1 x). The organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by HPLC to give the title ester (1'S/R, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 4-chlorophenyl, R¹⁶ = methyl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 54 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₂H₂₄ClF₃N₃O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 486.1407. Found: 486.1406.

Example 20

Methyl (2S)-3-[[[(1S/R)-1-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

(20a) The free amine (323 mg, 0.93 mmol) derived from the hydrogenation of (S)-1.3 (l = m = 0, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (1d) above) was dissolved in THF (2.0 mL), and the resultant solution was charged sequentially with 2,4-dimethylacetophenone (0.2 mL, 1.35 mmol), powdered 4Å molecular sieves (202 mg), and glacial acetic acid (0.13 mL). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes before being treated with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (527 mg, 2.5 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 30 h at room temperature before being quenched with NaHCO₃. The resultant mixture was

extracted with EtOAc (2 x), and the organic extracts were washed with water (1 x), washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The material was purified by HPLC to give the title ester

- 5 (1'*S*/*R*, 2*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R¹⁶ = methyl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 30 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₄H₂₉F₃N₃O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 480.2110. Found: 480.2117.

10

Example 21

Methyl (2*S*)-3-[(1*H*-indol-3-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

- 15 (21a) Indole-3-carboxaldehyde (43 mg, 0.296 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1d) to give the title ester (*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 1*H*-indol-3-yl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 35 mg). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 8.18 (s, 1H),
20 8.07 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.88 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.74-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.05 (m, 5H), 4.97 (dd, 1H, J = 9.2, 4.4 Hz), 4.57 (d, 1H, J = 14 Hz), 4.49 (d, 1H, J = 14 Hz), 4.11 (d, 1H, J = 17 Hz), 4.05 (d, 1H, J = 17 Hz), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.64 (dd, 1H, J = 13, 4.8 Hz), 3.37 (dd,
25 1H, J = 13, 9.1 Hz).

Example 22

(2*S*)-3-[(1*H*-indol-3-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

30

- (22a) (*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 1*H*-indol-3-yl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 33 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure (3a)

to give (S)-16.2 (R^1 = 1H-indol-3-yl, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 494.2$.

- 5 (22b) Ammonia (0.1 mL of a 2.0 M solution) and (S)-16.2 (R^1 = 1H-indol-3-yl, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10.6 mg) were incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 1H-indol-3-yl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NH₂, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 0.5 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 462.2$.

Example 23

15 Methyl (2S)-3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

- (23a) Piperonal (46 mg, 0.31 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1d) to give the title ester (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R^1 = 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, R^3 = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 25 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₂H₂₃F₃N₃O₆, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 482.1539$. Found: 482.1537.

25

Example 24

Methyl (2S)-3-[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate

- (24a) para-Bromobenzaldehyde (59 mg, 0.32 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1d) to give the title ester (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R^1 = 4-bromophenyl, R^3 = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other

R = H; 40 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}F_3BrN_3O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 516.0746$. Found: 516.0756.

Example 25

5 Methyl (2S)-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-
 dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-
 dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanoate

10 (25a) A solution of the ester (S)-2.2 (l = m = 0; 2.25 g, 6.39 mmol; cf. Example 1) in dioxane (32 mL) was treated with 4 N HCl/dioxane (32 mL) and stirred for 12 h at room temperature before being concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in chloroform and concentrated *in*
15 *vacuo*; this procedure was repeated twice more to give the amine (1.42). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 253.3$. A solution of the amine (6.3 mmol) in 4:1 methylene chloride/DMF (55 mL) was charged with N_α -Boc glycine (1.1 g, 6.2 mmol), BOP (2.7 g, 6.2 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.9
20 mL, 17 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 12 hrs and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. $NaHCO_3$. The organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by flash chromatography to give the desired amide
25 (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, $R^3 = CO_2Me$, all other R = H; 1.75 g). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 432.1$.

(25b) To a solution of the carbamate (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, $R^3 = CO_2Me$, all other R = H; 1.14 g) in methylene chloride
30 (20 mL) was added TFA (5 mL). The reaction was stirred for 3 h at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in benzene and the solution was concentrated *in vacuo*; this was repeated twice to give

the desired amine (806 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 310.2$.
 A solution of the amine (140 mg, 0.46 mmol) in 5:1
 methylene chloride/DMF (6 mL) was charged with *N*-Boc-2-
 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et
 5 al., *Synlett* 1992, 360; 156 mg, 0.51 mmol), BOP (223 mg,
 0.51 mmol), and *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.2 mL, 1.1
 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 12 hrs and
 partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO_3 . The organic
 extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered,
 10 and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by
 flash chromatography to give the desired amide (*S*)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$,
 PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc-
 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 78
 mg). MS found: $(M + \text{Na})^+ = 619.2$.

15

(25c) The amide (*S*)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 =$
 CO_2Me , $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc-2-amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 78 mg) was
 incorporated into the above procedure (1d) to afford the
 20 title compound (*S*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc-2-
 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 62 mg).
 MS Found: $(M + H)^+ = 581.3$.

25

Example 26

Methyl (2*S*)-2-[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanoate

30 (26a) To a solution of the carbamate (*S*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$,
 $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N$ -
 Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$;
 20 mg) in methylene chloride (20 mL) was added TFA (5

mL). The reaction was stirred for 3 h at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in benzene and the solution was concentrated *in vacuo*; this was repeated twice. The residue was purified
5 by reverse phase HPLC to give the title compound (S)-1.5
($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)-}$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 7.1 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 481.2$.

10

Example 27

(2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

15 (27a) Using an Applied Biosystems 431A peptide synthesizer setup for the FastMOC protocol (piperidine deprotection cycles, HBTU/HOBT/DIEA coupling cycles, NMP as solvent), Fmoc-PAL resin (PE Biosystems, 0.39 mmol/gram; 0.64 g, 0.25 mmol), (S)- N_α -Fmoc, N_β -Alloc-
20 diaminopropionic acid (0.41 g, 1.0 mmol), N_α -Fmoc glycine (0.28 g, 1.0 mmol), and N-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., *Synlett* 1992, 360; 0.25, 1.0 mmol) were combined to provide resin bound (S)-21.6 ($l = m = 0$, $R^2 = \text{N-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 600
25 mg).

(27b) The resin (S)-21.6 ($l = m = 0$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 0.21 g) was
30 loaded into a fritted peptide synthesis vessel and swelled in 37:2:1 $\text{CHCl}_3/\text{AcOH}/N\text{-methyl morpholine}$ (2 mL). The suspension was charged with a solution of $\text{Pd(PPh}_3)_3$ (150 mg) in 37:2:1 $\text{CHCl}_3/\text{AcOH}/N\text{-methyl morpholine}$ (2 mL),

agitated for 2 h at room temperature, and then drained in vacuo. The remaining resin was washed consecutively with 0.5% *N*, *N*-diisopropylethylamine/DMF (4 mL), 0.5% sodium diethyldithiocarbamate/DMF (4 mL), methanol (4 mL),
5 methylene chloride (4 mL), methanol (4 mL), and methylene chloride (4 mL) to provide the resin-bound free amine. This resin tested positive in the ninhydrin free amine test. The entirety of the remaining resin was suspended in 1% AcOH/dimethylacetamide (4 mL); the resulting
10 suspension was charged with 2,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde (50 μ L) and agitated for 15 min. The suspension was treated with sodium cyanoborohydride (ca. 20 mg) and agitated for 12 h at room temperature. The solution was drained in vacuo and the resin was resuspended in 1%
15 AcOH/dimethylacetamide (4 mL). The suspension was treated with sodium cyanoborohydride (ca. 20 mg) and agitated for 3 h at room temperature. The solution was drained in vacuo and the resin was washed with methanol (4 mL), methylene chloride (4 mL), methanol (4 mL), and methylene
20 chloride (4 mL) to provide the resin-bound benzylamine. The entirety of this resin was suspended in 95:5 TFA/H₂O (3 mL), and the resulting suspension was charged with triethylsilane (50 μ L) and agitated for 2 h at room temperature. The solution was drained in vacuo, and the
25 resin was washed with TFA (2 mL) and methylene chloride (2 x 5 mL). The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the resulting solution was concentrated in vacuo; this procedure was repeated. The residue was purified by
30 reverse phase HPLC to afford the title compound (*S*)-21.8 (*l* = *m* = 0, *R*¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, *R*² = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other *R* = H; 1.3 mg). MS Found: (*M* + *H*)⁺ = 466.3.

Example 28

N-[2-[[[(1S)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

5

(28a) To a solution of the ester (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 15 mg) in methanol was added sodium borohydride (ca. 3 equivs).

10 The reaction was stirred for 12 hrs at RT, quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 , and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the title compound (S)-16.4 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 12 mg). MS
15 found: $(M + H)^+ = 438.3$.

Example 29

N-[2-[[[(1R)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

20

(29a) (R)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CO}_2\text{Me}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other
25 $R = \text{H}$; 24 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure (28a) to give the title compound (R)-16.4 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 3.2 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 438.2$.

30

Example 30

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S/R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-

hydroxypropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(30a) To a solution of (*S*)-*N*_α-Boc, *N*_β-Cbz-diaminopropionic
5 acid DCHA salt (1.13 g, 2.17 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) was
added *N*, *N*-diisopropylethylamine (1.0 mL, 5.4 mmol), *N*,
O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (222 mg, 2.3 mmol),
and HATU (866 mg, 2.3 mmol). The reaction was stirred
for 12 h at room temperature and partitioned between
10 EtOAc and sat. NH₄Cl. The aqueous phase was back-
extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were
combined, washed with sat. NaHCO₃ (1 x), washed with
brine (1 x), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in
vacuo. The residue was purified via flash chromatography
15 to afford (*S*)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R =
H; 840 mg).

(30b) The Weinreb amide (*S*)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN,
all other R = H; 310 mg) was dissolved in THF (8 mL), and
20 the resulting solution was cooled to 0 °C and charged
with methyl magnesium bromide (2.2 mL of a 3.0 M
solution). The reaction was stirred at room temperature
for 2.5 h before being re-cooled to 0 °C and quenched with
the slow addition of sat. NH₄Cl. The mixture was
25 partitioned between EtOAc and half-sat. NH₄Cl, and the
organic phase was washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO₄),
filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to provide the methyl
ketone (*S*)-11.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = methyl, all
other R = H; 248 mg).

30

(30c) The methyl ketone (*S*)-11.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN,
R = methyl, all other R = H; 248 mg) was dissolved in THF
(8 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with EtOH

(6 mL), cooled to 0 °C, and treated with sodium borohydride (56 mg). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 h and quenched successively with acetone and sat. NH₄Cl. The mixture was partitioned
5 between EtOAc and half-sat. NH₄Cl, and the organic phase was washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide the alcohol (2*S*, 3*S*/*R*)-**11.5** (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = methyl, all other R = H; 227 mg).

10

(30d) The alcohol (2*S*, 3*S*/*R*)-**11.5** (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = methyl, all other R = H; 227 mg) was incorporated into the procedures (1c) and (1d) to provide the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-**1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₃, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calculated for C₂₃H₂₉F₃N₃O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 452.2161. Found 452.2167.

20

Example 31

tert-Butyl (3*R*)-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanoate

25 (31a) To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of D-Boc-Asp(OtBu)-OH (*R*)-**2.4** (l = m = 0, R³ = CH₂CO₂tBu; 2.04 g, 7.05 mmol) in EtOAc (28 mL) was added *N*-hydroxysuccinimide (974 mg, 8.5 mmol) and DCC (1.75 g, 8.5 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 2 h and then filtered. The filtrate was
30 diluted with EtOAc and washed with sat. NaHCO₃ (1 x) and brine (1 x). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product ester was dissolved in THF (12 mL), and the resultant solution

was cooled to 0 °C and charged successively with sodium borohydride (293 mg, 7.8 mmol) and ethanol (3.0 mL). The reaction was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C and then quenched with sat. NH₄Cl. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2
5 x), and the organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide the *tert*-butyl *N*_β-Boc (R)-3-amino-4-hydroxybutanoate (1.48 g), which was carried on to (31b) without further purification. A small sample could be purified by flash
10 chromatography for characterization. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 3.96-3.92 (m, 1H), 3.51 (dd, 1H, J = 11, 5.5 Hz), 3.42 (dd, 1H, J = 11, 6.2 Hz), 2.53 (dd, 1H, J = 15, 5.5 Hz), 2.30 (dd, 1H, J = 15, 8.4 Hz), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 9H).

15
(31b) To a cooled (0 °C) solution of the crude *tert*-butyl *N*_β-Boc (R)-3-amino-4-hydroxybutanoate (1.48 g, 5.38 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (75 mL) was added 2,6-lutidine (658 μL, 5.7 mmol) and methanesulfonic anhydride (1.25 g, 7.16 mmol).
20 The reaction was stirred for 3 h at room temperature before being partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH₄Cl. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the mesylate (715 mg). A sample could be purified for
25 characterization by flash chromatography. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.19 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.30 (d, 2H, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.29-4.23 (m, 1H), 3.04 (s, 3H), 2.56 (d, 2H, J = 5.8 Hz), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.44 (s, 9H).

30 (31c) The mesylate (715 mg, 2.03 mmol) was dissolved in DMSO (38 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with sodium azide (660 mg, 10.1 mmol) and heated at 65 °C for

14 h. The reaction was filtered, absorbed onto silica gel, and eluted with 80% EtOAc/hexanes to give the azide (R)-2.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R = \text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2t\text{Bu}$; 562 mg). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz; CDCl_3): δ 5.12 (bs, 1H), 4.10-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.55-3.39 (m, 2H), 2.49 (d, 5.9 Hz), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.44 (s, 9H).

(31d) The carbamate (R)-2.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^3 = \text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2t\text{Bu}$; 562 mg) was charged with a solution of anhydrous HCl in EtOAc (prepared from 760 μL of MeOH and 1.33 mL of acetyl chloride in 19 mL of EtOAc), stirred for 12 h at room temperature, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with EtOAc and washed with water (1 x) and brine (1 x). The organic phase was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the amine (260 mg). This crude product was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (12 mL), and the resultant solution was charged successively with 1.2 ($Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl; 321 mg, 1.3 mmol), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (453 mL, 2.6 mmol), and BOP (633 mg, 1.4 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 14 h and then partitioned between EtOAc and 1N HCl. The organic phase was washed successively with water, sat. NaHCO_3 , water, and brine. The organic phase was then dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give (R)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, $\text{PGN} = \text{N}_3$, $R^3 = \text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2t\text{Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 493 mg). MS found: $(M + \text{Na})^+ = 452.2$.

(31e) The azide (R)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, $\text{PGN} = \text{N}_3$, $R^3 = \text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2t\text{Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 493 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure (1d) to give 161 mg of pure product after flash chromatography. A small sample was removed and further

purified by RP-HPLC to give the title compound (R)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = CH₂CO₂tBu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H). Exact MS calcd for C₂₇H₃₅F₃N₃O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 522.2580. Found: 522.2575.

Example 32

N-[2-[[[(1R)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(32a) D-N_α-Boc phenylalanine (R)-2.4 (1 = m = 0, R³ = CH₂Ph; 2.65 g) was incorporated into the above procedure (31a), and the product alcohol (1.91 g) was carried on through procedures (31b) - (31e) to give the title compound (S)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = CH₂Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 2 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₈H₃₁F₃N₃O₂, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 498.2368. Found: 498.2370.

Example 33

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(33a) A solution of (S)-N_α-Boc,N_β-Cbz-diaminopropionic acid DCHA salt (S)-2.1 (1 = m = 0; 5.01 g, 9.6 mmol) in 90 mL of 8:1 methylene chloride/DMF was treated successively with HATU (3.84 g, 10.1 mmol) and then tert-butyl amine (3.0 mL, 28.8 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 14 hrs and partitioned between EtOAc and 1 N hydrochloric acid. The organic phase was washed with 5%

NaHCO₃ and brine before being dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was diluted with EtOAc, dried again (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the desired amide (S)-2.3 (l = m = 0, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHt-Bu; 7.7 g). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 416.

(33b) The carbamate (S)-2.3 (l = m = 0, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHt-Bu; 7.7 mmol) was dissolved in 90 mL of 2:1 methylene chloride/TFA and stirred at RT for 3 h before being concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and concentrated in vacuo; this procedure was repeated twice more to give the amine (10 g). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 294.2. A solution of the amine (estimated as 9.6 mmol) in 6:1 methylene chloride/DMF (70 mL) was charged with N,N-diisopropylethylamine (9.0 mL, 48 mmol), N_α-Boc glycine (1.86 g, 10.6 mmol), and BOP (4.7 g, 10.6 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 3 days and diluted with EtOAc. The organic extracts were washed with sat. NH₄Cl (2 x) and brine (1 x), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The material was purified by flash chromatography to give the desired amide (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; 4.5 g). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 473.2.

(33c) To a solution of the carbamate (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; 0.53 g) in methylene chloride (10 mL) was added TFA (4 mL). The reaction was stirred for 3 h at RT and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the solution was concentrated in vacuo; this was repeated twice. The residue was dissolved in benzene and

the solution was concentrated in vacuo; this was repeated twice. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the solution was concentrated in vacuo; this was repeated twice to give the desired amine. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 351.2. A solution of the amine (estimated 0.8 mmol) in methylene chloride (6 mL) was charged successively with *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.9 mL, 5.2 mmol), a suspension of *N*-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., Synlett 1992, 360; 233 mg, 0.76 mmol) in methylene chloride (4 mL; 2 mL DMF rinse), and HATU (320 mg, 0.84 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 4.5 h and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with sat. NH₄Cl (2 x), 5% NaHCO₃ (1 x), and brine (1 x), before being dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the desired amide (*S*)-1.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = CONHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; assumed quantitative). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 660.5.

(33d) A solution of the amide (*S*)-1.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = CONHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.8 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (100 mg). The reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen gas (2 x) and stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 10 h before being filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give the amine (*S*)-1.4 (l = m = 0, R³ = CONHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.8 mmol) as a light yellow oil. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 504.4

(33e) A solution of the amine (S)-1.4 ($l = m = 0$, $R^3 =$
 CONHt-Bu, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc-2-amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; assumed 0.35
 mmol) in MeOH (4 mL) was charged with 2, 4-
 5 dimethylbenzaldehyde (0.05 mL, 0.35 mmol) and stirred for
 8 min at RT before being charged with sodium
 cyanoborohydride (44 mg, 0.70 mmol) and stirred for 4 h
 at RT. The reaction was quenched with the addition of
 sat. $NaHCO_3$ and then extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The
 10 organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried
 ($MgSO_4$), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude
 product was purified by reverse-phase HPLC to afford the
 title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = CONHt$ -Bu, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc-2-
 15 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 12 mg)
 as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd
 for $C_{31}H_{43}F_3N_5O_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 622.3216$.
 Found: 622.3219.

20

Example 34

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

25 (34a) A solution of (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = CONHt$ -Bu, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc-2-
 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 5 mg)
 in methylene chloride (8 mL) was charged with TFA (4 mL)
 and stirred at RT for 3 h before being concentrated *in*
 30 *vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride
 and the solution was concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude
 product was purified by reverse-phase HPLC to afford the
 title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -

dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CONHt-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-}$
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 5 mg) as a
 white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for
 $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{35}\text{F}_3\text{N}_5\text{O}_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 522.2692$. Found:
 5 522.2707.

Example 35

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-bromo, 2-
methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-[[[1,1-
 10 dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(35a) 4-Bromo, 2-methylbenzaldehyde (M. I. Dawson, et
 al., *J. Med. Chem.* **1984**, 27, 1516 - 1531; 0.05 mL) was
 15 incorporated into the above procedure (33e) to provide
 the title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4\text{-bromo,2-}$
 methylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CONHt-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc-2-}$
 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 11 mg)
 as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd
 20 for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{40}\text{Br}_1\text{F}_3\text{N}_5\text{O}_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 686.2165$.
 Found: 686.2173.

Example 36

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-
 25 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[4-
bromo, 2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(36a) The compound (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4\text{-bromo,2-}$
 methylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CONHt-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc-2-}$
 30 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = \text{H}$; 5 mg)
 was incorporated into the above procedure (35a) to afford
 the title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4\text{-bromo,2-}$
 methylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{CONHt-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C(O)}-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-}$

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for $C_{30}H_{40}Br_1F_3N_5O_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 586.1641$. Found: 586.1635.

5

Example 37

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10

(37a) The Weinreb amide (S)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 365 mg, 0.96 mmol) and *iso*-propylmagnesium bromide (2.9 mL of a 2.0 M solution in THF) were incorporated into the above procedure (30b). The resultant product was carried through procedure (30c) to provide (2S, 3S/R)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = *iso*-propyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.96 mmol). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 389.1$.

20

(37b) The alcohol (2S, 3S/R)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = *iso*-propyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.96 mmol) was incorporated into the procedures (1c) and (1d) to provide (1S, 2S/R)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 120 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 480.5$.

25

(37c) To a solution of the amine (1S, 2S/R)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; ca. 0.4 mmol) in 4 mL of 1:1 THF/H₂O was added triethylamine (0.07 mL, 0.5 mmol) and di-*tert*-butyldicarbonate (110 mg,

30

- 0.5 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 3 days at RT and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO₃. The organic phase was washed with sat. NaCl, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography in order to separate the two diastereomers, which were deprotected independently as described below in procedures (37d) and (38a).
- (37d) The minor diastereomer from procedure (37c) was dissolved in methylene chloride (4 mL) and treated with TFA (2 mL). The reaction was stirred for 3 h at RT before being concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the solution was concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated once more. The crude product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 120 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 480.5.

Example 38

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

- (38a) The major diastereomer obtained from procedure (37c) was processed according to procedure (37d). The crude product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 120 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 480.5$.

5

Example 39

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-
(phenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10

(39a) The Weinreb amide (S)-**11.2** (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 403 mg, 1.06 mmol) and phenylmagnesium bromide (6.4 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF) were incorporated into the above procedure (30b).

15 The resultant product was carried through procedure (30c) to provide (2S, 3S/R)-**11.5** (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 1.06 mmol). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 421.1$.

20 (39b) The alcohol (2S, 3S/R)-**11.5** (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 1.06 mmol) was incorporated into the procedures (1c) and (1d) to provide (1S, 2S/R)-**1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 63 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 514.2$.

(39c) The diastereomeric mixture of alcohols (1S, 2S/R)-**1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H) was purified further by HPLC with a chiral column (Chiracel OD) in order to separate the two diastereomers.

The second peak to elute from the column (minor diastereomer) was the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H).

5

Example 40

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-
(phenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10

(40a) The diastereomeric mixture of alcohols (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H) obtained from procedure (39b) was purified further by HPLC with a chiral column (Chiracel OD) in order to separate the two diastereomers. The first peak to elute from the column (major diastereomer) was the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H).

15

20

Example 41

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(phenyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

25

(41a) The Weinreb amide (*S*)-11.2 (1 = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 311 mg, 0.82 mmol) and benzylmagnesium bromide (2.5 mL of a 2.0 M solution in THF) were incorporated into the above procedure (30b). The resultant product was carried through procedure (30c)

30

to provide (2*S*, 3*S*/*R*)-**11.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = benzyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.82 mmol).

(41b) The alcohol (2*S*, 3*S*/*R*)-**11.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.82 mmol) was incorporated into the procedures (1c) and (1d) to provide (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-**1.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 40 mg) as a white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 528.2.

(41c) The unpurified mixture of diastereomers (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-**1.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.4 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (37c). The crude product was purified by flash chromatography in order to separate the two diastereomers, which were deprotected independently as described below in procedures (41d) and (42a).

(41d) The minor product from procedure (41c) was incorporated into procedure (37d) to provide the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-**1.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 528.5.

30

Example 42

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-

(phenyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(42a) The major product from procedure (41c) was
5 incorporated into procedure (37d) to provide the title
compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-**1.5** (1 = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-
dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂Ph, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a
white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found:
10 (M + H)⁺ = 528.5.

Example 43

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
15 (methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(43a) The Weinreb amide (*S*)-**11.2** (1 = *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN,
all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 540 mg, 1.42 mmol)
20 and isobutylmagnesium bromide (4.3 mL of a 2.0 M solution
in Et₂O) were incorporated into the above procedure
(30b). The resultant product was carried through
procedure (30c) to provide (2*S*, 3*S*/*R*)-**11.5** (1 = *m* = 0,
PGN = CbzHN, R = *iso*-butyl, all other R = H; assumed 1.4
25 mmol). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 403.3.

(43b) The alcohol (2*S*, 3*S*/*R*)-**11.5** (1 = *m* = 0, PGN =
CbzHN, R = *iso*-butyl, all other R = H; assumed 1.4 mmol)
was incorporated into the procedures (1c) and (1d) to
30 provide (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-**1.5** (1 = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-
dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂*i*-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 33 mg) as a

white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found:
 $(M + H)^+ = 480.5$.

(43c) The unpurified mixture of diastereomers (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-
 5 1.5 (1 = *m* = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)CH_2i$ -
 Pr, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other
 R = H; assumed 0.4 mmol) was incorporated into the above
 procedure (37c). The crude product was purified by flash
 chromatography in order to separate the two
 10 diastereomers, which were deprotected independently as
 described below in procedures (43d) and (44a).

(43d) The minor product from procedure (43c) was
 incorporated into procedure (37d) to provide the title
 15 compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = *m* = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)CH_2i$ -Pr, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a
 white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found:
 $(M + H)^+ = 480.5$.

20

Example 44

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
 25 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(44a) The major product from procedure (43c) was
 incorporated into procedure (37d) to provide the title
 compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (1 = *m* = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
 30 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)CH_2i$ -Pr, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a
 white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found:
 $(M + H)^+ = 480.5$.

Example 45

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(45a) The Weinreb amide (S)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 530 mg, 1.39 mmol) and ethylmagnesium bromide (4.2 mL of a 2.0 M solution in THF) were incorporated into the above procedure (30b). The resultant product was carried through procedure (30c) to provide (2S, 3S/R)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = ethyl, all other R = H; assumed 1.4 mmol). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 375.2.

(45b) The mixture of diastereomers (2S, 3S/R)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = ethyl, all other R = H; assumed 1.4 mmol) was dissolved in 2:1 acetone/dimethoxypropane (15 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with a pinch of camphorsulfonic acid. The reaction was stirred for 14 h at RT, quenched with 0.2 mL of triethylamine, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography to provide the N, O-acetal (274 mg). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 415.1.

(45c) The N, O-acetal (274 mg, 0.68 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d) to provide the benzyl amine. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 377.5. This material was not purified, but rather dissolved in 10 mL of 1:1 THF/H₂O. The solution was charged with triethylamine (0.19 mL, 1.36 mmol) and then treated with dibenzylidicarbonate (234 mg, 0.82 mmol). The reaction

was stirred for 3 days at RT and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography
5 in order to separate the two diastereomers. The MS found for each diastereomer was identical: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 533.2$.

(45d) The faster-eluting diastereomer (minor product, 47 mg, 0.09 mmol) obtained from procedure (45c) was
10 dissolved in THF (2 mL), H_2O (1 mL), and glacial acetic acid (4 mL). The solution was stirred for 96 h at RT and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO_3 . The organic phase was washed with 5% NaHCO_3 (1 x) and brine (1 x) before being dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and
15 concentrated in vacuo to provide (2*S*, 3*S*)-**11.5** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = 2,4-Me₂PhCH₂-(Cbz)N, R = ethyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.09 mmol). MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 471.3$.

(45e) The compound (2*S*, 3*S*)-**11.5** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = 2,4-Me₂PhCH₂-(Cbz)N, R = ethyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.9
20 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1c) to afford (1*S*, 2*S*)-**1.4** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = 2,4-Me₂PhCH₂(Cbz)N, R³ = -CH(OH)Et, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.09
25 mmol) as a crude product. MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 622.2$. This material was dissolved in MeOH (3 mL) and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (12 mg). The reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen, and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 14 h at
30 RT. The reaction was filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, R¹ = 2,4-

dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)Et$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-$
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 10 mg) as a
 white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for
 $C_{24}H_{31}F_3N_3O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 466.2318$. Found:
 5 466.2342.

Example 46

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
 10 *dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-*
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(46a) The faster-eluting diastereomer (major product, 85
 mg, 0.22 mmol) obtained from procedure (45c) was
 15 incorporated into procedures (45d) and (45e). The
 resultant residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the
 title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4-$
dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)Et$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-$
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 20 mg) as a
 20 white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for
 $C_{24}H_{31}F_3N_3O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 466.2318$. Found:
 466.2317.

Example 47

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
 25 *dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-*
(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(47a) A solution of H-Gly-OBn (*p*-Tos salt; 6.0 g, 17.9
 mmol) in DMF (45 mL) was charged successively with *N*, *N*-
 diisopropylethylamine (12.4 mL, 71.5 mmol), *N*-Boc-2-

amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., Synlett 1992, 360; 6.0 g, 19.7 mmol), and BOP (8.69 g, 19.7 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 3 days, diluted with EtOAc, and washed with brine (pH 5, 1 x), H₂O (1 x), sat. NaHCO₃ (1 x), and brine (1 x). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography to provide the amide (5.78 g, 12.8 mmol). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 475.3. This material was dissolved in MeOH (50 mL) and the solution was charged with 10% Pd/C, Degussa (1.0 g). The vessel was purged with hydrogen, and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 3 h before being filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to afford 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; 4.56 g) as a white solid. MS found: (M - H)⁻ = 361.3.

(47b) Both 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; 73 mg, 0.2 mmol) and the compound (2S, 3S)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂PhCH₂(Cbz)N, R = ethyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (45d); 86 mg, 0.18 mmol) were incorporated into the above procedure (1c) to afford (1S, 2S)-1.4 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂PhCH₂(Cbz)N, R³ = -CH(OH)Et, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; assumed 0.18 mmol) after flash chromatography. This material was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (20 mg). The reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen, and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 45 min at RT. The reaction was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-

dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)Et$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc } 2\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 80 mg).
 MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 581.4$.

5

Example 48

$N\text{-}[2\text{-}[[[1S, 2S)\text{-}1\text{-}[[[(2, 4\text{-}$
 $\text{dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino)methyl]}\text{-}2\text{-}$
 $(\text{hydroxy})\text{butyl]amino}]\text{-}2\text{-oxoethyl}]\text{-}2\text{-amino-5-}$
 $(\text{trifluoromethyl})\text{benzamide}$

10

(48a) The compound $(1S, 2S)\text{-}1.5$ ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2, 4\text{-}$
 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)Et$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc } 2\text{-}$
 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 75 mg)
 was dissolved in 6 mL of 2:1 methylene chloride/TFA and
 stirred at RT for 80 min before being concentrated *in*
vacuo. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the
 title compound $(1S, 2S)\text{-}1.5$ ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2, 4\text{-}$
 dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)Et$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-}$
 5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 60 mg) as a
 white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for
 $C_{24}H_{32}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 481.2426$. Found:
 481.2407.

15

20

Example 49

$N\text{-}[2\text{-}[[[1S, 2S)\text{-}1\text{-}[[[(2, 4\text{-}$
 $\text{dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino)methyl]}\text{-}2\text{-hydroxy-4-}$
 $(\text{methyl})\text{pentyl]amino}]\text{-}2\text{-oxoethyl}]\text{-}2\text{-}[[[1, 1\text{-}$
 $\text{dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino}]\text{-}5\text{-}$
 $(\text{trifluoromethyl})\text{benzamide}$

25

30

(49a) The crude product mixture from procedure (43a) was
 purified by flash chromatography to provide separation of
 the two diastereomers $(2S, 3S)\text{-}$ and $(2S, 3R)\text{-}11.5$ ($l = m$

= 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = *iso*-butyl, all other R = H). The minor, faster-eluting (2*S*, 3*S*)-isomer (95 mg, 0.25 mmol), was combined with 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf.

5 procedure (47a); 94 mg, 0.26 mmol) in procedure (1c).

The product from this reaction was then taken through procedure (1d). RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -

CH(OH)*i*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-

10 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for C₃₁H₄₄F₃N₄O₅, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 609.3264. Found: 609.3267.

15

Example 50

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
 20 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(50a) The major, slower-eluting (2*S*, 3*R*)-isomer (86 mg, 0.35 mmol) from procedure (49a) was taken through procedure (1d). The product was combined with 1.2 (Z = -

25 C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf. procedure (47a); 31 mg, 0.09 mmol) in procedure (1c). RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-

dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc

30 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for C₃₁H₄₄F₃N₄O₅, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 609.3264. Found: 609.3250.

Example 51

5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(51a) The product from procedure (49a) was taken through
 procedure (48a) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford
 10 the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-
 dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-
 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg).
 MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 509.3.

15

Example 52

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

20

(52a) The product from procedure (50a) was taken through
 procedure (48a) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford
 the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (1 = *m* = 0, R¹ = 2,4-
 dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*i*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-
 25 amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg)
 as a white powder after lyophilization. MS found: (M +
 H)⁺ = 509.5.

Example 53

30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(53a) The Weinreb amide (*S*)-11.2 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 850 mg, 2.23 mmol) and neopentylmagnesium bromide (13.4 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF) were incorporated into the above
 5 procedure (30b). The resultant product was carried through procedure (30c). The crude mixture of diastereomeric alcohols were separated by flash chromatography to provide (*2S*, *3S*)-11.5 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, R = CH₂*t*-Bu, all other R = H; 31 mg) and (*2S*, *3R*)-
 10 11.5 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, R = CH₂*t*-Bu, all other R = H; 199 mg).

(53b) The (*2S*, *3S*)-diastereomer from (53a) was carried through procedures (1c) and (1d). The crude product was
 15 purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (*1S*, *2S*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂*t*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for C₂₇H₃₇F₃N₃O₃, the
 20 formula for (M + H)⁺ = 508.2787. Found: 508.2778.

Example 54

N-[2-[[[(*1S*, *2R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
 25 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(54a) The (*2S*, *3R*)-diastereomer from (53a) was carried through procedures (1c) and (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (*1S*,
 30 *2S*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)CH₂*t*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a white powder after

lyopholization. Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{37}F_3N_3O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 508.2787$. Found: 508.2774.

Example 55

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
 dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10 (55a) The Weinreb amide (S)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; cf. procedure (30a); 894 mg, 2.34 mmol) and propylmagnesium bromide (7.0 mL of a 2.0 M solution in Et₂O) were incorporated into the above procedure (30b). The resultant product was carried through
15 procedure (30c). The crude mixture of diastereomeric alcohols was then carried through procedure (1d). The product (632 mg) was dissolved in THF (27 mL) and the solution was charged with triethylamine (0.72 mL, 5.41 mmol) and dibenzylidicarbonate (618 mg, 2.16 mmol). The
20 reaction was stirred for 14 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, dissolved in EtOAc, and washed with 1N HCl (1 x), H₂O (1 x), and brine (1 x). The organic extract was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the mixture of diastereomers as an oil (188 mg). The
25 mixture was separated by repeated flash chromatography (SiO₂) to provide pure fractions of (2S, 3S)- and (2S, 3R)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Bn(Cbz)N, R = propyl, all other R = H), as well as fractions that contained both diastereomers.

30

(55b) The (2S, 3S)-diastereomer (29 mg, 0.074 mmol) from (55a) was carried through procedure (1c). The crude product (43 mg) was dissolved in MeOH (2 mL) and the

solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (9 mg). The vessel was purged with hydrogen and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 14 h before it was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₃F₃N₃O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 480.2474. Found: 480.2480.

Example 56

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(56a) The (2*S*, 3*R*)-diastereomer (30 mg, 0.078 mmol) from (55a) was carried through procedure (1c). The crude product was dissolved in MeOH (3 mL) and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (10 mg). The vessel was purged with hydrogen and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 14 h before it was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 8 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₃F₃N₃O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 480.2474. Found: 480.2478.

Example 57

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
 dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
 dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

- (57a) An purified, but incompletely separated mixture of diastereomers (128 mg, 0.33 mmol) from procedure (55a) was combined with 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf. procedure (47a); 87 mg, 0.33 mmol) in procedure (1c). The residue thus obtained was purified by flash chromatography to separate the alcohol diastereomers.
- 15 (57b) The minor diastereomer (25 mg, 0.03 mmol) from (57a) was dissolved in in MeOH (2 mL) and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (5 mg). The vessel was purged with hydrogen and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 14 h before it was filtered and
- 20 concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 7 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 595.5.

25

Example 58

30 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
 dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
 dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

- (58a) The major diastereomer (75 mg, 0.10 mmol) from (57a) was dissolved in in MeOH (3 mL) and the solution

was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (15 mg). The vessel was purged with hydrogen and the reaction was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 14 h before it was filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by
 5 RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-**1.5** (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₂F₃N₄O₅, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 595.3107. Found: 595.3110.

10

Example 59

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
 15 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(59a) The product (5 mg) from procedure (57b) was carried through procedure (48a) to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-**1.5** (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -
 20 CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 1 mg) after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 495.4.

Example 60

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
 25 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(60a) The product (15 mg) from procedure (58a) was carried through procedure (48a) to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-**1.5** (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-

amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg)
after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for
C₂₅H₃₄F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 495.2583. Found:
495.2584.

5

Example 61

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-amino-5-
10 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(61a) A solution of 3-nitro-5(trifluoromethyl)benzoic
acid (7.71 g, 32.8 mmol) and glycine tert-butyl ester
(5.23 g, 32.4 mmol) in methylene chloride (330 mL) was
15 charged with N, N-diisopropylethylamine (5.5 mL, 31.8
mmol) and BOP (14.6 g, 32.9 mmol). The reaction was
stirred at RT for 14 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, and
diluted with EtOAc (1 L). The organic phase was washed
successively with sat. NH₄Cl, sat. NaHCO₃, and brine
20 before being dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in
vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography
(SiO₂, 50% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the tert-Butyl (3-
trifluoromethylbenzoyl)glycine as an oil. A portion (1.0
g, 2.65 mmol) of this material was dissolved in methylene
25 chloride (8 mL) before being treated with TFA (4 mL).
The reaction was stirred for 1 h at RT and then
concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in
methylene chloride and concentrated again; this procedure
was repeated twice more to afford the title compound 1.2
30 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all
other R = H; 0.77 g) as a white solid. MS found: (M - H)⁻
= 291.1.

(61b) A cooled (0 °C) solution of the Weinreb amide (S)-
11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; 7.7 g, 20
mmol) in THF (100 mL) was treated with propylmagnesium
bromide (50 mL of a 2.0 M solution in THF). The reaction
5 was allowed to warm to RT over 2 h and then recooled to 0
°C before being quenched with the addition of sat. NH₄Cl.
The mixture was diluted with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc
(2 x). The organic phase was washed with brine, dried
(Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The
10 resultant ketone was dissolved in THF (70 mL) and EtOH
(30 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C, charged with
sodium borohydride (1.5 g, 40 mmol), and then stirred at
RT for 3 h before being quenched with sat. NaHCO₃. The
mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x), and the organic
15 phase was washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and
concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by
repeated flash chromatography (SiO₂) to provide (2S, 3S)-
and (2S, 3R)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propyl,
all other R = H) in a circa 1:10 ratio. MS found: (M +
20 Na)⁺ = 389.4.

(61c) The minor, (2S, 3S)-diastereomer (84 mg, 0.22 mmol)
from (61b) and 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 64 mg, 0.22
25 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant
product was taken through procedure (1d) and then
purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S,
2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -
CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-amino-5-
30 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact
MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₄F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
495.2583. Found: 495.2584.

Example 62

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(62a) The major, (2S, 3R)-diastereomer (194 mg, 0.73 mmol) from (61b) and 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (61a); 218 mg, 0.61 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₄F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 495.2583. Found: 495.2586.

20

Example 63

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(63a) N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., Synlett 1992, 360; 5.1 g, 17 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (42 mL) and the solution was charged with allyl bromide (3.8 mL, 44 mmol) and potassium carbonate (3.4 g, 25 mmol). The slurry was stirred for 14 h at RT, diluted with EtOAc, and washed successively with brine, water, and brine. The organic phase was

dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to provide the allyl ester as a white solid. This material was dissolved in methylene chloride (30 mL) and TFA (15 mL) and stirred at RT for 2 h before being concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the solution was concentrated in vacuo; this procedure was repeated twice. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2) to provide the amine as an oil (contaminated with some DMF). The amine (ca. 15.7 mmol) was dissolved in THF (30 mL) and added dropwise to a solution of disphosgene (5.6 mL, 47 mmol) in THF (30 mL). The reaction was stirred for 14 h at RT and concentrated in vacuo to afford a brown solid. A portion (2.4 g, ca. 7.7 mmol) of the brown solid was dissolved in THF (40 mL) and the solution was charged with ethylamine (20 mL of a 2.0 M solution in THF). The reaction was stirred for 14 h at RT and then diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed successively with 1N HCl (2 x) and brine (1 x) before being dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give a white solid. This material (1.8 g, ca. 5.7 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (25 mL) and DMF (20 mL). The solution was charged with pyrrolidine (1.0 mL, 12 mmol) and $\text{Ph}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (140 mg, 0.17 mmol) and then stirred for 2 h at RT before being concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with EtOAc and this was washed successively with 1N HCl (2 x) and brine (1 x) before being dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with methylene chloride to afford pure 2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (0.89 g). ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, d_4 -MeOH): δ 8.59 (d, 1 H, J = 9.6 Hz), 8.26 (d, 1 H, J = 1.5 Hz), 7.72 (dd, 1 H, J

= 9.2, 1.8 Hz), 3.23 (q, 2 H, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 1.17 (t, 3 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz).

(63b) The 2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (0.88 g, 3.2 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (47a) to provide 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 2$ -(ethylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; 0.70 g) as a white solid. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, $\text{d}_4\text{-MeOH}$): δ 8.46 (d, 1 H, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 7.95 (d, 1 H, $J = 1.1$ Hz), 7.68 (dd, 1 H, $J = 8.9, 1.6$ Hz), 4.09 (s, 2 H), 3.22 (q, 2 H, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 1.15 (t, 3 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz).

(63c) The minor, (2*S*, 3*S*)-diastereomer (63 mg, 0.17 mmol) from (61b) and 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 2$ -(ethylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 55 mg, 0.17 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = \text{-CH(OH)}n\text{-propyl}$, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 2$ -(ethylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 28 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{39}\text{F}_3\text{N}_5\text{O}_4$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 566.2954. Found: 566.2978.

Example 64

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide]

(64a) The major, (2*S*, 3*R*)-diastereomer (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) from (61b) and 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 2$ -

(ethylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (63b); 91 mg, 0.26 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*R*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(ethylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 50 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₈H₃₉F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 566.2954. Found: 566.2959.

10

Example 65

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)
carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

15

(65a) Isopropylamine was incorporated into procedure (63a) to afford 2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, which was then carried through procedure (63b) to afford 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H). This material (59 mg, 0.17 mmol) and the minor, (2*S*, 3*S*)-diastereomer (65 mg, 0.17 mmol) from (61b) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 30 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₉H₄₁F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 580.3111. Found: 580.3116.

20

25

30

Example 66

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)
carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

5

(66a) The major, (2S, 3R)-diastereomer (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) from (61b) and 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (65a); 92 mg, 0.26 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2R)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 30 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₉H₄₁F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 580.3111. Found: 580.3113.

Example 67

20

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1-
pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(67a) Pyrrolidine was incorporated into procedure (63a) to afford 2-[(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, which was then carried through procedure (63b) to afford 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H). This material (93 mg, 0.26 mmol) and the minor, (2S, 3S)-diastereomer (98 mg, 0.26 mmol) from (61b) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title

compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₁F₃N₅O₄,
 5 the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 592.3111. Found: 592.3133.

Example 68

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
 10 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1-
azetidiny]carbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(68a) A cooled (0 °C) solution of the Weinreb amide (*S*)-
 11.2 (1 = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; 5.27 g,
 15 13.8 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was treated with
 propynylmagnesium bromide (110 mL of a 0.5 M solution in
 THF). The reaction was stirred at RT for 3 h and
 recooled to 0 °C before being quenched with the addition
 of sat. NH₄Cl. The reaction was diluted with H₂O and
 20 extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic phase was washed
 with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in
 vacuo. The resultant ketone was dissolved in THF (2 mL)
 and treated with (*R*)-Alpine Borane (Aldrich Chemical Co.;
 5.5 mL of neat liquid). The reaction was stirred for 7
 25 days at RT, concentrated in vacuo, and treated with
 ethanolamine (1.2 mL). After stirring for 10 min at RT,
 the residue was diluted with Et₂O and the resultant solid
 was removed by suction filtration. The solution was
 concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by
 30 flash chromatography (SiO₂) to provide (2*S*, 3*S*)-11.5 (1 =
 m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H) as a
 yellow oil. MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 385.3.

(68b) Azetidine was incorporated into procedure (63a) to afford 2-[(1-azetidinyldicarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, which was then carried through procedure (63b) to afford 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(1-azetidinyldicarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H). This material (61 mg, 0.18 mmol) and (2S, 3S)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (68a); 67 mg, 0.18 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(1-azetidinyldicarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₉H₃₉F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 578.2954. Found: 578.2977.

Example 69

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(69a) Methylamine was incorporated into procedure (63a) to afford 2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, which was then carried through procedure (63b) to afford 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H). This material (56 mg, 0.18 mmol) and (2S, 3S)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (68a); 67 mg, 0.18 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The resultant product was taken through procedure (1d) and then purified by RP-HPLC

to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₇H₃₇F₃N₅O₄,
 5 the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 552.2798. Found: 552.2822.

Example 70

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
 10 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(4-
morpholinylcarbonyl)]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(70a) *N*-Boc glycine (36 mg, 0.21 mmol) and (2*S*, 3*S*)-11.5
 (1 = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H;
 15 cf. procedure (68a); 78 mg, 0.21 mmol) were combined in
 procedure (1c) to afford (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.6 (1 = m = 0, PGN =
 CbzHN, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, all other R = H; 84 mg). MS
 found: (M + H)⁺ = 420.5.

20 (70b) Morpholine was incorporated into procedure (63a) to
 afford 2-[(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, a portion (69 mg, 0.18
 mmol) of which which was then combined with (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.6
 (1 = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, all other
 25 R = H; cf. procedure (70a); 69 mg, 0.18 mmol) and carried
 through procedure (1c). A portion (32 mg, 0.06 mmol) of
 the resultant product was taken through procedure (1d)
 and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound
 (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -
 30 CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(4-
 morpholinylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all
 other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₁F₃N₅O₅, the
 formula for (M + H)⁺ = 608.3060. Found: 608.3048.

Example 71

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
 5 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1-
piperazinylcarbonyl)]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(71a) Piperazine was incorporated into procedure (63a) to afford 2-[[[(N-Boc 1-piperazinyl)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, a portion (130 mg, 0.28 mmol) of which which was then combined with (1S, 2S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (70a); 103 mg, 0.28 mmol) and carried through procedure (1c). The resultant product
 15 was taken through procedures (1d) and (48a), and then purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(1-piperazinylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all
 20 other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₂F₃N₆O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 607.3220. Found: 607.3227.

Example 72

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
 25 2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(72a) The compound 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf. procedure (47a); 68.4 mg, 0.26 mmol) and (2S, 3S)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (68a); 110 mg, 0.30 mmol) were combined in

procedure (1c). A portion (24 mg, 0.05 mmol) of the resultant product was combined with para-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.007 mL, 0.05 mmol) and taken through procedure (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 12 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₂F₃N₄O₅, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 595.3107. Found: 595.3128.

10

Example 73

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

15

(73a) A sample of (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (72a); 8 mg) was taken through procedure (48a). The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₄F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 495.2583. Found: 495.2591.

25

Example 74

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[isopropylamino]carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

30

(74a) The compound 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl,

all other R = H; cf. procedure (65a); 0.93 g, 2.67 mmol) and (2*S*, 3*S*)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (68a); 1.0 g, 2.76 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). A portion (52 mg, 0.11 mmol) of the resultant product was combined with 4-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.015 mL, 0.11 mmol) and taken through procedure (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₉H₄₁F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 580.3111. Found: 580.3131.

Example 75

15 N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(75a) The compound 2-[(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (cf. procedure (70b); 69 mg, 0.18 mmol) was combined with (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (70a); 69 mg, 0.18 mmol) and carried through procedure (1c). A portion (32 mg, 0.06 mmol) of the resultant product was combined with 4-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.009 mL, 0.06 mmol) and taken through procedure (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)*n*-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 608.5.

Example 76

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(76a) The compound **1.2** ($Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other $R = H$; cf. procedure (47a); 68.4 mg, 0.26 mmol) and (2S, 3S)-**11.5** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R =$ propynyl, all other $R = H$; cf. procedure (68a); 110 mg, 0.30 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). A portion (24 mg, 0.05 mmol) of the resultant product was combined with 4-dimethylamino-2-methylbenzaldehyde (8.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and taken through procedure (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4$ -dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)n$ -propyl, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc 2-amino -5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 10 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 624.6$.

Example 77

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(77a) A sample of (1S, 2S)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4$ -dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)n$ -propyl, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N$ -Boc 2-amino -5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; cf. procedure (76a); 7 mg) was taken through procedure (48a). The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4$ -dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)n$ -propyl, $Z =$

-C(O)-, R² = 2-amino -5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₆H₃₇F₃N₅O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 524.2848. Found: 524.2864.

5

Example 78

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-(tert-butyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10

(78a) Allyl bromide (2.8 mL), [2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)]benzoic acid (5.5 g), and potassium carbonate (4.6 g) were dissolved in DMF (90 mL). The reaction was stirred for 12 h and diluted with water and EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with 2% LiCl solution, dried, filtered, and concentrated to provide allyl [2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)] benzoate (6.4 g). This material was dissolved in DMF (25 mL) and the solution was charged with tert-butylamine (16 mL) and potassium carbonate (7.4 g). The mixture was warmed to 40 °C, stirred for 36 h, and diluted with water and EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with 2% LiCl solution, dried, filtered and concentrated to provide allyl [2-(tert-butylamino)-5-(trifluoromethyl)]benzoate (7.6 g). This material was combined with pyrrolidine (2.3 mL) and dissolved in acetonitrile (150 mL). The solution was degassed with nitrogen, and then tetrakis(triphenylphosphino) palladium(0) was added. This mixture was stirred for 8 h, and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with 1 N HCl solution and water. The organic layer was dried, filtered, and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the resulting residue provided 2-(tert-butylamino)-5-

(trifluoromethyl)]benzoic acid (4.6 g). MS found: $(M - H)^- = 260.2$.

(78b) The 2-(*tert*-butylamino)-5-(trifluoromethyl)]benzoic
 5 acid was carried through procedure (47a) to afford 1.2 ($Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -(*tert*-butyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other $R = H$). A portion (56 mg, 0.18 mmol) of this material was combined with (2*S*, 3*S*)-11.5 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R = \text{propynyl}$,
 10 all other $R = H$; cf. procedure (68a); 67 mg, 0.18 mmol) and incorporated in procedure (1c). The product was carried through procedure (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 4$ -ethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)n$ -
 15 propyl, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -(*tert*-butyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{29}H_{42}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 551.3209$. Found: 551.3225.

20

Example 79

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

25

(79a) Isopropylamine (4.0 mL) was dissolved in THF (20 mL). This solution was cooled to 0 °C and *n*-butyllithium (2.5 M, 20 mL) was added. The reaction was stirred for 90 min and then transferred to a solution of 2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (4.2 g) in THF (40 mL) at -
 30 78 °C. This mixture was stirred for 15 min and then quenched with aqueous NH_4Cl . The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x), and the organic layer was dried,

filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Flash chromatography of the resulting residue provided 2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (2.4 g). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 248.2$.

5

(79b) The 2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid was carried through procedure (47a) to afford 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H). A portion (61 mg, 0.18 mmol) of this material was combined with (2S, 3S)-11.5 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (68a); 67 mg, 0.18 mmol) and incorporated in procedure (1c). The product was carried through procedure (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R^1 = 4-ethylphenyl, R^3 = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{28}H_{40}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$ 537.3053. Found: 537.3074.

Example 80

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(80a) N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., *Synlett* 1992, 360; 3.0 g) was dissolved in DMF prior to the addition of K_2CO_3 (2.4 g) and iodomethane (0.8 mL). After 1.5 h, the solution was diluted with EtOAc and was washed with brine solution followed by 1N HCl solution. The organic layer was then

washed with Na_2CO_3 solution, water, and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated to give the ester as an off-white solid (3.03 g). A portion of this solid was dissolved in TFA (3.3 mL) and cooled to 0°C prior to the addition of TFAA (0.97 mL). After 10 min, crushed ice was added. After an additional 30 min, the solid was collected and washed with water. The solid was dried to give the TFA amide (970 mg). A portion of this solid (583 mg) was dissolved in DMF (12 mL), and the solution was charged with K_2CO_3 (511 mg) and benzyl bromide (0.24 mL). The reaction was stirred 18 h before it was diluted with EtOAc and washed with 1N HCl and brine. The EtOAc was dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolve in THF (10 mL) prior to addition of 1N LiOH (10 mL) and 20 drops of MeOH. After 18 h, the THF was removed and the solution was made acidic ($\text{pH}=5$) with 1N HCl. This solution was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried, filtered, and concentrated to give 2-benzylamino-5-trifluoromethylbenzoic acid (500 mg). MS found: $(2\text{M} - \text{H})^- = 589.1$.

(80b) The compound from procedure (80a), 2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (58 mg, 0.20 mmol), was combined with (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.6 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{CH}(\text{OH})n\text{-propyl}$, all other $\text{R} = \text{H}$; cf. procedure (70a); 64 mg, 0.20 mmol) and carried through procedures (1c) and (1d). The crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $\text{R}^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{CH}(\text{OH})n\text{-propyl}$, $\text{Z} = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 2\text{-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $\text{R} = \text{H}$; 5 mg). MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 585.6$.

Example 81

5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(methoxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(81a) To a cooled (0 °C), light-protected solution of (2*S*,
 10 3*S*)-11.5 (1 = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, all other
 R = H; cf. procedure (68a); 0.27 g, 0.75 mmol) in
 methylene chloride (8 mL) was added Me₃OBF₃ (0.15 g, 1.0
 mmol) and then proton sponge (0.21 g, 0.98 mmol). The
 reaction was stirred for 2 days in the dark and then
 15 diluted with methylene chloride and filtered through a
 pad of Celite. The filtrate was washed with 1N HCl (2 x)
 and brine (1 x), and then dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and
 concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified via
 flash chromatography (SiO₂) to afford the desired (2*S*,
 20 3*S*)-11.6 (1 = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, R' = Me,
 all other R = H; 49 mg). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 399.4.

(81b) The compound 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf.
 25 procedure (47a); 54 mg, 0.15 mmol) and (2*S*, 3*S*)-11.6 (1 =
 m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = propynyl, R' = Me, all other R =
 H; cf. procedure (81a); 49 mg, 0.13 mmol) were combined
 in procedure (1c). The product was taken through
 procedure (1d), and the resultant product was purified by
 30 RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-1.5 (1 = m
 = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OMe)*n*-propyl, Z = -
 C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino -5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all

other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{31}H_{44}F_3N_4O_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 609.3264$. Found: 609.3270.

Example 82

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(methoxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10 (82a) A sample of (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OMe)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino -5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 11 mg) from procedure (81b) was taken through procedure (48a). The resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC to
15 afford the title compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OMe)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 509.5$.

20 Example 83

N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-(methyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

25 (83a) To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of the Weinreb amide (S)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; 0.26 g, 0.69 mmol) in THF (7 mL) was added methyl lithium (4.0 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF). The reaction was stirred
30 for 2 h at -78 °C and 30 min at RT. The mixture was recooled to -78 °C and quenched with sat. NH₄Cl. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc, washed with sat. NH₄Cl (2 x) and brine (1 x), and dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and

concentrated in vacuo. The residue was resubjected to the identical procedure, including the aqueous workup, and the resultant residue was purified by flash chromatography to afford the desired (*S*)-**11.4** ($l = m = 0$,
 5 PGN = CbzHN, $R = R'' = \text{methyl}$, all other $R = H$; 74 mg).
 MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 375.4$.

(83b) The compound **1.2** ($Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid}$, all other $R = H$; cf.
 10 procedure (47a); 88 mg, 0.24 mmol) and (*S*)-**11.4** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R = R'' = \text{methyl}$, all other $R = H$; cf. procedure (83a); 74 mg, 0.21 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The product was taken through procedure (1d), and the resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC
 15 to afford the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -C(OH)Me_2$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{29}H_{40}F_3N_4O_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 581.2951$. Found: 581.2940.

20

Example 84

N-[2-[[[(*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-(methyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

25

(84a) A sample of (*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -C(OH)Me_2$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 11 mg) from procedure (83b) was taken through procedure (48a).
 30 The resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -C(OH)Me_2$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-}$

5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). MS
found: (M + H)⁺ = 481.4.

Example 85

5 N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(ethyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

- 10 (85a) To a cooled (0 °C) solution of Weinreb amide (S)-
11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; 0.25 g,
0.66 mmol) in THF (7 mL) was added ethylmagnesium bromide
(2.0 mL of a 2.0 M solution in THF). The reaction was
stirred for 3 h in the melting ice bath (during which
15 time it warms to RT). The mixture was recooled to 0 °C
and quenched with sat. NH₄Cl. The mixture was diluted
with EtOAc, washed with sat. NH₄Cl (2 x) and brine (1 x),
and dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*.
The residue was resubjected to the identical procedure,
20 including the aqueous workup, and the resultant residue
was purified by flash chromatography to afford the
desired (S)-**11.4** (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = R" = ethyl,
all other R = H; 125 mg).
- 25 (85b) The compound **1.2** (Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf.
procedure (47a); 140 mg, 0.39 mmol) and (S)-**11.4** (l = m =
0, PGN = CbzHN, R = R" = ethyl, all other R = H; cf.
procedure (85a); 125 mg, 0.33 mmol) were combined in
30 procedure (1c). The product was taken through procedure
(1d), and the resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC
to afford the title compound (S)-**1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ =
2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(OH)Et₂, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc

2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{31}H_{44}F_3N_4O_5$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 609.3264. Found: 609.3291.

5

Example 86

N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-(ethyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10 (86a) A sample of (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(OH)Et₂, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 11 mg) from procedure (85b) was taken through procedure (48a). The resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford
15 the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(OH)Et₂, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 509.4.

20

Example 87

N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-(propyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

25

(87a) To a cooled (0 °C) solution of Weinreb amide (S)-11.2 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, all other R = H; 1.07 g, 2.8 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was added allylmagnesium bromide (17.0 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF). The reaction was
30 stirred for 3 h in the melting ice bath (during which time it warms to RT). The mixture was re-cooled to 0 °C and quenched with sat. NH₄Cl. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc, washed with sat. NH₄Cl (2 x) and brine (1 x),

and dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was resubjected to the identical procedure, including the aqueous workup, and the resultant residue was purified by flash chromatography to afford the
 5 desired (*S*)-**11.4** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R = R'' = \text{allyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 560 mg). MS found: $(M + \text{Na})^+ = 427.4$.

(87b) The compound **1.2** ($Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; cf.
 10 procedure (47a); 176 mg, 0.49 mmol) and (*2S, 3S*)-**11.4** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R = R'' = \text{allyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; cf. procedure (87a); 137 mg, 0.45 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The product was taken through procedure (1d), and the resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC
 15 to afford the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -\text{C}(\text{OH})n\text{-Pr}_2$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 10 mg). MS found: $(M + \text{H})^+ = 637.6$.

20

Example 88

N-[2-[[*(S)*-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-(propyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

25 (88a) A sample of (*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -\text{C}(\text{OH})n\text{-Pr}_2$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 11 mg) from procedure (87b) was taken through procedure (48a). The resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC to
 30 afford the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -\text{C}(\text{OH})n\text{-Pr}_2$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{40}\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_3$, the formula for $(M + \text{H})^+ = 537.3053$. Found: 537.3065.

Example 89

5 N-[2-[[[(S)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxycyclopentyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide]

(89a) To a solution of (S)-11.4 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = R" = allyl, all other R = H; 140 mg) in methylene chloride (4 mL) was added tricyclohexylphosphine[1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4,5-dihydroimidazol-2-ylidene][benzylidene]ruthenium (IV) dichloride (Strem, Inc.; ca. 2 mg, catalytic amount). The reaction was stirred for 12 h at RT before being concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography to provide (S)-11.4 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = R" = -CH₂C=CCH₂-, all other R = H; 31 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 399.4.

(89b) The compound 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; cf. procedure (47a); 92 mg, 0.25 mmol) and (S)-11.4 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R = R" = -CH₂C=CCH₂-, all other R = H; cf. procedure (89a); 59 mg, 0.16 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c). The product was taken through procedure (1d), and the resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(OH)c-C₄H₈, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 607.5.

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Example 90

N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(S)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
1-(hydroxycyclopentyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

5 (90a) A sample of (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(OH)c-C₄H₈, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg) from procedure (89b) was taken through procedure (48a). The resultant product was purified by RP-HPLC to
 10 afford the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(OH)c-C₄H₈, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₆H₃₄F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 507.2583. Found: 507.2588.

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Example 91

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

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(91a) The compound (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; cf. procedure (33b); 1.4 g, 3.1 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). The resultant secondary amine (1.1 g, 2.6 mmol) was dissolved
 25 in THF (39 mL). The solution was charged with triethylamine (0.69 mL, 5.2 mmol) and dibenzylidicarbonate (893 mg, 3.1 mmol) and stirred for 48 h before being concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc, and the solution was washed successively with 1N
 30 HCl, water, and brine. The organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; 0.7 g). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 569.3.

35 (91b) A solution of (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; 65 mg, 0.14

mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was charged successively with 3-trifluoromethoxybenzoic acid (29 mg, 0.14 mmol), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.06 mL, 0.35 mmol), and HATU (63 mg, 0.17 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h and
 5 diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with water (2 x), sat. NaHCO₃, water, and brine. The organic phase was then dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product was dissolved in MeOH (2 mL) and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (13 mg).
 10 The reaction vessel was evacuated and back-filled with hydrogen several times over the course of 4 h. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, all other
 15 R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₆H₃₄F₃N₄O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 523.2532. Found: 523.2521.

Example 92

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(difluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(92a) A solution of *meta*-cyanobenzaldehyde (1.3 g, 10
 25 mmol) in methylene chloride (30 mL) was charged with DAST (1.3 mL, 10 mmol) and stirred for 3 h at RT. The mixture was poured into water and extracted with methylene chloride (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and
 30 concentrated *in vacuo*. The resultant 3-difluoromethyl-benzonitrile was dissolved in dioxane (15 mL) and 6N HCl (20 mL) and heated at 100 °C for 18 h. The mixture was cooled to RT and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered,
 35 and concentrated *in vacuo*. Analysis by ¹H-NMR showed 45% conversion to the benzoic acid. The residue was dissolved in Et₂O and washed with 1N NaOH. The organic

layer was discarded; the aqueous layer was acidified with 12M HCl and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide pure 3-(difluoromethyl)benzoic acid as a white solid (459 mg).

(92b) The compound 3-(difluoromethyl)benzoic acid (52 mg) was incorporated into procedure (91b). A portion (13.5 mg) of the resultant product was dissolved in ethanol (0.2 mL) and the solution was charged with 10% Pd/C (7 mg) and cyclohexene (0.01 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for 30 min, cooled to RT, and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-difluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₆H₃₅F₂N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 489.2677. Found: 489.2665.

20 Example 93

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethylthio)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(93a) The compound 3-(trifluoromethylthio)benzoic acid (25 mg, 0.11 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(F₃CS)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₆H₃₄S₁F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 539.2304. Found: 539.2292.

Example 94

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(pentafluoroethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(94a) Methyl 3-iodobenzoate (1.0 g) was dissolved in DMF (10 mL) and toluene (4 mL) prior to the addition of CuI (1.34 g) and $\text{CF}_3\text{CF}_2\text{CO}_2\text{Na}$ (1.45 g). This mixture was
5 heated at 130°C and some toluene was removed via a Dean-Stark trap (Freskos, J. *Syn Comm.* 1988, 965). The mixture was then heat at 155°C for 2h. After cooling the solution was poured into water and Et_2O . The organic
layer was dried and concentrated. The resulting residue
10 was dissolved in THF (6 mL) and MeOH (1 mL) prior to the addition of 1M LiOH/ H_2O solution (9.3 mL). After 3 h, the solution was partially concentrated. The reaction was quenched with 1N HCl solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried and concentrated in
15 vacuo. MS found: $(M - H)^- = 239.1$.

(94b) The compound 3-(pentafluoroethyl)benzoic acid (29 mg, 0.12 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-
20 1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(pentafluoroethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_5\text{N}_4\text{O}_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 557.2551$. Found: 557.2524.

25

Example 95

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

30 (95a) A cooled (-78 °C) solution of para-(trifluoromethoxy)aniline (3.2 mL, 24 mmol) in THF (200 mL) was charged with NaHMDs (53 mL of a 1.0 M THF solution) and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was then charged with a solution of di-(tert-butyl)dicarbonate
35 (5.3 g, 24 mmol) in THF (40 mL) and stirred for 14 h,

during which time it slowly warmed to RT. The reaction was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc. The organic phase was washed successively with 1N HCl, water, and brine before being dried (Na₂SO₄),
5 filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide *N*-Boc para-(trifluoromethoxy)aniline (6.2 g). The entirety of this product was dissolved in THF (112 mL), and the resultant solution was cooled to -78 °C before being charged with *sec*-butyllithium (38 mL of a 1.3 M
10 solution). The solution was warmed to -40 °C and stirred at that temperature for 3 h. The reaction vessel was then evacuated and back-filled with carbon dioxide. The mixture was stirred for 14 h, during which time it slowly warmed to RT. The mixture was then treated with 1N HCl,
15 stirred for 10 min, and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash chromatography to afford *N*-Boc 2-amino-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoic acid (3.4 g).

20

(95b) A solution of (*S*)-1.6 (*l* = *m* = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; cf. procedure (91a); 55 mg, 0.12 mmol) in 1:1 methylene chloride/DMF (3 mL) was charged successively with *N*-Boc 2-amino-3-
25 (trifluoromethoxy)benzoic acid (37 mg, 0.12 mmol), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.05 mL, 0.21 mmol), and HATU (53 mg, 0.14 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with water (2 x), sat. NaHCO₃, water, and brine. The organic
30 phase was then dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product was carried through procedure (48a) to provide (*S*)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-amino-3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg) after
35 purification by RP-HPLC. MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 672.3.

(95c) A sample of (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-amino-3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg) was dissolved in MeOH (2 mL) and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (13 mg). The reaction vessel was evacuated and back-filled with hydrogen several times over the course of 4 h. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-amino-3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, all other R = H; 4 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{35}F_3N_5O_4$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 538.2641. Found: 538.2644.

15

Example 96

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(methyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(96a) The compound 2-amino-5-(methyl)benzoic acid (65 mg, 0.14 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-amino-5-(methyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{38}N_5O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 468.2975. Found: 468.3002.

Example 97

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-ethylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(97a) Iodoethane was incorporated into procedure (80a) to afford 2-ethylamino-5-trifluoromethylbenzoic acid, a portion (52 mg, 0.11 mmol) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the

title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -
C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-ethylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS
calcd for $C_{28}H_{39}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
5 550.3005. Found: 550.3013.

Example 98

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[2-propylamino-5-
10 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(98a) Allyl iodide was incorporated into procedure (80a)
to afford 2-allylamino-5-trifluoromethylbenzoic acid, a
portion (20 mg, 0.08 mmol) of which was incorporated into
15 procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the
title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -
C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-propylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS
calcd for $C_{29}H_{41}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
20 564.3161. Found: 564.3187.

Example 99

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[2-isobutylamino-5-
25 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(99a) The compound 2-methylpropenyl bromide was
incorporated into procedure (80a) to afford 2-
(methylpropenyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl) benzoic acid, a
30 portion (17 mg, 0.07 mmol) of which was incorporated into
procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the
title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -
C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-isobutylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS
35 calcd for $C_{30}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
578.3318. Found: 578.3300.

Example 100

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

10 (100a) Butyl iodide was incorporated into procedure (80a) to afford 2-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl) benzoic acid, a portion (18 mg, 0.095 mmol) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 2 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{30}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
15 578.3318. Found: 578.3325.

Example 101

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-cyclohexylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

25 (101a) Cyclohexylamine was incorporated into procedure (79a) to provide 2-cyclohexylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, which was carried through procedure (47a) to afford 1.2 ($Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$). A portion (59 mg, 0.19 mmol) of this material was combined with (S)-2.3 ($l = m = 0$, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$; cf. procedure (33a); 75 mg,
30 0.19 mmol) in procedure (1c). The product was carried through procedure (1d). The resultant crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -cyclohexylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other
35 $R = H$; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{32}H_{45}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 604.3474$. Found: 604.3452.

Example 102

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[2-isopropylamino-5-
 5 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(102a) The compounds (S)-2.3 (l = m = 0, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -
 C(O)NHt-Bu; cf. procedure (33a); 75 mg, 0.19 mmol) and
 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-isopropylamino-5-
 10 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure
 (79b); 59 mg, 0.19 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c),
 and the product was taken through procedure (1d). The
 resultant crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford
 the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ =
 15 -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-isopropylamino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact
 MS calcd for C₂₉H₄₁F₃N₅O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
 564.3161. Found: 564.3172.

20 **Example 103**

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[2-(tert-butyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

25 (103a) The compounds (S)-2.3 (l = m = 0, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -
 C(O)NHt-Bu; cf. procedure (33a); 75 mg, 0.19 mmol) and
 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(tert-butyl)amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure
 (78b); 59 mg, 0.19 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c),
 30 and the product was taken through procedure (1d). The
 resultant crude product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford
 the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ =
 -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(tert-butyl)amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS
 35 calcd for C₃₀H₄₃F₃N₅O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
 578.3318. Found: 578.3319.

Example 104

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-
 5 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(104a) The compounds (S)-2.3 (l = m = 0, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -
 C(O)NHt-Bu; cf. procedure (33a); 75 mg, 0.19 mmol) and
 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-
 10 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure
 (69a); 59 mg, 0.19 mmol) were combined in procedure (1c).
 The product was taken through procedure (1d).
 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-
 1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-
 15 , R² = 2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact
 MS calcd for C₂₈H₃₈F₃N₆O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
 579.2907. Found: 579.2909.

20

Example 105

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(isopropoxycarbonyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

25 (105a) 2-Amino-5-trifluoromethylbenzoic acid (110 mg) was
 dissolved in a THF (4 mL), water (1 mL), and Et₃N (0.25
 mL) mixture prior to the addition of iso-propyl
 chloroformate (0.54 mL, 1M in toluene). The solution was
 stirred at rt for 18 h. The reaction was quenched with
 30 1N HCl solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic
 layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated *in vacuo*.

(105b) The compound 2-(isopropoxycarbonyl)amino-5-
 (trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid was incorporated into
 35 procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the

title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-(isopropoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{30}H_{41}F_3N_5O_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
5 608.3060. Found: 608.3080.

Example 106

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-
10 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(106a) The compound 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (cf. procedure (79a); 17 mg, 0.06 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b).
15 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{30}H_{42}F_3N_6O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
20 607.3220. Found: 607.3235.

Example 107

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-
25 dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(107a) 2-Amino-5-trifluorobenzoic acid (200 mg) was dissolved in THF (2.5 mL) and 2M K_2CO_3/H_2O (1 mL) prior to the addition of cyclohexylcarbonyl chloride (0.2 mL).
30 The solution was stirred at rt for 30 min. The reaction was quenched with 1N HCl solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried and concentrated (302 mg). MS found: $(2M - H)^- = 629.2$.

(107b) The compound 2-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (42 mg, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -(cyclohexylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{33}H_{45}F_3N_5O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 632.3424$. Found: 632.3442.

10

Example 108

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

15 (108a) The compound 2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (cf. procedure (80a); 33 mg, 0.11 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{33}H_{41}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 612.3161$. Found: 612.3143.

20

Example 109

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(para-chloro)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(109a) The compound N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., Synlett 1992, 360) was transformed into its methyl ester as described in procedure (80a). A solution of this ester (125 mg, 0.39 mmol) in DMF (6 mL) was charged with K_2CO_3 (216 mg, 1.6 mmol) and para-chlorobenzyl bromide (160 mg, 0.78 mmol). After 1.5 h, the solution was diluted with EtOAc and was washed with brine solution

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followed by 1N HCl solution. The organic layer was then washed with Na₂CO₃ solution, water, and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the resulting residue provided the desired *N*-Boc benzylamine (69 mg), which was dissolved in THF (0.9 mL). The solution was charged with 1N LiOH (0.3 mL) and MeOH (0.3 mL). After stirring for 18 h, the THF was removed and the solution was made acidic (pH=5) with 1N HCl. This solution was extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic layer was washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated to give *N*-Boc 2-(*para*-chlorobenzyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid.

15 (109b) A solution of (*S*)-**1.6** (*l* = *m* = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONH*t*-Bu, all other R = H; 55 mg, 0.12 mmol) in 1:1 methylene chloride/DMF (3 mL) was charged successively with *N*-Boc 2-(*para*-chlorobenzyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (0.15 mmol), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.05 mL, 0.29 mmol), and HATU (53 mg, 0.14 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with water (2 x), sat. NaHCO₃, water, and brine. The organic phase was then dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in *vacuo*. The product was dissolved in 2:1 methylene chloride/TFA, stirred for 3 h, and then concentrated in *vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and concentrated in *vacuo*; this was repeated twice more. The resultant product was dissolved in ethanol (1 mL) and the solution was charged with 10% Pd/C (20 mg) and cyclohexene (0.02 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for 30 min, cooled to RT, and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NH*t*-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(*para*-chloro)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all

other R = H; 6 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{33}H_{40}Cl_1F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 646.2772$. Found: 646.2782.

Example 110

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-[(beta-naphthyl)methyl]amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide.

(110a) The compound (beta-naphthyl)methyl bromide (176 mg,
10 0.8 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (80a) to provide 2-[(beta-naphthyl)methyl]amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, a portion (61 mg, 0.17 mmol) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-
15 1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2-[(\beta\text{-naphthyl)methyl]amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{37}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 662.3318$. Found: 662.3311.

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Example 111

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(meta-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

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(111a) The compound meta-methylbenzyl bromide was incorporated into procedure (80a) to provide 2-(3-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, a portion (43 mg, 0.14 mmol) of which was incorporated into
30 procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2-(\text{meta-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{34}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
35 626.3318. Found: 626.3288.

Example 112

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(para-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

5

(112a) A solution of (S)-1.6 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONHt-Bu, all other R = H; cf. procedure (91a); 164 mg, 0.35 mmol) in 1:1 methylene chloride/DMF (5 mL) was charged successively with N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., *Synlett* **1992**, 360; 107 mg, 0.35 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.06 mL, 0.35 mmol), and HATU (63 mg, 0.17 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with water (2 x), sat. NaHCO₃, water, and brine. The organic phase was then dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to provide (S)-1.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 249 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 778.5.

(112b) A solution of (S)-1.3 (l = m = 0, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³ = CONHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (112a); 83 mg, 0.11 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was charged with K₂CO₃ and para-methylbenzyl bromide (41 mg, 0.22 mmol). After stirring for 1.5 h, the solution was diluted with EtOAc and was washed with brine solution followed by 1N HCl solution. The organic layer was then washed with Na₂CO₃ solution, water, and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was dissolved in 2:1 methylene chloride/TFA (3 mL), stirred for 3 h, and then concentrated in vacuo. The product was dissolved in methylene chloride and concentrated in vacuo; this was

repeated twice more. The resultant product was dissolved in ethanol (3 mL) and the solution was charged with 10% Pd/C (10 mg) and cyclohexene (0.04 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for 30 min, cooled to RT, and
 5 filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-(para-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS
 10 calcd for $C_{34}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+$ = 626.3318. Found: 626.3313.

Example 113

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-(ortho-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-
 15 dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(113a) The compound *ortho*-methylbenzyl bromide (0.03 mL, 0.22 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (112b).
 20 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-(*ortho*-methyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). MS
 found: $(M + H)^+$ = 626.4.

25

Example 114

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-(para-trifluoromethyl)benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

30

(114a) The compound *para*-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl bromide (0.03 mL, 0.22 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (112b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-(*para*-trifluoromethyl)benzylamino-
 35

5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{34}H_{40}F_6N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 680.3035$. Found: 680.3061.

5

Example 115

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

- 10 (115a) The compound 3-nitro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (65 mg, 0.14 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{35}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 522.2692$. Found: 522.2702.

Example 116

- 20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

- (116a) A solution of 3-nitro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (5.4 g, 23 mmol) in MeOH (115 mL) was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (1.09 g). The reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen and stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere (1 atm) for 3 h. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to provide 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (4.25 g). This material was incorporated into procedure (80a) to provide 3-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, a portion (17 mg, 0.06 mmol) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS

calcd for $C_{33}H_{41}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 612.3161$. Found: 612.3184.

Example 117

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-methylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

10 (117a) Methyl 3-(trifluoromethylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (cf. procedures (116a) and (80a); 131 mg, 0.42 mmol) was dissolved in THF (5 mL), and the resultant solution was charged successively with KHMDS (0.83 mL of a 0.5 M solution) and iodomethane (0.03 mL, 0.42 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 16 h, quenched
15 with sat. $NaHCO_3$, and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. This product was dissolved in 3:1:1 THF/MeOH/water (5 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with lithium hydroxide
20 (20 mg, 0.84 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 14 h, acidified with 1N HCl, and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with water, washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide 3-methylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid.
25

(117b) The compound 3-methylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (55 mg, 0.25 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-
30 HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -methylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{37}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 536.2848$. Found: 536.2857.

35

Example 118

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-ethylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

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(118a) Methyl 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (cf. procedures (116a) and (80a); 177 mg, 0.81 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH (12 mL) and the resulting solution was charged successively with acetaldehyde (0.045 mL, 0.81 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (64 mg, 1.01 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 12 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with sat. NaHCO₃, water (2 x), and brine before being dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. This product was dissolved in 3:1 THF/MeOH (12 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with lithium hydroxide (3 mL of a 1N solution). The reaction was stirred for 14 h, acidified with 1N HCl, and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with water, washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide 3-ethylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid.

(118b) The compound 3-ethylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (35 mg, 0.15 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-ethylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₈H₃₉F₃N₅O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 550.3005. Found: 550.2999.

Example 119

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-isobutylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(119a) Isobutyraldehyde (0.08 mL) was incorporated into procedure (118a) to provide 3-isobutylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (161 mg), a portion (27 mg, 0.1 mmol) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b).
5 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -isobutylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{30}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 578.3318$. Found: 578.3341.

10

Example 120

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-propylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

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(120a) Propionaldehyde (0.1 mL) was incorporated into procedure (118a) to provide 3-propylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (103 mg), a portion (25 mg) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b).
20 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -propylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{29}H_{41}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 564.3161$. Found: 564.3145.

25

Example 121

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

30

(121a) Butyraldehyde (0.09 mL) was incorporated into procedure (118a) to provide 3-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (172 mg), a portion (35 mg) of which was incorporated into procedure (91b).
35 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$

, R^2 = 3-butylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{30}H_{43}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 578.3318$. Found: 578.3333.

5

Example 122

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

- 10 (122a) A solution of (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (115a); 14 mg, 0.03 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was charged with pyridine (0.002 mL) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (0.004
- 15 mL). The reaction was stirred for 12 h, diluted with water, and extracted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 =
- 20 -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethylcarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 618.5$.

Example 123

- 25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-(ethoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

- (123a) Methyl 3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (cf. procedures (116a) and (80a); 236 mg, 1.01 mmol) was dissolved in THF (11 mL) and the resulting solution was charged successively with K_2CO_3 (1.6 mL of a 2.0 M aq. solution) and ethylchloroformate (258 mg, 2.7 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 48 h, concentrated in
- 35 vacuo, and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with sat. $NaHCO_3$, water (2 x), and brine before

being dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. This product was dissolved in 3:1 THF/MeOH (8 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with lithium hydroxide (2 mL of a 1N solution). The reaction was stirred for 14 h, acidified with 1N HCl, and extracted with EtOAc (2 x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with water, washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide 3-(ethoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid. MS found: $(M - H)^- =$ 276.1.

(123b) The compound 3-(ethoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (29 mg, 0.09 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (91b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}t\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(ethoxycarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{39}\text{F}_3\text{N}_5\text{O}_5$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 594.2903$. Found: 594.2917.

Example 124

(2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[2-methyl-4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

(124a) The compound 2-methyl-4-bromobenzaldehyde (M. I. Dawson, et al., *J. Med. Chem.* **1984**, 27, 1516 - 1531) was incorporated into procedure (27b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2$ -methyl-4-bromophenyl, $R^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}t\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $R^2 = 2$ -amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 1.5 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 530.0$.

Example 125

(2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide

5 (125a) The compound para-bromobenzaldehyde was incorporated into procedure (27b). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-bromophenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5.0 mg). MS
10 found: (M + H)⁺ = 518.0.

Example 126

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[4-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

15

(126a) The compound para-methylbenzaldehyde (0.015 mL, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-
20 1.5 (R^1 = 4-methylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₂F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 493.2426. Found: 493.2445.

25 **Example 127**

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

30 (127a) The compound para-bromobenzaldehyde (18 mg, 0.10 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-methylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). MS
35 found: (M + H)⁺ = 557.1.

Example 128

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-bromo-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(128a) The compound 4-bromo-2-methylbenzaldehyde (M. I. Dawson, et al., *J. Med. Chem.* **1984**, 27, 1516 - 1531; 0.025 mL, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound
 10 (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-bromo-2-methylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{31}BrF_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 571.1532$. Found: 571.1536.

15

Example 129

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

20 (129a) The compound para-methoxybenzaldehyde (0.015 mL, 0.12 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-
 1.5 (R^1 = 4-methoxyphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg).
 25 MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 509.1$.

Example 130

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

30

(130a) The compound 4-methoxy-2-methylbenzaldehyde (0.011 mL, 0.07 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-
 35 1.5 (R^1 = 4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H;

20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 523.2532$. Found: 523.2546.

Example 131

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2-methoxypyridin-5-yl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(131a) The compound 2-methoxy-5-formylpyridine (0.016 mL, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2\text{-methoxypyridin-5-yl}$, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 29 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{24}H_{31}F_3N_5O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 510.2328$. Found: 510.2336.

Example 132

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2,3-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(132a) The compound 2,3-dimethyl-4-methoxy-benzaldehyde (0.025 mL, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 2,3\text{-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl}$, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 10 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 537.2$.

Example 133

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-cyano-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(133a) The compound 4-cyano-2-methylbenzaldehyde (B. P. Clark, et al., *Biorg. & Med. Chem. Lett.* **1997**, *7*, 2777-2780; 8.2 mg, 0.06 mmol) was incorporated into procedure

(1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-cyano-2-methylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{31}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for
5 (M + H)⁺ = 518.2379. Found: 518.2374.

Example 134

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
10 propanamide

(134a) The compound 4-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.015 mL, 0.11 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-ethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact
15 MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 507.2583. Found: 507.2593.

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Example 135

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[2-methyl-4-
vinylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(135a) A solution of 4-bromo-2-methylbenzyl alcohol (M. I. Dawson, et al., *J. Med. Chem.* **1984**, 27, 1516 - 1531; 0.81 g, 4.0 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) was charged successively with $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.13 g, 0.11 mmol), BHT (few crystals, catalytic), and vinyltributyltin (1.3 mL, 4.4
25 mmol). The mixture was heated at 110 °C for 3.5 h, cooled, charged with aqueous KF and stirred for 12 h at RT. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc and the resultant white precipitate was removed via filtration. The organic phase was separated, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and
30 concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified via flash chromatography to afford 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzyl
35

alcohol (0.54 g). A portion (0.27 g) of this product in methylene chloride (5 mL) was added to a precooled (-78 °C) mixture of oxalyl chloride (1.3 mL, 2.6 mmol) and DMSO (0.3 mL, 4.3 mmol) in methylene chloride (10 mL). The
5 reactoin was charged with triethylamine (1.0 mL, 7.2 mmol) and stirred in the cold bath for 2 h, at which point the bath was at RT. The reaction was stirred for an additional hour at RT and then quenched with sat. NaHCO₃. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x), and
10 the organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to afford pure 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzaldehyde.

(135b) The compound 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzaldehyde (14 mg, 0.10 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** (R¹ = 2-methyl-4-vinylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₇H₃₄F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M +
20 H)⁺ = 519.2583. Found: 519.2580.

Example 136

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-ethyl-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide
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(136a) The compound (*S*)-**1.5** (R¹ = 2-methyl-4-vinylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure
30 (135b); 45 mg) was dissolved in MeOH and the solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (ca. 3 mg, catalytic). The reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen and then maintained under a hydrogen atmosphere (1 atm pressure) for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with MeOH, filtered,
35 and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** (R¹ = 4-ethyl-2-methylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 521.2740$. Found: 521.2758.

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Example 137

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-isopropylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

- 10 (137a) The compound 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde (0.02 mL, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 4$ -isopropylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg).
15 Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 521.2740$. Found: 521.2759.

Example 138

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-butylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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- (138a) The compound 4-butylbenzaldehyde (0.022 mL, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification
25 by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 ($R^1 = 4$ -butylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 28 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{28}H_{38}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 535.2896$. Found: 535.2901.

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Example 139

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(139a) The compound 4-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde (11 mg, 0.07 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-dimethylaminophenyl, R^3 = $-C(O)NHt-Bu$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{35}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+$ = 522.2692. Found: 522.2721.

Example 140

10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(140a) The compound 4-dimethylamino-2-methylbenzaldehyde (23 mg, 0.14 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl, R^3 = $-C(O)NHt-Bu$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{37}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+$ = 536.2848. Found: 536.2833.

Example 141

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-methylthiophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(141a) The compound 4-methylthiobenzaldehyde (0.05 mL, 0.37 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-methylthiophenyl, R^3 = $-C(O)NHt-Bu$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{32}F_3N_4O_3S_1$, the formula for $(M + H)^+$ = 525.2147. Found: 525.2129.

Example 142

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-methylsulfonylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(142a) The compound 4-methylsulfonylbenzaldehyde (13 mg, 0.07 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-methylsulfonylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{32}F_3N_4O_5S_1$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 557.2046. Found: 557.2052.

Example 143

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(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(143a) The compound 4-trifluoromethoxybenzaldehyde (0.01 mL, 0.09 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{29}F_6N_4O_4$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 563.2093. Found: 563.2122.

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Example 144

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[3-amino-4-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(144a) The compound 4-methyl-3-nitrobenzaldehyde (28 mg, 0.17 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). The resultant product was then carried through procedure (136a). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 3-amino-4-methylphenyl, R^3 = -

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C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₃F₃N₅O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 508.2535. Found: 508.2541.

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Example 145

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(indol-3-yl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(145a) The compound indol-3-ylcarboxaldehyde (19 mg, 0.13 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = indol-3-yl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₆H₃₁F₃N₅O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 518.2379. Found: 518.2374.

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Example 146

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(146a) The compound 2-methylbenzaldehyde (0.02 mL, 0.15 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R¹ = 2-methylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₂F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 493.2426. Found: 493.2417.

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Example 147

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(147a) The compound 2-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.02 mL, 0.15 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1d). Purification

by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound (S)-1.5 (R^1 = 2-ethylphenyl, R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
5 507.2583. Found: 507.2602.

Example 148

(2R)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
10 [[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(148a) Ethylamine (0.2 mL of a 2.0 M solution) and (R)-
16.2 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure
15 (6a); 36 mg) were incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (R)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^3)₂ = -C(O)NHet, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{24}H_{30}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
20 479.2270. Found: 479.2265.

Example 149

(2R)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
25 2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(149a) tert-Butylamine (0.05 mL; 0.48 mmol) and (R)-16.2
(R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (6a); 36 mg) were
30 incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (R)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^3)₂ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
35 507.2583. Found: 507.2593.

Example 150

(2R)-N-[(2-methyl)hydroxyprop-2-yl]-3-[[[2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

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(150a) The compounds 2-amino-2-methylpropanol (0.08 mL, 0.79 mmol) and (R)-**16.2** (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (6a); 60 mg) were incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (R)-**16.3** (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHCMe_2CH_2OH$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 20 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 523.1$.

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Example 151

(2S)-N-tert-Amyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

20 (151a) tert-Amylamine (70 μ L) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-**16.3** (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHCMe_2Et$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for (M + H) $^+ = 521.2740$. Found: 521.2736.

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Example 152

(2S)-N-[(2-methyl)hydroxyprop-2-yl]-3-[[[2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
30 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(152a) The compound 2-amino-2-methylpropanol (50 μ L) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-**16.3** (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHCMe_2CH_2OH$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 7 mg). Exact MS

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calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 523.2532$. Found: 523.2537.

Example 153

5 (2S)-N-[(1-methyl)cycloprop-1-yl]-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(153a) The compound α -methylcyclopropylamine (*J. Org. Chem.* **1989**, 54, 1815; 18 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NH(\alpha\text{-Me})c\text{-Pr}$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for
15 $(M + H)^+ = 505.2426$. Found: 505.2405.

Example 154

(2S)-N-Cyclopentyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide
20

(154a) Cyclopentylamine (0.5 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHc\text{-C}_5\text{H}_9$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 519.2583$. Found: 519.2572.

Example 155

30 (2S)-N-Cyclohexyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(155a) Cyclohexylamine (0.05 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHc\text{-C}_6\text{H}_{11}$, Z

= -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{28}H_{36}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 533.2740$. Found: 533.2746.

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Example 156

(2S)-N-(β,β,β -Trifluoro)ethyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

10 (156a) β,β,β -Trifluoroethylamine (0.5 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHCH₂CF₃, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS
15 calcd for $C_{24}H_{27}F_6N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 533.1987$. Found: 533.1987.

Example 157

20 (2S)-N-Allyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

(157a) Allylamine (0.02 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHallyl, Z = -C(O)-, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{25}H_{30}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 491.2270$. Found: 491.2270.

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Example 158

(2S)-N-Cyclopropylmethyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

35 (158a) Cyclopropylmethylamine (0.025 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide

(S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = $-C(O)NHCH_2c-Pr$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 505.2426$. Found: 505.2440.

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Example 159

N-[2-[[[(2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(pyrrolid-3-enyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10

(159a) 3-Pyrrolidene (0.04 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = $-C(O)c-NC_4H_6$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 503.1$.

15

Example 160

N-[2-[[[(2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(pyrrolidinyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

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(160a) The compound (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = $-C(O)c-NC_4H_6$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (159); 8 mg) was incorporated into procedure (136a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2$ = $-C(O)c-NC_4H_8$, Z = $-C(O)-$, R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 6 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 505.3$.

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Example 161

N-[2-[[[(2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(morpholinyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

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(161a) Morpholine (0.02 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)c-NC_4H_8O$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 5 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 521.3$.

Example 162

(2S)-N-Isobutyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(162a) Isobutylamine (0.15 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHCH_2i-Pr$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 507.2583$. Found: 507.2604.

Example 163

(2S)-N-sec-Butyl-3-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(163a) sec-Butylamine (0.07 mL) was incorporated into the above procedure (4a) to give the title amide (S)-16.3 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHCH(Me)Et$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 7 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 507.2583$. Found: 507.2554.

Example 164

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-4-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
3-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide

(164a) A solution of (R)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = N_3 , $R^3 = CH_2CO_2tBu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl$, all other $R = H$; cf. procedure (31d); 388 mg, 0.9 mmol) was dissolved in 3:1 methylene chloride/TFA (12 mL) and stirred for 3 h before being concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated to provide the carboxylic acid, which was carried through procedure (33a). The resultant amide (R)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, PGN = N_3 , $R^3 = CH_2CONHtBu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl$, all other $R = H$; 0.3 mmol) was then carried through procedure (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound (R)-1.5 ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl$, $R^3 = CH_2CONHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl$, all other $R = H$; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+$ = 521.2740. Found: 521.2755.

Example 165

(2S,3R)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide

(165a) To a solution of N_α -Boc threonine (2.19 g, 10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (75 mL) was added BOP (4.65 g, 10.5 mmol) and ethylamine (11 mL of a 2.0 M solution). The reaction was stirred for 2.5 h at room temperature and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic phase was separated, washed with sat. $NaHCO_3$ (1 x), washed with brine (1 x), dried ($MgSO_4$), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash chromatography to give (2S, 3R)-5.2 ($R^6 = methyl$, $R^{3a} = ethyl$; 2.22 g). MS found: $(M + Na + MeCN)^+ = 310.1$.

(165b) The amide (2*S*, 3*R*)-5.2 (R^6 = methyl, R^{3a} = ethyl; 588 mg) was dissolved in THF, and the resultant solution was cooled to 0 °C and charged with DEAD (511 μ L, 3.23 mmol), *para*-nitrobenzoic acid (600 mg, 3.59 mmol), and triphenylphosphine (785 mg, 2.99 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, and purified by flash chromatography to give the *para*-nitrobenzoate as a white solid. This material was dissolved in 25 mL of 2:2:1 THF/MeOH/H₂O and treated with LiOH (192 mg of the monohydrate). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 18 h and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc and washed with 5% NaHCO₃ (1 x) and brine (1 x). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give (2*S*, 3*S*)-5.2 (R^6 = methyl, R^{3a} = ethyl; 143 mg) as a white solid. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 7.94 (bs, 1H), 6.57 (d, 1H), 3.98-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.27-3.18 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.17 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz), 1.12 (t, 3H, J = 7.5 Hz).

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(165c) To a solution of the alcohol (2*S*, 3*S*)-5.2 (R^6 = methyl, R^{3a} = ethyl; 143 mg, 0.58 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (121 μ L, 0.7 mmol) and methanesulfonic anhydride (111 mg, 0.64 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 12 h at room temperature and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH₄Cl. The organic phase was washed with sat. NH₄Cl (1 x), washed with brine (1 x), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the mesylate as an off-yellow solid (175 mg). The mesylate was dissolved in DMSO (5 mL) and treated with sodium azide (176 mg, 2.7 mmol). The reaction was heated at 65 °C for 14 h and then partitioned between

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EtOAc and sat. NaHCO_3 . The organic phase was washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified via flash chromatography to give (2*S*, 3*R*)-5.3 (R^6 = methyl, R^{3a} = ethyl; 75 mg) as
5 a white solid. MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na} + \text{MeCN})^+ = 335.2$.

(165d) The carbamate (2*S*, 3*R*)-5.3 (R^6 = methyl, R^{3a} = ethyl; 75 mg) was dissolved in 2:1 CH_2Cl_2 /TFA (10 mL), and the resultant mixture was stirred at room temperature for
10 4 h before being concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , and concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated twice more. This residue was then dissolved in benzene and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the pure amine. The amine (0.276 mmol assumed) was
15 dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with *N*, *N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.24 mL, 1.38 mmol), 1.2 ($\text{Z} = \text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $\text{R} = \text{H}$; 75 mg, 0.304 mmol) and HATU (116 mg, 0.30 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 72 h at room
20 temperature and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic phase was washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give (2*S*, 3*R*)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, $\text{PGN} = \text{N}_3$, R^6 = methyl, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHET}$, $\text{Z} = \text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all
25 other $\text{R} = \text{H}$; 175 mg). MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 423.0$.

(165e) The azide (2*S*, 3*R*)-1.3 ($l = m = 0$, $\text{PGN} = \text{N}_3$, R^6 = methyl, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHET}$, $\text{Z} = \text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $\text{R} = \text{H}$; 175 mg) was
30 dissolved in MeOH (15 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa type (125 mg), purged with hydrogen gas, and then stirred under H_2 (1 atm) for 14 h.

The mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give the amine (2*S*, 3*R*)-1.4 (1 = m = 0, R⁶ = methyl, R³ = -C(O)NH*Et*, Z = C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 155 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 375.2.

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(165f) The amine (2*S*, 3*R*)-1.4 (1 = m = 0, R⁶ = methyl, R³ = -C(O)NH*Et*, Z = C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 78 mg, 0.14 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH (8 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with 2,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde (24 μ L, 0.17 mmol), stirred for 10 min, and charged with sodium cyanoborohydride (16 mg, 0.25 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 12 h at room temperature and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO₃. The aqueous phase was back-extracted with EtOAc (1 x), and the organic extracts were combined, washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified via RP-HPLC to give the title compound (2*S*, 3*R*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R⁶ = methyl, R³ = -C(O)NH*Et*, Z = C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₂F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 493.2427. Found: 493.2441.

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Example 166

25 (2*S*, 3*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-3-[[[4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide

(166a) The compound *para*-bromobenzaldehyde (31 mg, 0.17 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (165f) to give the title compound (2*S*, 3*R*)-1.5 (1 = m = 0, R¹ = 4-bromophenyl, R⁶ = methyl, R³ = -C(O)NH*Et*, Z = C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact

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MS calcd for $C_{23}H_{27}BrF_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 543.1219$. Found: 543.1214.

Example 167

5 Methyl (2R)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate

(167a) (R)- N_α -Boc, N_β -Cbz-diaminopropionic acid DCHA salt

10 (R)-2.1 (l = m = 0; 2.0 g, 3.9 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1b) to give (R)-2.2 (l = m = 0; 2.32 g). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 375.1$.

(167b) To a solution of (R)-2.2 (l = m = 0; 2.32 g) in
15 MeOH (40 mL) was added 5% Pd/C, Degussa (1.0 g). The vessel was purged with H_2 , and the reaction was stirred under H_2 (1 atm) for 12 h before being filtered and concentrated in vacuo to provide the amine, MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 219.3$. The amine was dissolved in 40 mL of 3:1
20 CH_2Cl_2 /DMF and the resulting solution was charged with N,N-diisopropylethylamine (1.4 mL), the acid 1.2 (Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 963 mg), and HATU (1.48 g). The reaction was stirred for 3.5 h and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed
25 successively with sat. NH_4Cl , 5% $NaHCO_3$, and sat. $NaCl$. The organic phase was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to provide amide (R)-23.1 (l = m = 0, $R^6 = CO_2Me$, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 2.52 g). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 470.1$.

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(167c) The carbamate (R)-23.1 (l = m = 0, $R^6 = CO_2Me$, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H;

2.52 g) was dissolved in 3:2 CH₂Cl₂/TFA (75 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 80 min before being concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and the solution was concentrated *in vacuo*. The
5 residue was dissolved in benzene and the solution was concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated once more to afford the amine as a yellow oil (3.5 g). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 348.1. A portion of this amine (0.4 mmol) was dissolved in THF (6 mL) and the resultant
10 solution was charged with *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (430 µL) and 2,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde (67 µL). The reaction was stirred for 15 min and charged with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (254 mg). The reaction was stirred for 3 h at room temperature and partitioned between EtOAc
15 and sat. NaHCO₃. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resultant residue was purified by reverse phase HPLC to afford the title compound (*R*)-**1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R⁶ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² =
20 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 25 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 466.3.

Example 168

(2*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-
25 [[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide

(168a) To a solution of (*R*)-**1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R⁶ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 19 mg) in 2:2:1
30 THF/MeOH/H₂O (10 mL) was added LiOH (40 mg). The reaction was stirred for 12 h at room temperature, quenched with 1 M HCl, and extracted with EtOAc (2 X).

The organic extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a white paste. This material was not characterized but rather dissolved in 3:1 CH₂Cl₂/DMF (8 mL) and treated with HATU (19 mg) and ethylamine (70 µL of a 2.0 M solution). The reaction was stirred for 3 h at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by reverse phase HPLC to afford the title compound (R)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R⁶ = CONHEt, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 479.4.

Example 169

Methyl (2S)-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanoate

(169a) (S)-N_α-Boc, N_γ-Cbz-diaminobutanoic acid DCHA salt (S)-2.1 (l = 1, m = 0; 4.93 g, 9.24 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (1b) to give (S)-2.2 (l = 1, m = 0, all R = H; 2.18 g). A portion (950 mg, 2.60 mmol) of this material was incorporated into procedures (1c) & (1d). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = CO₂Me, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 480.3.

Example 170

(2S)-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide

(170a) (S)- N_{α} -Fmoc, N_{γ} -Alloc-diaminobutyric acid (0.64 g, 1.0 mmol), N_{α} -Fmoc glycine (0.28 g, 1.0 mmol), and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid were incorporated into the above procedure (27a) to afford the resin bound (S)-21.6
 5 (l = 1, m = 0, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 700 mg).

(170b) The resin-bound (S)-21.6 (l = 1, m = 0, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 210 mg) was
 10 incorporated into the above procedure (27b) to afford the title compound (S)-21.8 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 4.0 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 465.3.

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Example 171

(2S)-N-Ethyl-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
 [[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
 butanamide

(171a) (S)- N_{α} -Boc, N_{γ} -Cbz-diaminobutanoic acid DCHA salt
 (S)-2.1 (l = 1, m = 0; 1.03g, 1.93 mmol) was dissolved in
 CH₂Cl₂ (17 mL), and the resultant solution was charged
 with ethylamine (5.0 mL of a 2.0 M solution, 10 mmol) and
 HATU (713 mg, 1.91 mmol). The reaction was stirred for
 25 15 hours at room temperature, diluted with EtOAc (60 mL)
 and washed with 1N HCl (2 x), water (1 x), and brine (1
 x). The organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered,
 and concentrated in vacuo, and the resultant residue was
 purified via flash chromatography to give (S)-2.3 (l = 1,
 30 m = 0, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHet; 398 mg). MS found: (M +
 Na)⁺ = 402.2.

(171b) The amide (S)-2.3 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, $-C(O)N(R^{3a})_2 = -C(O)NHet$; 398 mg) was dissolved in 2:1 CH_2Cl_2 /TFA (6 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 3 h. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in 5. $CHCl_3$ and concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated once more. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc, washed with sat. $NaHCO_3$ (1 x), water (1 x), and brine (1 x). The organic extracts were dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The amine (217 mg, 0.77 mmol) 10 was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (8 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with DMF (1.5 mL), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.4 mL, 2.31 mmol), N_α -Boc glycine (142 mg, 0.81 mmol) and HATU (314 mg, 0.82 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 15 h at room temperature, diluted with EtOAc (60 mL) 15 and washed with 1N HCl (2 x), water (1 x), sat. $NaHCO_3$ (1 x), and brine (1 x). The organic extracts were dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give (S)- 1.6 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHet$, all other $R = H$; >quantitative mass recovery). MS found: $(M + Na)^+ = 459.2$. 20

(171c) The bisamide (S)-1.6 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHet$, all other $R = H$; assumed to be 0.77 mmol) was dissolved in 2:1 CH_2Cl_2 /TFA (6 mL) and stirred at room 25 temperature for 3 h. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 and concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated twice more. The residue was dissolved in benzene and concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was repeated once 30 more. The product amine (assumed to be 0.77 mmol) was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL), and the resultant solution was charged with DMF (3 mL), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (1.6

mL, 9.2 mmol), 3-trifluoromethylbenzoic acid (371 mg, 1.95 mmol) and HATU (690 mg, 1.82 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 15 h at room temperature, diluted with EtOAc and washed with 1N HCl (2 x), water (1 x), sat. NaHCO₃ (1 x), and brine (1 x). The organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give (S)-1.3 (l = 1, m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = -C(O)NH₂, Z = -C(O)-, R² = trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 810 mg, >quantitative mass recovery). MS found: (M - H + TFA)⁻ = 680.0.

(171d) The unpurified carbamate (S)-1.3 (l = 1, m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = -C(O)NH₂, Z = -C(O)-, R² = trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 404 mg) was dissolved in 1:1 MeOH/THF (20 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with 5% Pd/C (Degussa type, 350 mg). The reaction was evacuated and then back-filled with H₂; this procedure was repeated twice more. The reaction was stirred for 12 h at room temperature and then filtered. The product was purified by RP-HPLC to give the free amine (S)-1.4 (l = 1, m = 0, R³ = -C(O)NH₂, Z = -C(O)-, R² = trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 70 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 375.2.

(171e) The amine (30 mg) was dissolved in MeOH (1 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with 2,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde (13 µL) and sodium cyanoborohydride (20 mg). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, diluted with EtOAc, and washed with sat. NaHCO₃. The aqueous phase was back-extracted with EtOAc (2 x), and the organic extracts were combined, washed with brine (1 x), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by RP-

HPLC to give the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NH₂Et, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₅H₃₂F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ =
 5 493.2427. Found: 493.2443.

Example 172

(2S)-N-Ethyl-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-
2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
 10 butanamide

(172a) To a cooled (0 °C) solution of (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NH₂Et, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 6 mg) in 4:1
 15 THF/1,2-dichloroethane (1 mL) was added N, N-diisopropylethylamine (2.0 µL) and formaldehyde (5 µL of a 37% aq. solution). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 15 min and charged with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (5 mg). The reaction was stirred
 20 at room temperature for 2 h, quenched with sat. NaHCO₃, and extracted with EtOAc (3 x). The organic extracts were combined, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by reverse phased HPLC to afford the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = 1, m = 0,
 25 R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R¹⁷ = methyl, R³ = -C(O)NH₂Et, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 507.4.

Example 173

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide

(173a) *tert*-Butylamine (1.73 mL, 16.5 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (171a) to give (*S*)-**2.3** (*l* = 1, *m* = 0, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^3\text{a})_2 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$; assumed 5.49 mmol). This material was carried through procedure (171b) as described and then purified by flash chromatography to afford (*S*)-**1.6** (*l* = 1, *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$, all other R = H; 2.14 g, 4.61 mmol). MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 487$.

(173b) The compound (*S*)-**1.6** (*l* = 1, *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$, all other R = H; 543 g, 1.17 mmol) and *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al., *Synlett* **1992**, 360; 375 mg, 1.23 mmol) were incorporated into the above procedure (171c) to afford (*S*)-**1.3** (*l* = 1, *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$, $\text{Z} = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other R = H; 297 mg) after flash chromatography. MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 674.3$.

(173c) The tris-amide (*S*)-**1.3** (*l* = 1, *m* = 0, PGN = CbzHN, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$, $\text{Z} = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{N-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other R = H; 297 mg) was incorporated into procedure (171d) above, but the final product was not purified by HPLC; MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 518.2$. This material was immediately subjected to the conditions outlined in procedure (171e), and the crude product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (*S*)-**1.5** (*l* = 1, *m* = 0, $\text{R}^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $\text{R}^3 = -\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHt-Bu}$, $\text{Z} = -\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{N-Boc 2-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other R = H; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{45}\text{F}_3\text{N}_5\text{O}_5$, the formula for $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 636.3373$. Found: 636.3392.

Example 174

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
 5 (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-butanamide

(174a) The material (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-
 dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc
 10 2-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 0.275
 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (172a) to
 afford the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ =
 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R¹⁷ = methyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -
 C(O)-, R² = N-Boc 2-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all
 15 other R = H; 20 mg) as a white powder after RP-HPLC and
 lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for C₃₃H₄₇F₃N₅O₅, the
 formula for (M + H)⁺ = 650.3529. Found: 650.3516.

Example 175

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide

(175a) The compound (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-
 25 dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = N-Boc
 2-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 10 mg)
 was dissolved in 6 mL of 6:1 methylene chloride/TFA and
 stirred for 3 h at RT before being concentrated *in vacuo*.
 The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the
 30 solution was concentrated *in vacuo*; this procedure was
 repeated once more. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC
 to afford the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ =
 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-

amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 5 mg) as a white powder after lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 536.2848$. Found: 536.2855.

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Example 176

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-butanamide

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(176a) The compound (S)-1.5 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^{17} = \text{methyl}$, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc } 2\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other R = H; 20 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure

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(175a) to afford the title compound (S)-24.1 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^{17} = \text{methyl}$, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other R = H; 10 mg) as a white powder after RP-HPLC and lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for $C_{28}H_{38}F_3N_5O_3$, the

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formula for $(M + H)^+ = 550.3005$. Found: 550.3003.

Example 177

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide

25

(177a) The compound (S)-1.6 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt\text{-Bu}$, all other R = H; 0.61 mmol) and 3-nitro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (143 mg, 0.61 mmol) were incorporated into the above procedure (171c) to afford (S)-1.3 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt\text{-Bu}$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other R = H; 279 mg) after flash chromatography.

30

(177b) The tris-amide (S)-1.3 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 279 mg) was incorporated into procedure (171d) above, but the final product was not purified by HPLC; MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 418.2$. Half of this material (estimated 0.24 mmol) was immediately subjected to the conditions outlined in procedure (171e), and the crude product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4\text{-dimethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 20 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{27}H_{37}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 536.2848$. Found: 536.2852.

Example 178

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide

(178a) The tris-amide (S)-1.3 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 279 mg) was incorporated into procedure (171d) above, but the final product was not purified by HPLC; MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 418.2$. Half of this material (estimated 0.24 mmol) was immediately subjected to the conditions outlined in procedure (171e), substituting 4-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.033 mL, 0.24 mmol) for 2, 4-dimethylbenzaldehyde. The crude product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, $R^1 = 4\text{-ethylphenyl}$, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other $R = H$; 15 mg). Exact MS

calcd for $C_{27}H_{37}F_3N_5O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
536.2848. Found: 536.2843.

Example 179

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide

(179a) The compound (S)-1.6 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN,
10 $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, all other $R = H$; 2.42 mmol) and 3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (460 mg, 2.42 mmol) were
incorporated into the above procedure (171c) to afford
(S)-1.3 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z =$
 $-C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl$, all other $R = H$;
15 1.07 mg) after flash chromatography. MS found: $(M + Na)^+$
 $= 559.2$.

(179b) The tris-amide (S)-1.3 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, PGN = CbzHN,
 $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-$
20 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other $R = H$; 1.43 mmol) was
incorporated into procedure (171d) above, but the final
product was not purified by HPLC. Half of this material
(estimated 0.70 mmol) was immediately subjected to the
conditions outlined in procedure (171e), and the crude
25 product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford
the title compound (S)-1.5 ($l = 1$, $m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4-$
dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -C(O)NHt-Bu$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3-$
trifluoromethylphenyl, all other $R = H$; 10 mg). Exact MS
calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
30 521.2740. Found: 521.2739.

Example 180

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-4-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide

5

(180a) The tris-amide (S)-1.3 (l = 1, m = 0, PGN = CbzHN, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; 1.43 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (171d) above, but the final product was not purified by HPLC. Half of this material (estimated 0.70 mmol) was immediately subjected to the conditions outlined in procedure (171e), substituting 4-ethylbenzaldehyde (0.096 mL, 0.7 mmol) for 2, 4-dimethylbenzaldehyde. The crude product thus obtained was purified by RP-HPLC to afford the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 9 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₂₇H₃₆F₃N₄O₃, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 521.2740. Found: 521.2741.

20

Example 181.

(2S)-N-Ethyl-5-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
pentanamide

25

(181a) (S)-N_α-Boc, N_δ-Cbz-ornithine (S)-2.1 (l = m = 1; 1.56g, 4.23 mmol) was incorporated into the above procedure (171a) to give (S)-2.3 (l = m = 1, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHet; 1.02 g). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 416.2. This material was carried through procedures (171b) - (171e) to give the title compound (S)-1.5 (l = m = 1, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -C(O)NHet, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 15 mg). Exact MS

calcd for $C_{26}H_{34}F_3N_4O_3$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ =$
507.2583. Found: 507.2599.

Example 182

5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10 (182a) The compound (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-**1.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)i\text{-}Pr$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other *R* = H; 31 mg, 0.05
mmol) was incorporated into procedure (172a) above. The
residue was purified by RP-HPLC to separate starting
15 material and the title compound (1*S*, 2*S*/*R*)-**24.1** (*l* = *m* =
0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^{17} = Me$, $R^3 = -CH(OH)i\text{-}Pr$, Z
= $-C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other *R* =
H; 5 mg), which was obtained as white powder after
lyophilization. Exact MS calcd for $C_{26}H_{35}F_3N_3O_3$, the
20 formula for $(M + H)^+ = 494.2631$. Found: 494.2643.

Example 183

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-
25 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)
carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(183a) The compound (1*S*, 2*S*)-**1.5** (*l* = *m* = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -
dimethylphenyl, $R^3 = -CH(OH)n\text{-}propyl$, $Z = -C(O)-$, $R^2 = 2$ -
30 (isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl,
all other *R* = H; cf. procedure (65a); 23 mg, 0.043 mmol)
was dissolved in MeOH (0.5 mL), and the solution was
charged with formaldehyde (37% aq. solution, 0.003 mL,

0.043 mmol) and acetic acid (0.005 mL). The reaction was stirred for 15 min at RT and then charged with sodium cyanoborohydride (3.4 mg, 0.054 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 48 h at RT and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO₃. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by RP-HPLC to provide the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R¹⁷ = methyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₃F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 594.3267. Found: 594.3276.

15

Example 184

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]isopropylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

20

(184a) The compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (65a); 25 mg, 0.043 mmol) was combined with acetone (0.003 mL, 0.043 mmol) in procedure (183a). The product was purified by RP-HPLC to provide the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R¹⁷ = isopropyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₂H₄₇F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 622.3580. Found: 622.3588.

30

Example 185

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide]

(185a) The compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (74a); 25 mg, 0.043 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (183a). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R¹⁷ = Me, R³ = -CH(OH)n-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for C₃₀H₄₃F₃N₅O₄, the formula for (M + H)⁺ = 594.3267. Found: 594.3273.

Example 186

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]isopropylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide]

(186a) The compound (1S, 2S)-1.5 (l = m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-propyl, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (74a); 23 mg, 0.041 mmol) was combined with acetone (0.003 mL, 0.041 mmol) and incorporated into procedure (183a). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = 1, m = 0, R¹ = 4-ethylphenyl, R¹⁷ = isopropyl, R³ = -CH(OH)n-Pr, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-

trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 3 mg). Exact MS calcd for $C_{32}H_{47}F_3N_5O_4$, the formula for $(M + H)^+ = 622.3592$. Found: 622.3588.

5

Example 187

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide

- 10 (187a) The compound (S)-16.3 ($R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, -C(O)N(R^{3a})₂ = -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; cf. procedure (10a); 11 mg, 0.02 mmol) was carried through procedure (172a). The product was purified by RP-HPLC to afford
- 15 the title compound (S)-24.1 (l = m = 0, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^{17} =$ methyl, $R^3 =$ -C(O)NHt-Bu, Z = -C(O)-, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 6 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 521.2$.

20

Example 188

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclohexyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

- 25 (188a) A solution of 1-amino-1-cyanocyclohexane (T. A. Keating and R. W. Armstrong, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1996**, *118*, 2574; 0.55 g, 4.4 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was charged sequentially with the acid 1.2 (all R = H, Y = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl; 1.09 g, 4.4 mmol), BOP (2.15 g,
- 30 4.9 mmol), and N, N-diisopropylethylamine (1.9 mL, 11.1 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 12 h at room temperature and partitioned between EtOAc and brine. The organic phase was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and

concentrated in vacuo. The resultant residue was purified by flash chromatography to afford the product *N*-[2-[(1-cyanocyclohexyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (300 mg). MS found: (M + Na)⁺ = 376.2.

(188b) A solution of *N*-[2-[(1-cyanocyclohexyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (300 mg) in 7:2 MeOH/CHCl₃ (9 mL) was charged with 5% Pd/C, Degussa (100 mg) and transferred to a Parr vessel. The reaction was shaken under 50 psi of H₂ for 12 h, charged with another 100 mg of Pd catalyst, and shaken for another 5 h at 50 psi of H₂. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the crude amine **1.4** (l = m = 0, (R³, R¹²) = -(CH₂)₄-, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 120 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 358.2.

(188c) A solution of the amine **1.4** (l = m = 0, (R³, R¹²) = -(CH₂)₄-, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 57 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (4 mL) was charged with *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.12 mL, 0.72 mmol), 2,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde (22 mg, 0.15 mmol), 4Å molecular sieves (powdered, 60 mg), and glacial acetic acid (8 mL, 0.15 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 3 h, charged with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (46 mg, 0.22 mmol), stirred for another 1 h at room temperature, and filtered. The filtrate was partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO₃, and the organic phase was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by reverse phase HPLC to give the title compound **1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, (R³, R¹²) = -(CH₂)₄-, Z = -

C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 8.0 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 476.4.

Example 189

5

N-[2-[[1-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclohexyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

10 (189a) para-Chlorobenzaldehyde (14 mg) was incorporated into the above procedure (188c) to give the title compound **1.5** (l = m = 0, R¹ = 4-chlorophenyl, (R³, R¹²) = -(CH₂)₄-, Z = -C(O)-, R² = 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 7.0 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 482.2.

15

Example 190

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

20 (190a) To a solution of 1-[1,1-(dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl]aminocyclopentyl carboxaldehyde (D. Braghiroli and M. Di Bella, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1996**, 37, 7319; 1.10 g, 5.16 mmol) in trimethyl orthoformate (20 mL) was added 2,4-dimethylbenzylamine (1.4 g) and the
25 reaction mixture stirred at room temperature for 8 h. Sodium cyanoborohydride (0.96 g) and methanol (2.5 mL) were added consecutively and the suspension stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with dichloromethane (2 x). The
30 organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂) provided N-Boc 1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methylcyclopentylamine (974

mg, 57%) MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 333$. To a solution of this amine (500 mg, 1.63 mmol) and triethylamine (0.5 mL, 3.58 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) was added benzyl chloroformate (512 μ L, 3.58 mmol) and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The mixture was washed consecutively with water (10 mL), saturated aqueous $NaHCO_3$ (10 mL), and brine (20 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate/sodium sulfate, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the product carbamate **1.1** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = 2,4-
10 $Me_2Ph(Cbz)N$, $R^3, R^{12} = c-C_4H_8$, all other R = H, 599 mg) as a yellow oil. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.45-7.38 (m, 5H), 7.20-7.05 (m, 2H), 7.00-6.85 (m, 3H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 2.30 (s, 6H), 1.95-1.50 (m, 8H), 1.38 (s, 9H).
15
(190b) The carbamate **1.1** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = 2,4- $Me_2Ph(Cbz)N$, $R^3, R^{12} = c-C_4H_8$, all other R = H, 0.68 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (1c). The product (70 mg, 0.10 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (0.2 mL) and
20 methanol, and the solution was charged with 10% Pd/C (50 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously under an atmosphere of $H_2(g)$ at room temperature for 1 h. The mixture was filtered through a pad of diatomaceous earth and the filtrate concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was
25 dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}C$, then trifluoroacetic acid was added and the mixture stirred for 5 min at 0 $^{\circ}C$. Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound **1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3, R^{12} = c-C_4H_8$, Z = $-C(O)-$, $R^2 = 3$ -trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 77
30 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 462$.

Example 191

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide]

(191a) The carbamate **1.1** ($l = m = 0$, PGN = 2,4-Me₂Ph(Cbz)N, R³, R¹² = *c*-C₄H₈, all other R = H, 270 mg, 0.74 mmol) was combined with **1.2** (Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, all other R = H; 0.74 mmol) and incorporated into procedure (1c). The product (60 mg, 0.08 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (0.2 mL) and methanol, and the solution was charged with 10% Pd/C (50 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously under an atmosphere of H₂ (g) at room temperature for 1 h. The mixture was filtered through a pad of diatomaceous earth and the filtrate concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) at 0 °C, then trifluoroacetic acid was added and the mixture stirred for 5 min at 0 °C. Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound **1.5** ($l = m = 0$, R¹ = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R³, R¹² = *c*-C₄H₈, Z = -C(O)-, R² = *N*-Boc 2-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 36 mg). MS found: (M + H)⁺ = 577.

Example 192

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide]

(192a) 1-[1,1-(Dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl]aminocyclopropyl carboxaldehyde (D. Braghiroli and M. Di Bella, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1996**, 37, 7319; 3.6 g, 19.4 mmol) was incorporated into procedure (190a) to provide the

carbamate X (949 mg), which was incorporated into procedure (191a). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound **1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3, R^{12} = c\text{-C}_2\text{H}_4$, $Z = -\text{C}(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc } 2\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 43 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 549$.

Example 193

N -[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

(193a) The compound **1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3, R^{12} = c\text{-C}_2\text{H}_4$, $Z = -\text{C}(O)-$, $R^2 = N\text{-Boc } 2\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 15 mg) was carried through procedure (48a). Purification by RP-HPLC provided the title compound **1.5** ($l = m = 0$, $R^1 = 2,4$ -dimethylphenyl, $R^3, R^{12} = c\text{-C}_2\text{H}_4$, $Z = -\text{C}(O)-$, $R^2 = 2\text{-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl}$, all other $R = \text{H}$; 13 mg). MS found: $(M + H)^+ = 449$.

Example 194

(2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-2-methyl-propanamide

(194a) A solution of racemic alpha-methylserine (2.33 g) was dissolved in 1:1 THF/water (160 mL) and charged successively with triethylamine (3.0 mL) and dibenzylidicarbonate (6.0 g). The reaction was stirred for 48 h at RT, quenched with 50 mL of 1 N NaOH, and extracted with Et₂O (2 x 50 mL). The aqueous phase was acidified with 1N HCl (solution pH now < 2) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The organic extracts were

combined, washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to afford the carbamate as a colorless oil (2.93 g). The entirety of the carbamate was dissolved in methylene chloride (100 mL) and the solution was charged with HATU (3.99 g), ethylamine (19 mL of a 2.0 M solution), and DMAP (117 mg). The reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic phase was washed with sat. NaHCO_3 , brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Flash chromatography provided rac- N-ethyl-2-(benzyloxycarbonyl)amino-3-hydroxy-2-methyl-propanamide (900 mg). MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{Na})^+ = 303$.

(194b) A solution of rac- N-ethyl-2-(benzyloxycarbonyl)amino-3-hydroxy-2-methyl-propanamide (900 mg) in methylene chloride (40 mL) was charged with pyridine (1.3 mL) and Dess-Martin periodinane (1.36 g). The reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO_3 . The organic phase was washed with successively with sat. $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ and brine, and then dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to provide the aldehyde. The aldehyde (assumed 3.2 mmol) was dissolved in THF (30 mL) and the solution was charged with 2,4-dimethylbenzylamine (0.45 mL), acetic acid (0.55 mL), and sodium triacetoxymethylborohydride (2.0 g). The reaction was stirred for 16 h at RT and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NaHCO_3 . The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2 x), and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Flash chromatography provided the amine as a yellow oil (785 mg), which was dissolved in 1:1 THF/water (20 mL) and then treated with triethylamine (0.275 mL) and di-(tert-

butyl)dicarbonate. The mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h and then partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. residue was
5 purified via flash chromatography (SiO_2) to afford the biscarbamate as a colorless oil (650 mg). The product was dissolved in MeOH (13 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with Pd/ BaSO_4 (350 mg). The vessel was
10 purged with hydrogen and stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 2 h before being filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the primary amine as a colorless oil. MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 364.5$.

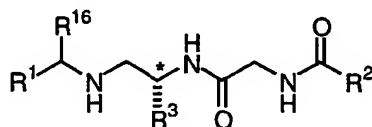
(194c) The primary amine (1.4 mmol) from procedure (194b)
15 was dissolved in methylene chloride (15 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with *N*-Cbz glycine (300 mg), HATU (600 mg), and *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.58 mL). The reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic
20 phase was washed with sat. NaHCO_3 , brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. A portion (525 mg, 0.95 mmol) of the product was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with 5% Pd/C (150 mg). The vessel was purged with hydrogen and stirred
25 under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 1.5 h before being filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the primary amine as a colorless oil. MS found: $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 421.4$.

30 (194d) The primary amine (0.95 mmol) from procedure (194c) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and the resultant solution was charged with *N*-Boc-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (S. Takagishi, et al.,

- Synlett 1992, 360; 290 mg), HATU (361 mg), and *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL). The reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h and partitioned between EtOAc and sat. NH_4Cl . The organic phase was washed with sat. NaHCO_3 ,
5 brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was dissolved in 2:1 methylene chloride/TFA (12 mL) and stirred at RT for 2.5 h. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo; the residue was dissolved in benzene and concentrated in vacuo.
- 10 Purification by RP-HPLC afforded the title compound *rac*-1.5 (R^1 = 2,4-dimethylphenyl, R^3 = $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHET}$, R^{12} = Me, Z = $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, R^2 = 2-amino-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, all other R = H; 30 mg). Exact MS calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{33}\text{F}_3\text{N}_5\text{O}_3$, the formula for $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+ = 508.2535$. Found: 508.2537.

Table of Examples

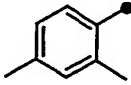
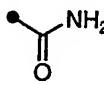
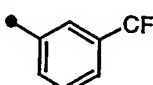
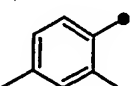
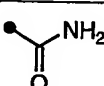
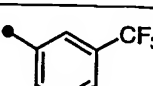
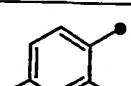
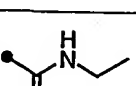
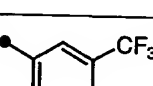
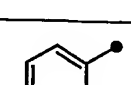
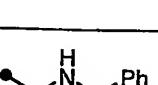
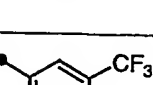
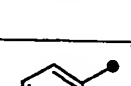
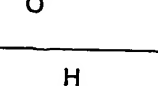
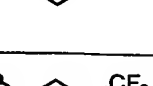

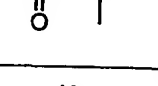
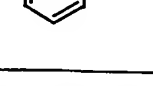
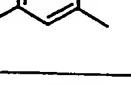
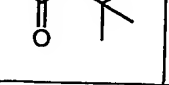
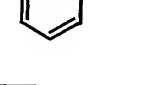
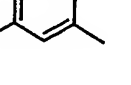
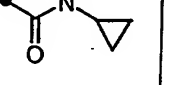
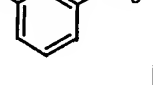
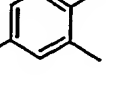
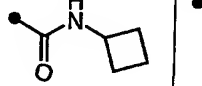
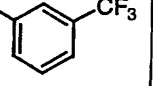
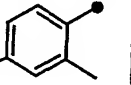
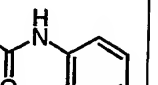
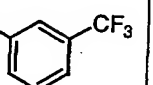
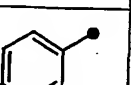
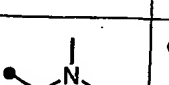
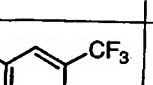
The following tables illustrate examples of the present invention. The data in the "MS" columns represent the values observed for the $(M + H)^+$ ions in electrospray mass spectroscopy experiments; "NMR" indicates that ^1H -NMR spectroscopy was used in lieu of mass spectroscopy for characterization purposes. The substituents listed in each table are to be paired with the structure embedded in the table heading. The synthesis of all of these compounds has been described in detail in the previous section (Examples).

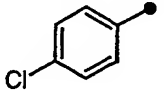
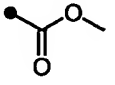
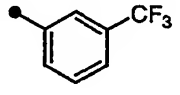
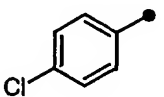
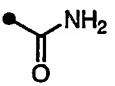
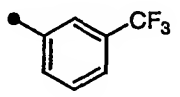
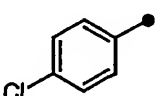
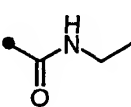
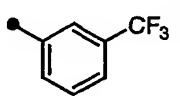
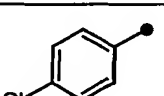
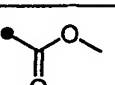
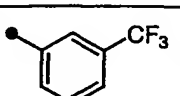
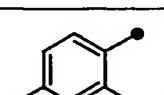
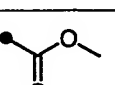
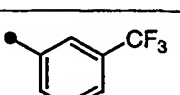
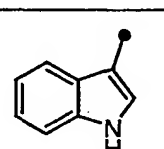
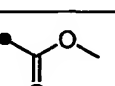
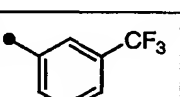
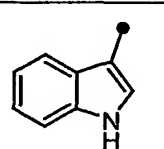
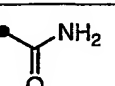
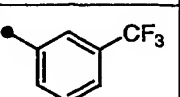
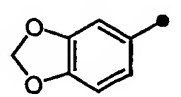
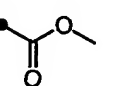
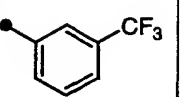
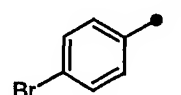
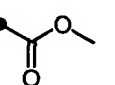
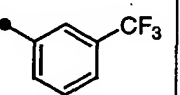
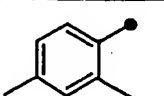
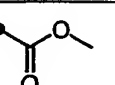
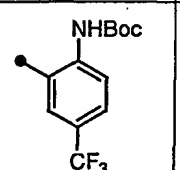
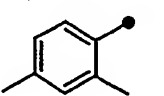
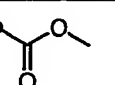
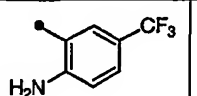


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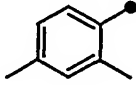
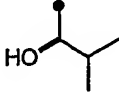
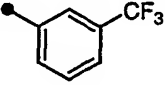
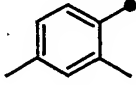
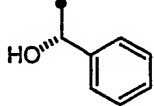
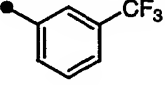
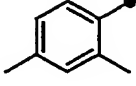
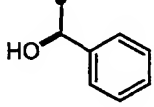
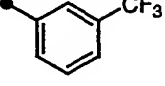
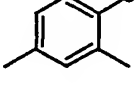
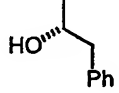
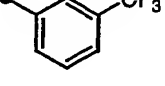
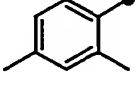
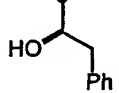
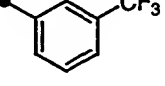
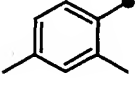
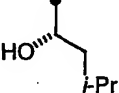
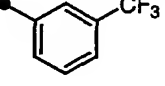
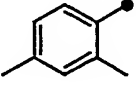
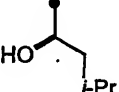
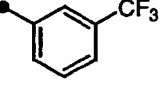
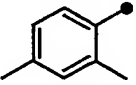
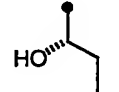
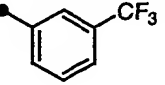
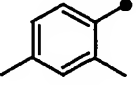
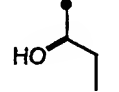
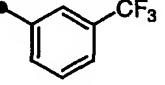
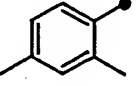
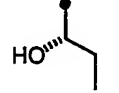
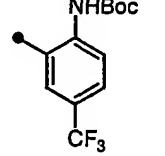
Table 1: examples 1 - 164

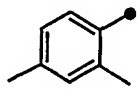
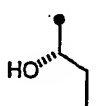
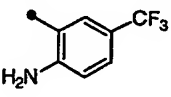
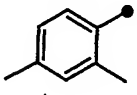
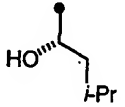
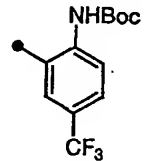
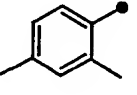
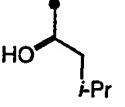
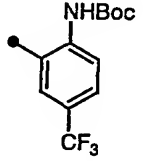
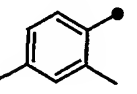
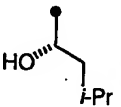
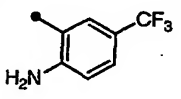
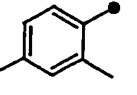
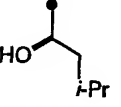
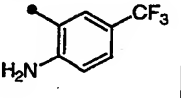
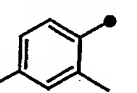
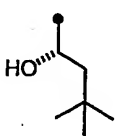
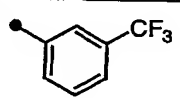
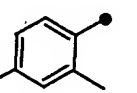
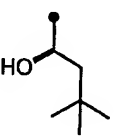
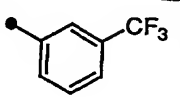
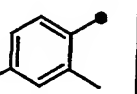
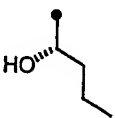
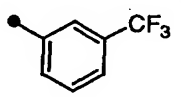
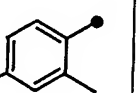
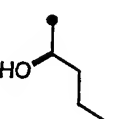
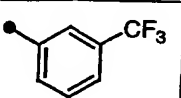
No.	R ¹	R ¹⁶	*	R ³	R ²	MS
1		H	(S)			466
2		H	(R)			466
3		H	(S)			452
4		H	(S)			465

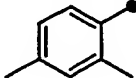
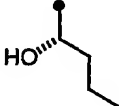
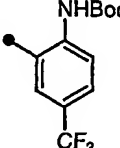
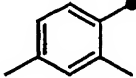
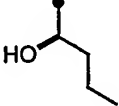
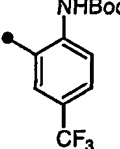
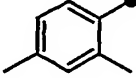
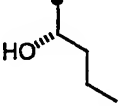
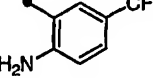
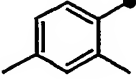
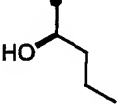
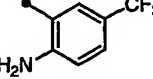
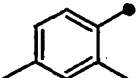
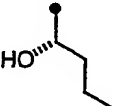
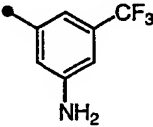
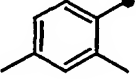
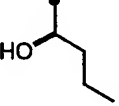
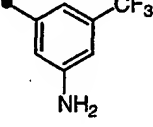
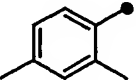
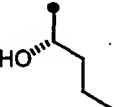
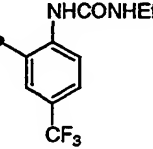
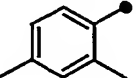
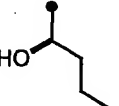

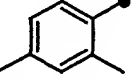
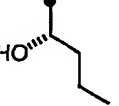
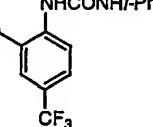
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6		H	(R)			451
7		H	(S)			479
8		H	(S)			541
9		H	(S)			493
10		H	(S)			507
11		H	(S)			491
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14		H	(S)			479
15		H	(S)			495

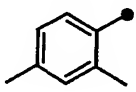
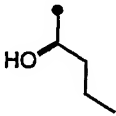
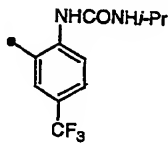
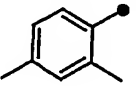
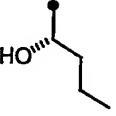
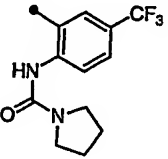
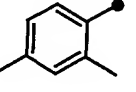
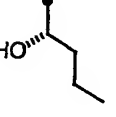
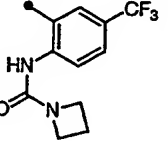
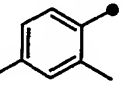
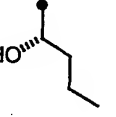

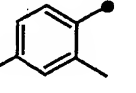
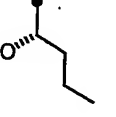
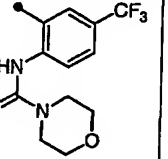
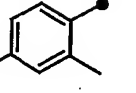
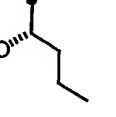
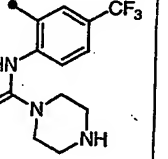
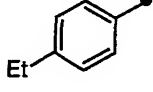
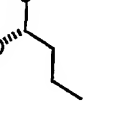
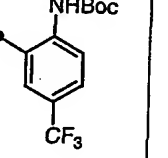
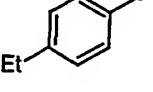
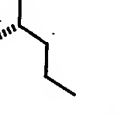
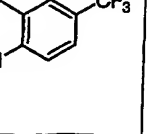
16		H	(S)			472
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18		H	(S)			485
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21		H	(S)			NMR
22		H	(S)			462
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24		H	(S)			516
25		H	(S)			581
26		H	(S)			481

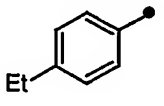
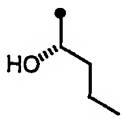
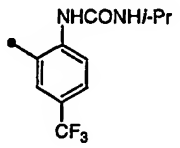
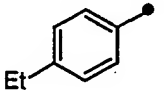
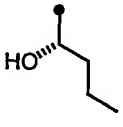
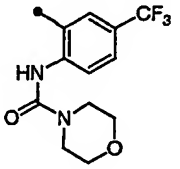
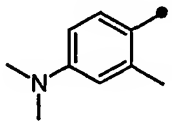
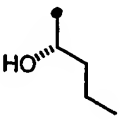
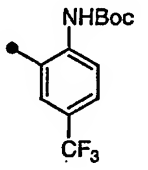
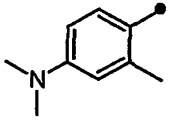
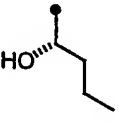
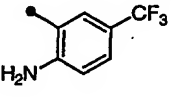
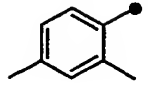
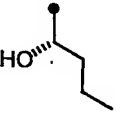
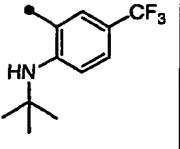
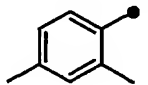
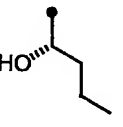
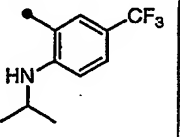
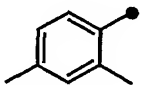
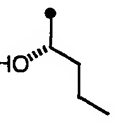
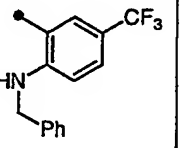
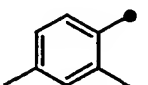
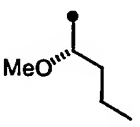
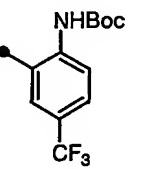
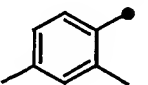
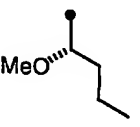
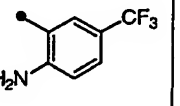
27		H	(S)			466
28		H	(S)			438
29		H	(R)			438
30		H	(S)			452
31		H	(R)			522
32		H	(R)			498
33		H	(S)			622
34		H	(S)			522
35		H	(S)			686
36		H	(S)			586
37		H	(S)			480

38		H	(S)			480
39		H	(S)			514
40		H	(S)			514
41		H	(S)			528
42		H	(S)			528
43		H	(S)			494
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47		H	(S)			581

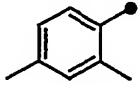
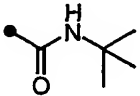
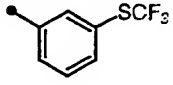
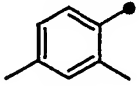
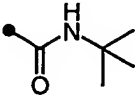
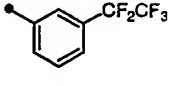
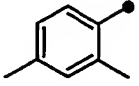
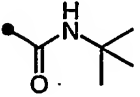
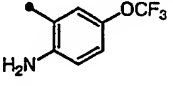
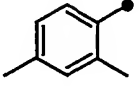
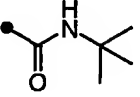
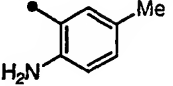
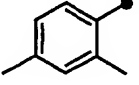
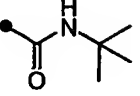
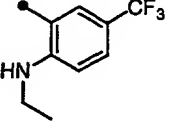
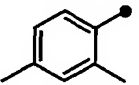
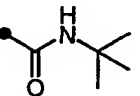
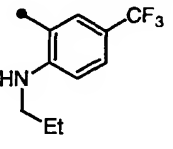
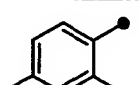
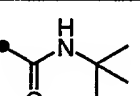
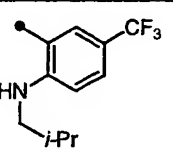

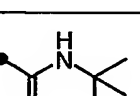
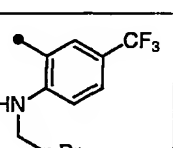
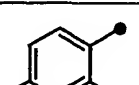
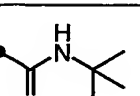
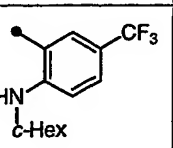
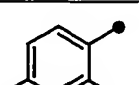
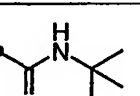
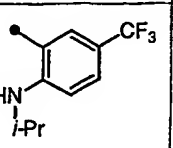
48		H	(S)			481
49		H	(S)			609
50		H	(S)			609
51		H	(S)			509
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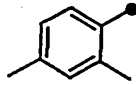
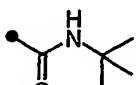
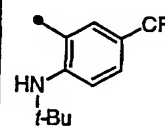
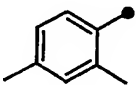
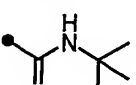
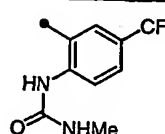
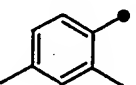
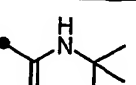
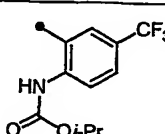
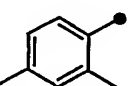
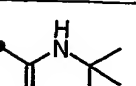
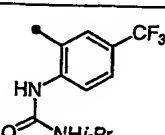
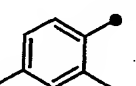
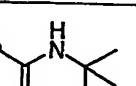
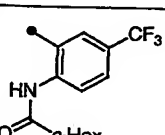
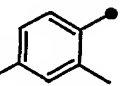
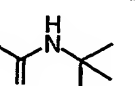
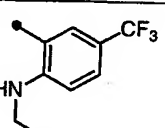
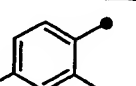
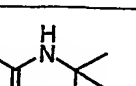
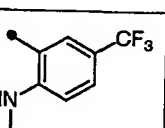
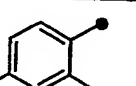
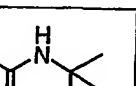
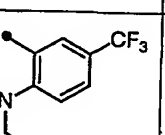
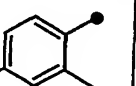
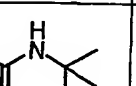
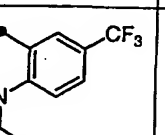
57		H	(S)			595
58		H	(S)			595
59		H	(S)			495
60		H	(S)			495
61		H	(S)			495
62		H	(S)			495
63		H	(S)			566
64		H	(S)			566
65		H	(S)			580

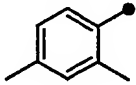
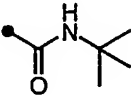
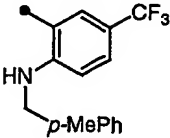
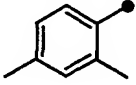
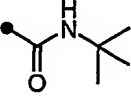
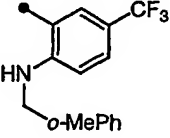
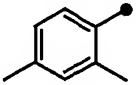
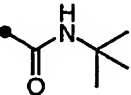
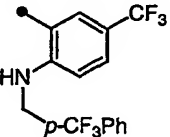
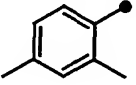
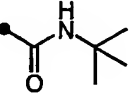
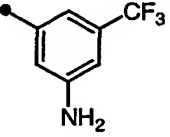
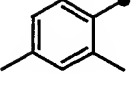
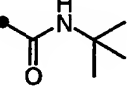
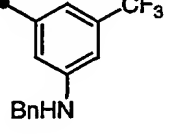
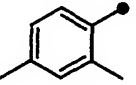
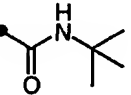
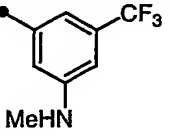
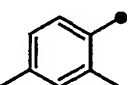
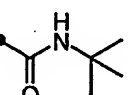
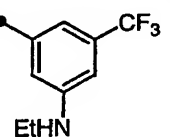
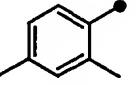
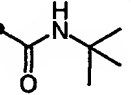
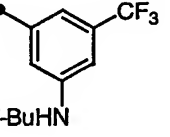
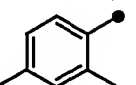
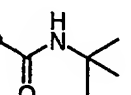
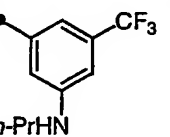
66		H	(S)			580
67		H	(S)			592
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69		H	(S)			552
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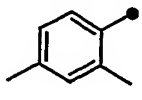
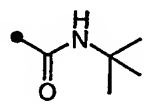
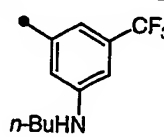
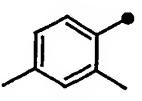
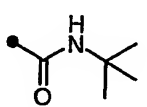
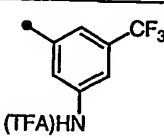
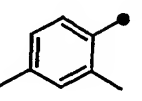
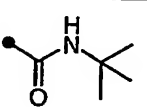
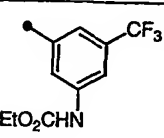
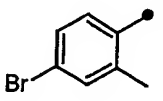
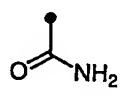
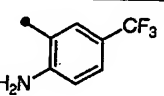
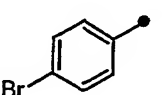
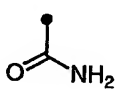
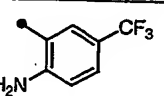
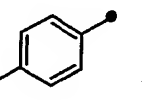
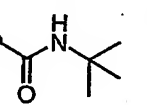
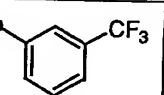
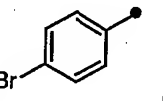
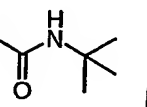
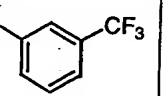
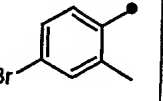
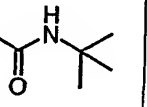
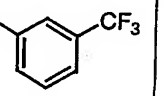
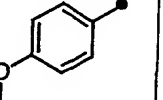
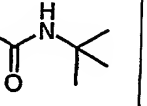
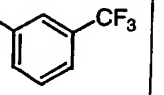
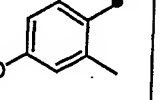
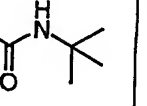
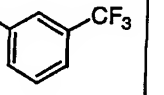
74		H	(S)			580
75		H	(S)			608.5
76		H	(S)			624.6
77		H	(S)			524
78		H	(S)			551
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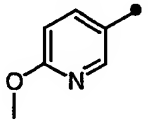
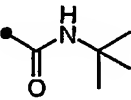
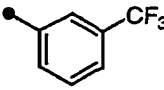
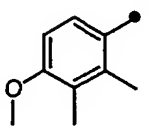
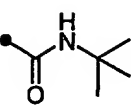
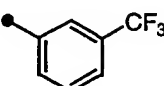
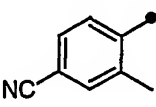
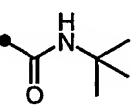
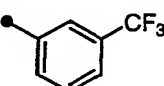
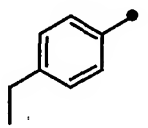
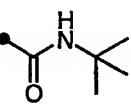
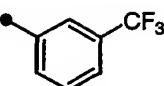
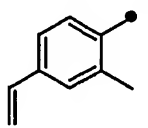
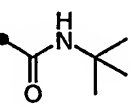
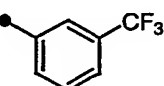
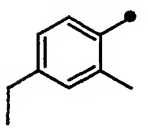
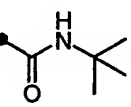
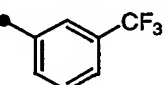
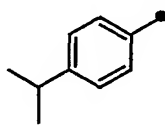
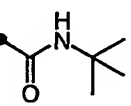
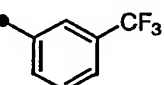
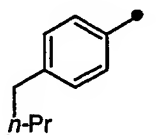
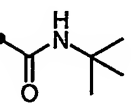
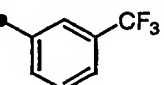
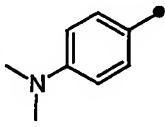
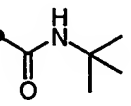
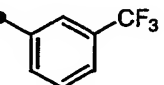
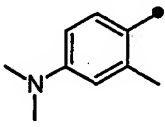
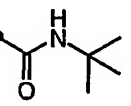
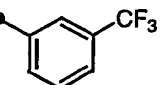
83		H	(S)			581
84		H	(S)			481
85		H	(S)			609
86		H	(S)			509
87		H	(S)			637.6
88		H	(S)			537
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90		H	(S)			507
91		H	(S)			523
92		H	(S)			489

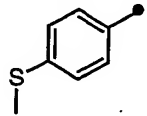
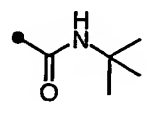
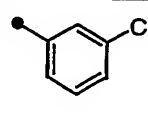
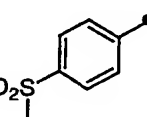
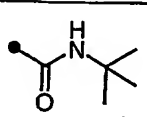
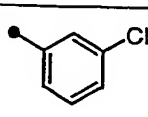
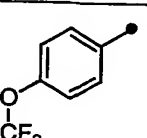
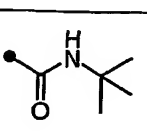
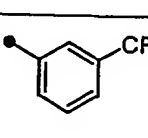
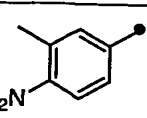
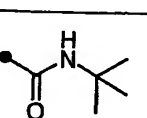
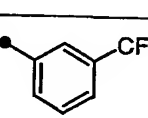
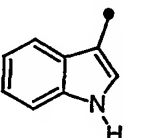
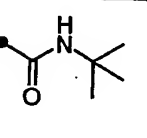
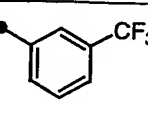
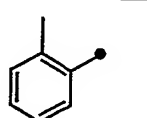
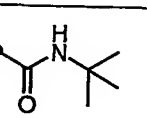
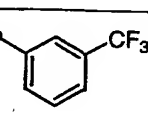
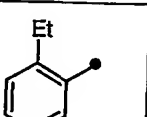
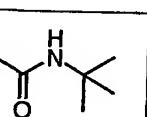
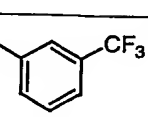
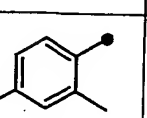
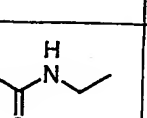
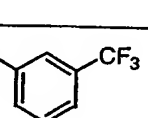
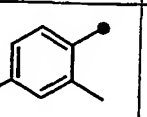
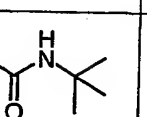
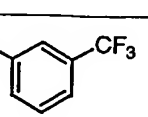
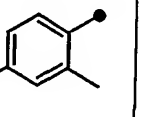
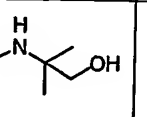
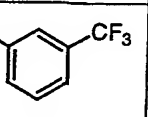
93		H	(S)			539
94		H	(S)			557
95		H	(S)			538
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97		H	(S)			550
98		H	(S)			564
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102		H	(S)			564

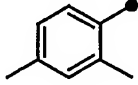
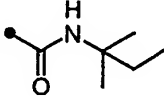
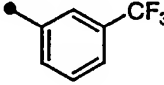
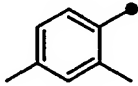
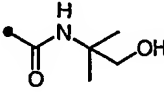
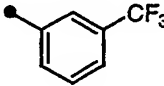
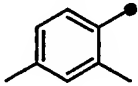
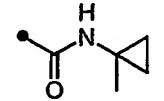
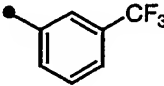
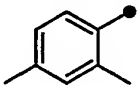
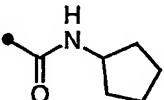
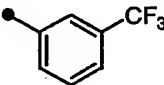
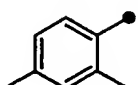
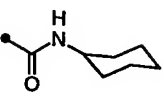
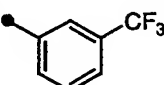
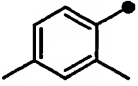
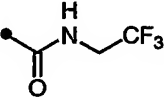
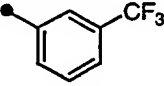
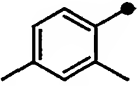
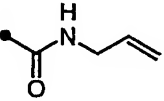
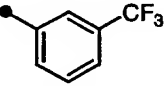
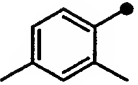
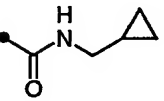
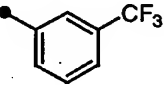
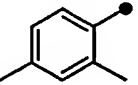
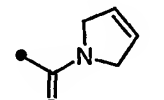
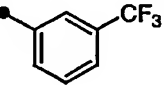
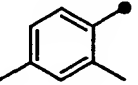
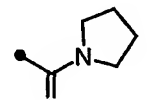
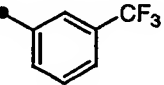
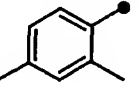
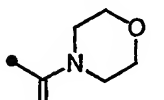
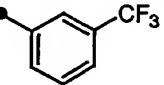
103		H	(S)			578
104		H	(S)			579
105		H	(S)			608
106		H	(S)			607
107		H	(S)			632
108		H	(S)			612
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110		H	(S)			662
111		H	(S)			626

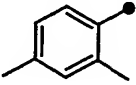
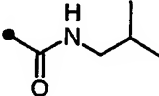
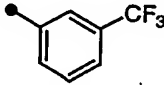
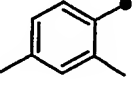
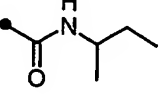
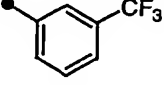
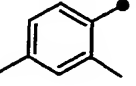

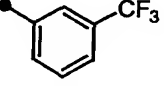
112		H	(S)			626
113		H	(S)			626
114		H	(S)			680
115		H	(S)			522
116		H	(S)			612
117		H	(S)			536
118		H	(S)			550
119		H	(S)			578
120		H	(S)			564

121		H	(S)		 <i>n</i> -BuHN	578
122		H	(S)		 (TFA)HN	618.5
123		H	(S)		 EtO ₂ CHN	594
124		H	(S)		 H ₂ N	530
125		H	(S)		 H ₂ N	518
126		H	(S)		 CF ₃	493
127		H	(S)		 CF ₃	557
128		H	(S)		 CF ₃	571
129		H	(S)		 CF ₃	509
130		H	(S)		 CF ₃	523

131		H	(S)			510
132		H	(S)			537
133		H	(S)			518
134		H	(S)			507
135		H	(S)			519
136		H	(S)			521
137		H	(S)			521
138		H	(S)			535
139		H	(S)			522
140		H	(S)			536

141		H	(S)			525
142		H	(S)			557
143		H	(S)			563
144		H	(S)			508
145		H	(S)			518
146		H	(S)			493
147		H	(S)			507
148		H	(R)			479
149		H	(R)			507
150		H	(R)			523

151		H	(S)			521
152		H	(S)			523
153		H	(S)			505
154		H	(S)			519
155		H	(S)			533
156		H	(S)			533
157		H	(S)			491
158		H	(S)			505
159		H	(S)			503
160		H	(S)			505
161		H	(S)			521

162		H	(S)			507
163		H	(S)			507
164		H	(R)			521

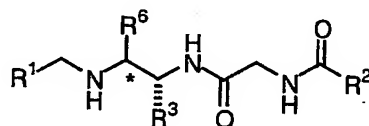
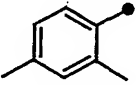
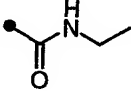
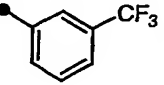
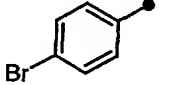
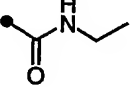
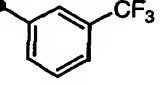
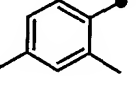
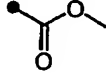
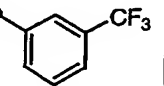
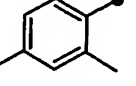
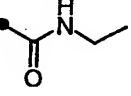
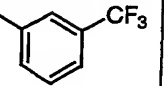


Table 2: examples 165 - 168

No.	R ¹	*	R ⁶	R ³	R ²	MS
165		(R)	Me			493
166		(R)	Me			543
167		(R)		H		466
168		(R)		H		479

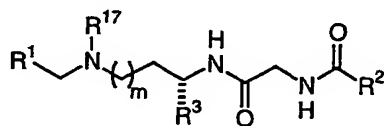
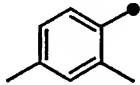
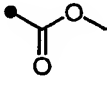
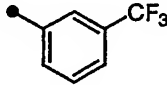
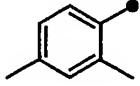
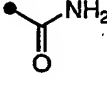
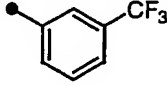
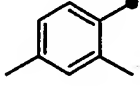
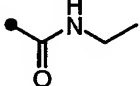
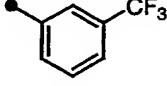
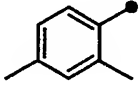
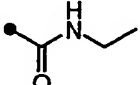
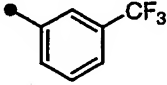
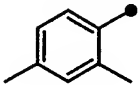
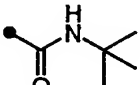
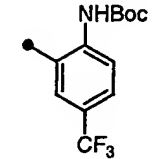
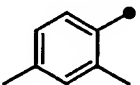
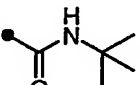
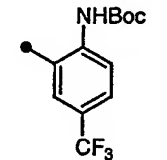
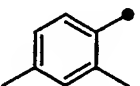
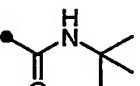
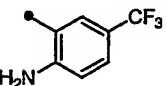
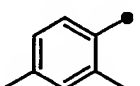
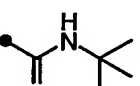
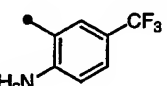
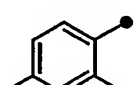
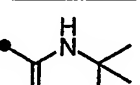
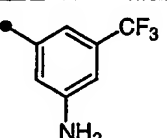
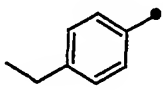
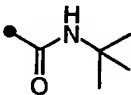
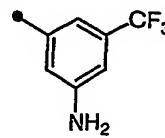
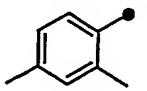
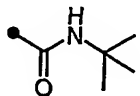
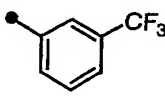
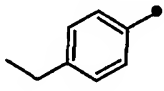
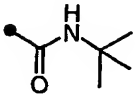
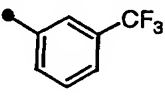
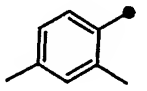
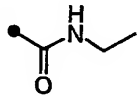
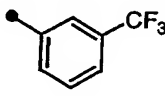
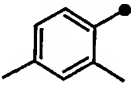
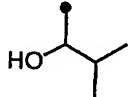
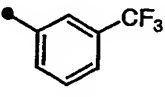
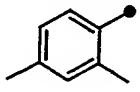
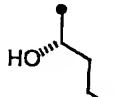

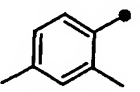
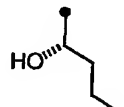

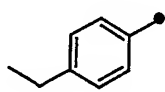
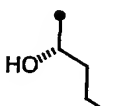
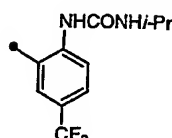
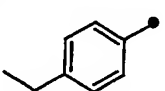
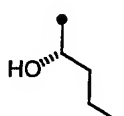
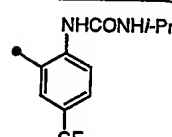
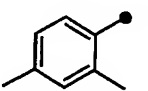
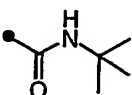
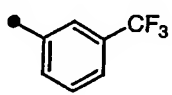


Table 3: examples 169 - 187

No.	R ¹	R ¹⁷	m	R ³	R ²	MS
169		H	1			480
170		H	1			465
171		H	1			493
172		Me	1			507
173		H	1			636
174		Me	1			650
175		H	1			536
176		Me	1			550
177		H	1			536

178		H	1			536
179		H	1			521
180		H	1			521
181		H	2			507
182		Me	0			494
183		Me	0			594
184		<i>i</i> -Pr	0			622
185		Me	0			594
186		<i>i</i> -Pr	0			622
187		Me	0			521

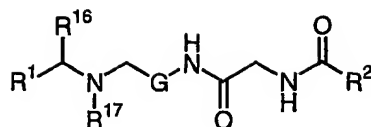


Table 4: examples 188 - 194

No.	R ¹	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁷	G	R ²	MS
188		H	H			476
189		H	H			482
190		H	H			462
191		H	H			577
192		H	H			549
193		H	H			449
194		H	H	 racemic		508

UTILITY

Compounds of formula I are shown to be modulators of chemokine and chemokine receptor activity using assays known by those skilled in the art. In this section, we describe these assays and give their literature reference. By displaying activity in these assays of MCP-1 antagonism, compounds of formula I are expected to be useful in the treatment of human diseases associated with chemokines and their cognate receptors.

Antagonism of MCP-1 Binding to Human PBMC

(Yoshimura et al., *J. Immunol.* 1990, 145, 292)

All examples of the present invention have activity in the antagonism of MCP-1 binding to human PBMC (human peripheral blood mononuclear cells) described here. The definition of activity in this assay is a compound demonstrating 50% inhibition of MCP-1 binding (IC_{50}) at a concentration of 20 μM or lower.

Millipore filter plates (#MABVN1250) are treated with 100 μl of binding buffer (0.5% bovine serum albumin, 20 mM HEPES buffer and 5 mM magnesium chloride in RPMI 1640 media) for thirty minutes at room temperature. To measure binding, 50 μl of binding buffer, with or without a known concentration compound, is combined with 50 μl of 125 -I labeled human MCP-1 (to give a final concentration of 150 pM radioligand) and 50 μl of binding buffer containing 5×10^5 cells. Cells used for such binding assays can include human peripheral blood mononuclear cells isolated by Ficoll-Hypaque gradient centrifugation, human monocytes (Weiner et al., *J. Immunol. Methods.* 1980, 36, 89), or the THP-1 cell line which expresses the endogenous receptor. The mixture of compound, cells and radioligand are incubated at room temperature for thirty minutes. Plates are placed onto a vacuum manifold, vacuum applied, and the plates washed three times with binding buffer containing 0.5M NaCl. The plastic skirt is removed from the plate, the plate allowed to air dry,

the wells punched out and counted. The percent inhibition of binding is calculated using the total counts obtained in the absence of any competing compound and the background binding determined by addition of 100 nM MCP-1 in place of the test compound.

Antagonism of MCP-1-induced Calcium Influx

(Sullivan, et al. *Methods Mol. Biol.* **1999**, 114, 125-133)

Calcium mobilization is measured using the fluorescent Ca^{2+} indicator dye, Fluo-3. Cells are incubated at 8×10^5 cells/ml in phosphate-buffered saline containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin, 20 mM HEPES buffer, 5 mM glucose, 1% fetal bovine serum, 4 μM Fluo-3 AM and 2.5 mM probenecid for 60 minutes at 37°C. Cells used for such calcium assays can include human monocytes (Weiner et al., *J. Immunol. Methods.* **1980**, 36, 89) or cell lines which express the endogenous CCR2 receptor, such as THP-1 and MonoMac-6. The cells are then washed three times in phosphate-buffered saline containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin, 20 mM HEPES, 5 mM glucose and 2.5 mM probenecid. The cells are resuspended in phosphate-buffered saline containing 0.5% bovine serum albumin, 20 mM HEPES and 2.5 mM probenecid at a final concentration of $2-4 \times 10^6$ cells/ml. Cells are plated into 96-well, black-wall microplates (100 μl /well) and the plates centrifuged at 200 x g for 5 minutes. Various concentrations of compound are added to the wells (50 μl /well) and after 5 minutes, 50 μl /well of MCP-1 is added to give a final concentration of 10 nM. Calcium mobilization is detected by using a fluorescent-imaging plate reader. The cell monolayer is excited with an argon laser (488 nm) and cell-associated fluorescence measured for 3 minutes, (every second for the first 90 seconds and every 10 seconds for the next 90 seconds). Data are generated as arbitrary fluorescence units and the change in fluorescence for each well determined as the maximum-minimum differential. Compound-dependent

inhibition is calculated relative to the response of MCP-1 alone.

Antagonism of MCP-1-induced Human PBMC Chemotaxis

- 5 (Bacon et al., *Brit. J. Pharmacol.* **1988**, *95*, 966)
- Neuroprobe MBA96-96-well chemotaxis chamber, Polyfiltronics MPC 96 well plate, and Neuroprobe polyvinylpyrrolidone-free polycarbonate PFD5 8-micron filters are warmed in a 37 °C incubator. Human Peripheral
- 10 Blood Mononuclear Cells (PBMCs) (Boyum et al., *Scand. J. Clin. Lab Invest. Suppl.* **1968**, *97*, 31), freshly isolated via the standard ficoll density separation method, are suspended in DMEM at 1×10^7 c/ml and warmed at 37 °C. A 60nM solution of human MCP-1 is also warmed at 37 °C.
- 15 Dilutions of test compounds are made up at 2x the concentration needed in DMEM. The PBMC suspension and the 60nm MCP-1 solution are mixed 1:1 in polypropylene tubes with prewarmed DMEM with or without a dilution of the test compounds. These mixtures are warmed in a 37 °C
- 20 tube warmer. In order to initiate the assay, the MCP-1/compound mixture (400 µL) is added into the wells of the Polyfiltronics MPC 96 well plate that has been placed into the bottom part of the Neuroprobe chemotaxis chamber. The 8 micron filter is placed on top of the 96
- 25 well plate, a rubber gasket is attached to the bottom of the upper chamber, and the chamber is assembled. The cell suspension/compound mixture (200 µl) is added to the appropriate wells of the upper chamber. The upper chamber is covered with a plate sealer, and the assembled
- 30 unit is placed in a 37 °C incubator for 45 min. After incubation, the plate sealer is removed and all the remaining cell suspension is aspirated off. The chamber is disassembled and the filter is removed. The unmigrated cells are washed away using a gentle stream of phosphate
- 35 buffered saline, and the top of the filter is wiped with the tip of a rubber squeegee. This wash is repeated twice more. The filter is air dried and then immersed completely in Wright Geimsa stain for 45 sec. The filter

is washed by soaking in distilled water for 7 min, and the filter is soaked again for 15 sec in fresh distilled water. The filter is air dried. Migrated cells on the filter are quantified by visual microscopy.

5

Mammalian chemokine receptors provide a target for interfering with or promoting immune cell function in a mammal, such as a human. Compounds that inhibit or promote chemokine receptor function are particularly
10 useful for modulating immune cell function for therapeutic purposes. Accordingly, the present invention is directed to compounds which are useful in the prevention and/or treatment of a wide variety of inflammatory, infectious, and immunoregulatory disorders
15 and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, infection by pathogenic microbes (which, by definition, includes viruses), as well as autoimmune pathologies such as the rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis.

For example, an instant compound which inhibits one
20 or more functions of a mammalian chemokine receptor (e.g., a human chemokine receptor) may be administered to inhibit (i.e., reduce or prevent) inflammation or infectious disease. As a result, one or more inflammatory process, such as leukocyte migration,
25 adhesion, chemotaxis, exocytosis (e.g., of enzymes, histamine) or inflammatory mediator release, is inhibited.

In addition, an instant compound that promotes internalization/desensitization of a mammalian chemokine
30 receptor without also inducing its primary function may be administered to inhibit (i.e., reduce or prevent) disease. If one contemplates the delivery of sufficient compound to cause the loss of receptor expression on cells through the induction of chemokine receptor
35 internalization, than one can imagine that such a compound would also be useful for the treatment of the aforementioned inflammatory, allergic and autoimmune diseases.

In addition to primates, such as humans, a variety of other mammals can be treated according to the method of the present invention. For instance, mammals, including but not limited to, cows, sheep, goats, horses, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, rats or other bovine, ovine, equine, canine, feline, rodent or murine species can be treated. However, the method can also be practiced in other species, such as avian species. The subject treated in the methods above is a mammal, male or female, in whom modulation of chemokine receptor activity is desired. "Modulation" as used herein is intended to encompass antagonism, partial antagonism and/or partial agonism.

Diseases or conditions of human or other species which can be treated with inhibitors of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to: inflammatory or allergic diseases and conditions, including respiratory allergic diseases such as asthma, allergic rhinitis, hypersensitivity lung diseases, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, eosinophilic cellulitis (e.g., Wells's syndrome), eosinophilic pneumonias (e.g., Loeffler's syndrome, chronic eosinophilic pneumonia), eosinophilic fasciitis (e.g., Shulman's syndrome), delayed-type hypersensitivity, interstitial lung diseases (ILD) (e.g., idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, or ILD associated with rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, ankylosing spondylitis, systemic sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome, polymyositis or dermatomyositis); systemic anaphylaxis or hypersensitivity responses, drug allergies (e.g., to penicillin, cephalosporins), eosinophilia-myalgia syndrome due to the ingestion of contaminated tryptophan, insect sting allergies; autoimmune diseases, such as rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, myasthenia gravis, juvenile onset diabetes; glomerulonephritis, autoimmune thyroiditis, Behcet's disease; graft rejection (e.g., in transplantation), including allograft rejection or graft-versus-host disease; inflammatory bowel

diseases, such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis; spondyloarthropathies; scleroderma; psoriasis (including T-cell mediated psoriasis) and inflammatory dermatoses such as an dermatitis, eczema, atopic dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, urticaria; vasculitis (e.g., necrotizing, cutaneous, and hypersensitivity vasculitis); eosinophilic myositis, eosinophilic fasciitis; cancers with leukocyte infiltration of the skin or organs. Other diseases or conditions in which undesirable inflammatory responses are to be inhibited can be treated, including, but not limited to, reperfusion injury, atherosclerosis, certain hematologic malignancies, cytokine-induced toxicity (e.g., septic shock, endotoxic shock), polymyositis, dermatomyositis. Infectious diseases or conditions of human or other species which can be treated with inhibitors of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to, HIV. The compounds of the present invention are accordingly useful in the prevention and treatment of a wide variety of inflammatory, infectious and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases.

In addition, treatment of the aforementioned inflammatory, allergic and autoimmune diseases can also be contemplated for compounds that promote chemokine receptor internalization without stimulating chemokine receptor function, particularly if one contemplates the delivery of sufficient compound to cause the loss of receptor expression on cells.

In another aspect, the instant invention may be used to evaluate the putative specific agonists or antagonists of a G protein coupled receptor. The present invention is directed to the use of these compounds in the preparation and execution of screening assays for compounds that modulate the activity of chemokine receptors. Furthermore, the compounds of this invention are useful in establishing or determining the binding site of other compounds to chemokine receptors, e.g., by competitive inhibition or as a reference in an assay to compare its known activity to a compound with an unknown

activity. When developing new assays or protocols, compounds according to the present invention could be used to test their effectiveness. Specifically, such compounds may be provided in a commercial kit, for
5 example, for use in pharmaceutical research involving the aforementioned diseases. The compounds of the instant invention are also useful for the evaluation of putative specific modulators of the chemokine receptors. In addition, one could utilize compounds of this invention
10 to examine the specificity of G protein coupled receptors that are not thought to be chemokine receptors, either by serving as examples of compounds which do not bind or as structural variants of compounds active on these receptors which may help define specific sites of
15 interaction.

The compounds of the present invention are used to treat or prevent disorders selected from rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, septic shock, atherosclerosis, aneurism, fever, cardiovascular effects, haemodynamic
20 shock, sepsis syndrom, post ischemic reperfusion injury, malaria, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel diseases, mycobacterial infection, meningitis, psoriasis, congestive heart failure, fibrotic diseases, cachexia, graft rejection, autoimmune diseases, skin inflammatory
25 diseases, multiple sclerosis, radiation damage, hyperoxic alveolar injury, HIV, HIV dementia, non-insulin dependent diabetes melitus, asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, bullous pemphigoid, helminthic parasitic infections, allergic
30 colitis, eczema, conjunctivitis, transplantation, familial eosinophilia, eosinophilic cellulitis, eosinophilic pneumonias, eosinophilic fasciitis, eosinophilic gastroenteritis, drug induced eosinophilia, cystic fibrosis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, lymphoma,
35 Hodgkin's disease, colonic carcinoma, Felty's syndrome, sarcoidosis, uveitis, Alzheimer, Glomerulonephritis, and systemic lupus erythematosus.

Furthermore, the compounds are used to treat or prevent inflammatory disorders selected from

osteoarthritis, aneurism, fever, cardiovascular effects, Crohn's disease, congestive heart failure, autoimmune diseases, HIV-infection, HIV-associated dementia, psoriasis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, transplant
5 arteriosclerosis, physically- or chemically-induced brain trauma, inflammatory bowel disease, alveolitis, colitis, systemic lupus erythematosus, nephrotoxic serum nephritis, glomerular nephritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis, arteriosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

10 In another aspect of the invention, the compounds are used to treat or prevent inflammatory disorders selected from rheumatoid arthritis, atherosclerosis, and multiple sclerosis.

Combined therapy to prevent and treat inflammatory,
15 infectious and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis, and those pathologies noted above is illustrated by the combination of the compounds of this
20 invention and other compounds which are known for such utilities. For example, in the treatment or prevention of inflammation, the present compounds may be used in conjunction with an anti-inflammatory or analgesic agent such as an opiate agonist, a lipooxygenase inhibitor, a
25 cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor, an interleukin inhibitor, such as an interleukin-1 inhibitor, a tumor necrosis factor inhibitor, an NMDA antagonist, an inhibitor or nitric oxide or an inhibitor of the synthesis of nitric oxide, a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent, a
30 phosphodiesterase inhibitor, or a cytokine-suppressing anti-inflammatory agent, for example with a compound such as acetaminophen, aspirin, codeine, fentanyl, ibuprofen, indomethacin, ketorolac, morphine, naproxen, phenacetin, piroxicam, a steroidal analgesic, sufentanyl, sunlindac,
35 interferon alpha and the like. Similarly, the instant compounds may be administered with a pain reliever; a potentiator such as caffeine, an H₂-antagonist, simethicone, aluminum or magnesium hydroxide; a decongestant such as phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine,

pseudophedrine, oxymetazoline, ephinephrine, naphazoline, xylometazoline, propylhexedrine, or levodesoxy-ephedrine; and antitussive such as codeine, hydrocodone, caramiphen, carbetapentane, or dextramethorphan; a diuretic; and a
5 sedating or non-sedating antihistamine. Likewise, compounds of the present invention may be used in combination with other drugs that are used in the treatment/prevention/suppression or amelioration of the diseases or conditions for which compound of the present
10 invention are useful. Such other drugs may be administered, by a route and in an amount commonly used therefore, contemporaneously or sequentially with a compound of the present invention. When a compound of the present invention is used contemporaneously with one
15 or more other drugs, a pharmaceutical composition containing such other drugs in addition to the compound of the present invention is preferred. Accordingly, the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention include those that also contain one or more other active
20 ingredients, in addition to a compound of the present invention.

Examples of other active ingredients that may be combined with a compound of the present invention, either administered separately or in the same pharmaceutical
25 compositions, include, but are not limited to: (a) integrin antagonists such as those for selectins, ICAMs and VLA-4; (b) steroids such as beclomethasone, methylprednisolone, betamethasone, prednisone, dexamethasone, and hydrocortisone; (c) immunosuppressants
30 such as cyclosporin, tacrolimus, rapamycin and other FK-506 type immunosuppressants; (d) antihistamines (H1-histamine antagonists) such as bromopheniramine, chlorpheniramine, dexchlorpheniramine, triprolidine, clemastine, diphenhydramine, diphenylpyraline,
35 tripelennamine, hydroxyzine, methdilazine, promethazine, trimeprazine, azatadine, cyproheptadine, antazoline, pheniramine pyrilamine, astemizole, terfenadine, loratadine, cetirizine, fexofenadine, descarboethoxyloratadine, and the like; (e) non-steroidal

anti-asthmatics such as b2-agonists (terbutaline, metaproterenol, fenoterol, isoetharine, albuteral, bitolterol, and pirbuterol), theophylline, cromolyn sodium, atropine, ipratropium bromide, leukotriene antagonists (zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, iralukast, pobilukast, SKB-102,203), leukotriene biosynthesis inhibitors (zileuton, BAY-1005); (f) non-steroidal antiinflammatory agents (NSAIDs) such as propionic acid derivatives (alminoprofen, benxaprofen, 5 bucloxic acid, carprofen, fenbufen, fenoprofen, fluprofen, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indoprofen, ketoprofen, miroprofen, naproxen, oxaprozin, pirprofen, pranoprofen, suprofen, tiaprofenic acid, and tioxaprofen), acetic acid derivatives (indomethacin, 15 acemetacin, alclofenac, clidanac, diclofenac, fenclofenac, fenclozic acid, fentiazac, furofenac, ibufenac, isoxepac, oxpinac, sulindac, tiopinac, tolmetin, zidometacin, and zomepirac), fenamic acid derivatives (flufenamic acid, meclofenamic acid, 20 mefenamic acid, niflumic acid and tolfenamic acid), biphenylcarboxylic acid derivatives (diflunisal and flufenisal), oxicams (isoxicam, piroxicam, sudoxicam and tenoxicam), salicylates (acetyl salicylic acid, sulfasalazine) and the pyrazolones (apazone, 25 bezpiperylon, feprazone, mofebutazone, oxyphenbutazone, phenylbutazone); (g) cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitors; (h) inhibitors of phosphodiesterase type IV (PDE-IV); (I) other antagonists of the chemokine receptors; (j) cholesterol lowering agents such as HMG-COA reductase 30 inhibitors (lovastatin, simvastatin and pravastatin, fluvastatin, atorvsatatin, and other statins), sequestrants (cholestyramine and colestipol), nicotonic acid, fenofibric acid derivatives (gemfibrozil, clofibrat, fenofibrate and benzafibrate), and probucol; 35 (k) anti-diabetic agents such as insulin, sulfonylureas, biguanides (metformin), a-glucosidase inhibitors (acarbose) and glitazones (troglitazone ad pioglitazone); (l) preparations of interferons (interferon alpha-2a, interferon-2B, interferon alpha-N3, interferon beta-1a,

interferon beta-1b, interferon gamma-1b); (m) antiviral compounds such as efavirenz, nevirapine, indinavir, ganciclovir, lamivudine, famciclovir, and zalcitabine; (o) other compound such as 5-aminosalicylic acid and prodrugs thereof, antimetabolites such as azathioprine and 6-mercaptopurine, and cytotoxic cancer chemotherapeutic agents. The weight ratio of the compound of the present invention to the second active ingredient may be varied and will depend upon the effective doses of each ingredient.

Generally, an effective dose of each will be used. Thus, for example, when a compound of the present invention is combined with an NSAID the weight ratio of the compound of the present invention to the NSAID will generally range from about 1000:1 to about 1:1000, preferably about 200:1 to about 1:200. Combinations of a compound of the present invention and other active ingredients will generally also be within the aforementioned range, but in each case, an effective dose of each active ingredient should be used.

The compounds are administered to a mammal in a therapeutically effective amount. By "therapeutically effective amount" it is also meant an amount of a compound of Formula I that, when administered alone or in combination with an additional therapeutic agent to a mammal, is effective to prevent or ameliorate the thromboembolic disease condition or the progression of the disease.

30 Dosage and Formulation

The compounds of this invention can be administered in such oral dosage forms as tablets, capsules (each of which includes sustained release or timed release formulations), pills, powders, granules, elixirs, tinctures, suspensions, syrups, and emulsions. They may also be administered in intravenous (bolus or infusion), intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular form, all using dosage forms well known to those of ordinary skill in the pharmaceutical arts. They can be administered

alone, but generally will be administered with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

5 The dosage regimen for the compounds of the present invention will, of course, vary depending upon known factors, such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the particular agent and its mode and route of administration; the species, age, sex, health, medical
10 condition, and weight of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the kind of concurrent treatment; the frequency of treatment; the route of administration, the renal and hepatic function of the patient, and the effect desired. A physician or veterinarian can
15 determine and prescribe the effective amount of the drug required to prevent, counter, or arrest the progress of the thromboembolic disorder.

By way of general guidance, the daily oral dosage of each active ingredient, when used for the indicated
20 effects, will range between about 0.001 to 1000 mg/kg of body weight, preferably between about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg of body weight per day, and most preferably between about 1.0 to 20 mg/kg/day. Intravenously, the most preferred doses will range from about 1 to about 10 mg/kg/minute
25 during a constant rate infusion. Compounds of this invention may be administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dosage may be administered in divided doses of two, three, or four times daily.

Compounds of this invention can be administered in
30 intranasal form via topical use of suitable intranasal vehicles, or via transdermal routes, using transdermal skin patches. When administered in the form of a transdermal delivery system, the dosage administration will, of course, be continuous rather than intermittent
35 throughout the dosage regimen.

The compounds are typically administered in admixture with suitable pharmaceutical diluents, excipients, or carriers (collectively referred to herein as pharmaceutical carriers) suitably selected with

respect to the intended form of administration, that is, oral tablets, capsules, elixirs, syrups and the like, and consistent with conventional pharmaceutical practices.

For instance, for oral administration in the form of
5 a tablet or capsule, the active drug component can be combined with an oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable, inert carrier such as lactose, starch, sucrose, glucose, methyl cellulose, magnesium stearate, dicalcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, mannitol, sorbitol
10 and the like; for oral administration in liquid form, the oral drug components can be combined with any oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as ethanol, glycerol, water, and the like. Moreover, when desired or necessary, suitable binders, lubricants,
15 disintegrating agents, and coloring agents can also be incorporated into the mixture. Suitable binders include starch, gelatin, natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth, or sodium alginate,
20 carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, waxes, and the like. Lubricants used in these dosage forms include sodium oleate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, sodium benzoate, sodium acetate, sodium chloride, and the like. Disintegrators include, without limitation,
25 starch, methyl cellulose, agar, bentonite, xanthan gum, and the like.

The compounds of the present invention can also be administered in the form of liposome delivery systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar
30 vesicles, and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine, or phosphatidylcholines.

Compounds of the present invention may also be coupled with soluble polymers as targetable drug
35 carriers. Such polymers can include polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide-phenol, polyhydroxyethylaspartamidephenol, or polyethyleneoxide-polylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues.

Furthermore, the compounds of the present invention may be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, copolymers of
5 polylactic and polyglycolic acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, polyhydroxy butyric acid, polyorthoesters, polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacylates, and crosslinked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels.

Dosage forms (pharmaceutical compositions) suitable
10 for administration may contain from about 1 milligram to about 100 milligrams of active ingredient per dosage unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions the active ingredient will ordinarily be present in an amount of about 0.5-95% by weight based on the total weight of the
15 composition.

Gelatin capsules may contain the active ingredient and powdered carriers, such as lactose, starch, cellulose derivatives, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, and the like. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed
20 tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained release products to provide for continuous release of medication over a period of hours. Compressed tablets can be sugar coated or film coated to mask any unpleasant taste and protect the tablet from the
25 atmosphere, or enteric coated for selective disintegration in the gastrointestinal tract.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can contain coloring and flavoring to increase patient acceptance. In general, water, a suitable oil, saline,
30 aqueous dextrose (glucose), and related sugar solutions and glycols such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration preferably contain a water soluble salt of the active ingredient,
35 suitable stabilizing agents, and if necessary, buffer substances. Antioxidizing agents such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either alone or combined, are suitable stabilizing agents. Also used are citric acid and its salts and sodium EDTA. In

addition, parenteral solutions can contain preservatives, such as benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in
5 Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, a standard reference text in this field.

Representative useful pharmaceutical dosage-forms for administration of the compounds of this invention can be illustrated as follows:

10 Capsules

A large number of unit capsules can be prepared by filling standard two-piece hard gelatin capsules each with 100 milligrams of powdered active ingredient, 150 milligrams of lactose, 50 milligrams of cellulose, and 6
15 milligrams magnesium stearate.

Soft Gelatin Capsules

A mixture of active ingredient in a digestable oil such as soybean oil, cottonseed oil or olive oil may be prepared and injected by means of a positive displacement
20 pump into gelatin to form soft gelatin capsules containing 100 milligrams of the active ingredient. The capsules should be washed and dried.

Tablets

Tablets may be prepared by conventional procedures
25 so that the dosage unit is 100 milligrams of active ingredient, 0.2 milligrams of colloidal silicon dioxide, 5 milligrams of magnesium stearate, 275 milligrams of microcrystalline cellulose, 11 milligrams of starch and 98.8 milligrams of lactose. Appropriate coatings may be
30 applied to increase palatability or delay absorption.

Injectable

A parenteral composition suitable for administration by injection may be prepared by stirring 1.5% by weight of active ingredient in 10% by volume propylene glycol
35 and water. The solution should be made isotonic with sodium chloride and sterilized.

Suspension

An aqueous suspension can be prepared for oral administration so that each 5 mL contain 100 mg of finely

divided active ingredient, 200 mg of sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, 5 mg of sodium benzoate, 1.0 g of sorbitol solution, U.S.P., and 0.025 mL of vanillin.

Where the compounds of this invention are combined
5 with other anticoagulant agents, for example, a daily dosage may be about 0.1 to 100 milligrams of the compound of Formula I and about 1 to 7.5 milligrams of the second anticoagulant, per kilogram of patient body weight. For a tablet dosage form, the compounds of this invention
10 generally may be present in an amount of about 5 to 10 milligrams per dosage unit, and the second anti-coagulant in an amount of about 1 to 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

Where two or more of the foregoing second
therapeutic agents are administered with the compound of
15 Formula I, generally the amount of each component in a typical daily dosage and typical dosage form may be reduced relative to the usual dosage of the agent when administered alone, in view of the additive or synergistic effect of the therapeutic agents when
20 administered in combination.

Particularly when provided as a single dosage unit, the potential exists for a chemical interaction between the combined active ingredients. For this reason, when the compound of Formula I and a second therapeutic agent
25 are combined in a single dosage unit they are formulated such that although the active ingredients are combined in a single dosage unit, the physical contact between the active ingredients is minimized (that is, reduced). For example, one active ingredient may be enteric coated. By
30 enteric coating one of the active ingredients, it is possible not only to minimize the contact between the combined active ingredients, but also, it is possible to control the release of one of these components in the gastrointestinal tract such that one of these components
35 is not released in the stomach but rather is released in the intestines. One of the active ingredients may also be coated with a material which effects a sustained-release throughout the gastrointestinal tract and also serves to minimize physical contact between the combined

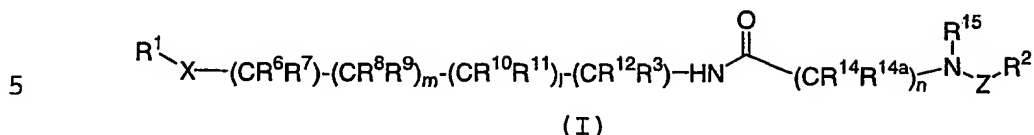
active ingredients. Furthermore, the sustained-released component can be additionally enteric coated such that the release of this component occurs only in the intestine. Still another approach would involve the
5 formulation of a combination product in which the one component is coated with a sustained and/or enteric release polymer, and the other component is also coated with a polymer such as a lowviscosity grade of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) or other appropriate
10 materials as known in the art, in order to further separate the active components. The polymer coating serves to form an additional barrier to interaction with the other component.

These as well as other ways of minimizing contact
15 between the components of combination products of the present invention, whether administered in a single dosage form or administered in separate forms but at the same time by the same manner, will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, once armed with the present
20 disclosure.

Obviously, numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be
25 practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein.

Claims:

1. A compound of Formula (I)



or a stereoisomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

10 Z is selected from a bond, -C(O)-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-, -SO₂-, and -SO₂NH-;

X is selected from -NR¹⁷-, -O-, -S-, and -CHR¹⁶NR¹⁷-;

15 R¹ is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with 0-5 R⁴ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R⁴;

20 R² is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with 0-5 R⁵ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R⁵;

25 R³ is selected from H, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d}, (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}, (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a
30 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

with the proviso that R³ is not H if R⁶ is H;

35

alternatively, R^3 and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{3g} , a C_{5-6} lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{3g} , or a C_{5-6} lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{3g} ;

5

R^{3a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{3c} , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} ;

15

R^{3b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{3e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} ;

20

R^{3c} is independently selected from $-C(O)R^{3b}$, $-C(O)OR^{3d}$, $-C(O)NR^{3f}R^{3f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

25

R^{3d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered

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heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

R^{3e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈
5 alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I,
CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH,
(CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{3f}R^{3f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{3f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl,
10 and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R^{3g} is selected from (CHR)_qOH, (CHR)_qSH, (CHR)_qOR^{3d},
(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CHR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CHR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a},
(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d},
15 (CHR)_qSO₂NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CHR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, and a (CHR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e};

R, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆
20 cycloalkyl, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, and (CHR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, and
(CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with R^{3e};

R⁴, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈
alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br,
25 I, F, NO₂, CN, (CR'R')_rNR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rOH,
(CR'R')_rO(CR'R')_rR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rSH, (CR'R')_rC(O)H,
(CR'R')_rS(CR'R')_rR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OH,
(CR'R')_rC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)(CR'R')_rR^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{4d},
30 (CR'R')_rOC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{4b},
(CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{6a}C(S)NR^{6a}(CR'R')_rR^{6d},
(CR'R')_rNR^{4a}C(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rC(=NR^{4f})NR^{4a}R^{4a},

$(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NHC}(=\text{NR}^{4f})\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_p(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{6f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{6a}\text{R}^{6a}$,
 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8}
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R' , C_{2-8} alkynyl
 5 substituted with 0-3 R' , and $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r$ phenyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} ;

alternatively, two R^4 on adjacent atoms on R^1 may join to
 form a cyclic acetal;

10

R^{4a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{4g} , C_{2-6} alkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted
 with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ,
 15 a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with
 0-5 R^{4e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_{r-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic
 system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N,
 O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e} ;

20 R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted
 with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ,
 a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3
 R^{4e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_{r-5-6}$ membered heterocyclic system
 25 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e} ;

R^{4d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted
 30 with 0-2 R^{5e} , methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted
 with 0-3 R^{4e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_{r-5-6}$ membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} ;

35

R^{4e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

5

R^{4f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₅ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

10 R^{4g} is independently selected from -C(O)R^{4b}, -C(O)OR^{4d}, -C(O)NR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rOH, (CR'R')_rO(CR'R')_rR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rSH, (CR'R')_rC(O)H, (CR'R')_rS(CR'R')_rR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OH, (CR'R')_rC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{5b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)(CR'R')_rR^{5b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rOC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{5b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}C(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rC(=NR^{5f})NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNHC(=NR^{5f})NR^{5f}R^{5f}, (CR'R')_rS(O)_p(CR'R')_rR^{5b}, (CR'R')_rS(O)₂NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}S(O)₂NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}S(O)₂(CR'R')_rR^{5b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and (CR'R')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e};

alternatively, two R⁵ on adjacent atoms on R² may join to form a cyclic acetal;

30

R^{5a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{5g}, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e},

a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{5e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ;

5

R^{5b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-6}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ;

10

R^{5d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-6}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} ;

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R^{5e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{CF}_2)_r\text{CF}_3$, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{SC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}^{5f}\text{R}^{5f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$;

25

R^{5f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

30

R^{5g} is independently selected from $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{5b}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{5d}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{5f}\text{R}^{5f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$;

R' , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{5e} ;

5 R^6 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_q OH$, $(CRR)_q SH$, $(CRR)_q OR^{6d}$, $(CRR)_q S(O)_p R^{6d}$, $(CRR)_r C(O)R^{6b}$, $(CRR)_r NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_r C(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_r C(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$, $(CRR)SO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CRR)_r C(O)OR^{6d}$, a $(CRR)_r C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue
 10 substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a $(CRR)_r C_{5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;

alternatively, R^6 and R^7 join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl
 15 substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} , a 5-6 membered ring lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} , or a 5-6 membered ring lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{6g} ;

R^{6a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 20 methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r C_{5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system
 25 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;

R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 30 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , a $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r C_{5-6}$ membered

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e};

5 R^{6d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e},
C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}, and a (CH₂)_{r-5-6} membered
10 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e};

R^{6e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
15 (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{6f}R^{6f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{6f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

20 R^{6g} is selected from (CHR)_qOH, (CHR)_qSH, (CHR)_qOR^{6d},
(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}, (CHR)_rC(O)R^{6b}, (CHR)_qNR^{6a}R^{6a},
(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d},
(CHR)_qSO₂NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CHR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}, and a (CHR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
25 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e};

R⁷, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
alkynyl, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{7d},
(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{7d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{7b}, (CRR)_rNR^{7a}R^{7a},
30 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{7a}OR^{7d},
(CRR)_qSO₂NR^{7a}R^{7a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{7d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e}, and a

(CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e};

5 R^{7a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
10 R^{7e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e};

R^{7b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
15 C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
20 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e};

R^{7d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl
25 substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e};

30 R^{7e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,

$(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{SC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}^{7f}\text{R}^{7f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$;

R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
5 C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{OH}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{SH}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{OR}^{8d}$,
10 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{R}^{8d}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{8b}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{NR}^{8a}\text{R}^{8a}$,
10 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{8a}\text{R}^{8a}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{8a}\text{OR}^{8d}$,
 $(\text{CRR})_r\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{8a}\text{R}^{8a}$, $(\text{CRR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{8d}$, a $(\text{CRR})_r-\text{C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} , and a
15 $(\text{CRR})_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
15 substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

alternatively, R^8 and R^9 join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl
substituted with 0-2 R^{8g} , a 5-6 membered ring lactam
substituted with 0-2 R^{8g} , or a 5-6 membered ring
20 lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{8g} ;

R^{8a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{3-8}
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
25 substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 $(\text{CH}_2)_r-\text{C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{8e} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system
containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

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R^{8b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted

with 0-3 R^{8e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ -C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{8e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

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R^{8d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

10

R^{8e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{8f}R^{8f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

15

R^{8f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

20

R^{8g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{8d}$, $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{8d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{8b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d}$, $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{8d}$, and a $(CHR)_r$ -C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} ;

25

R^9 is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{9d}$, $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{9d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{9b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{9a}R^{9a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{9a}OR^{9d}$,

30

(CRR)_rSO₂NR^{9a}R^{9a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{9d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

- R^{9e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}
 cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$
 5 alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- R^{9f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- 10 R^{10} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
 alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{10d}$,
 $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{10d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d}$,
 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
 15 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;
- 20 alternatively, R^{10} and R^{11} join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{10g} , a 5-6 membered ring lactam
 substituted with 0-2 R^{10g} , or a 5-6 membered ring
 lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{10g} ;
- 25 R^{10a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , C_{3-8}
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
 $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 30 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system
 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

R^{10b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted
with 0-3 R^{10e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue
5 substituted with 0-2 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

R^{10d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
10 H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3
 R^{10e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , C_{3-6}
alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , a C_{3-10}
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} , and a
15 $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

R^{10e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}
20 cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$
alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

R^{10f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
25 H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{10g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{10d}$,
 $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{10d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{10a}R^{10a}$,
 $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d}$,
30 $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}$, and a $(CHR)_r-C_{3-10}$
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} ;

R^{11} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, $(CRR)_xOH$, $(CRR)_xSH$, $(CRR)_xOR^{11d}$, $(CRR)_xS(O)_pR^{11d}$, $(CRR)_xC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CRR)_xNR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_xC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_xC(O)NR^{11a}OR^{11d}$, $(CRR)_xSO_2NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CRR)_xC(O)OR^{11d}$, a $(CRR)_x-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CRR)_x-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

10

R^{11a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , $(CH_2)_xC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_x-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_x-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

15

R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , a $(CH_2)_x-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_x-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

25

R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , and a

30

(CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

5 R^{11e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

10

R^{11f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹² is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
15 alkynyl, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{12d},
(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{12d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{12b}, (CRR)_rNR^{12a}R^{12a},
(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}R^{12a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}OR^{12d},
(CRR)_qSO₂NR^{12a}R^{12a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{12d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{12e}, and a
20 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
25 H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₃₋₈
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
R^{12e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
30 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{12e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} ;

R^{12d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e} ;

R^{12e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{12f}R^{12f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

R^{12f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{14} and R^{14a} are independently selected from H, and C_{1-4} alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{14b} ,

alternatively, R^{14} and R^{14a} can join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R^{14b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
-OH, -SH, -NR^{14c}R^{14c}, -C(O)NR^{14c}R^{14c}, -NHC(O)R^{14c} and
phenyl;

5 R^{14c} is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-3
10 R^{16a}, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a};

R^{16a} is selected from C₁₋₄ alkyl, -OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c},
-C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c};

15 R^{16c} is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl;

n is selected from 1 and 2;

20

l is selected from 0 and 1;

m is selected from 0 and 1;

25 p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, or 2;

q, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, or 4;
and

30 r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4.

2. A compound of claim 1, wherein

Z is selected from a bond, -C(O)-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-,
35 -SO₂-, and -SO₂NH-;

X is selected from -NR¹⁷-, -O-, -S-, and -CHR¹⁶NR¹⁷-;

R¹ is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with
 0-5 R⁴ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system
 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 5 S, substituted with 0-3 R⁴;

R² is selected from a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group substituted with
 0-5 R⁵ and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system
 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 10 S, substituted with 0-3 R⁵;

R³ is selected from (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d},
 (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a},
 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d},
 15 (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a
 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{3e};

20 alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, a C₅₋₆ lactam substituted
 with 0-2 R^{3g}, or a C₅₋₆ lactone substituted with 0-2
 R^{3g};

25 R^{3a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{3c}, C₂₋₆ alkyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted
 with 0-3 R^{3e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e},
 30 (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic
 residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10
 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4
 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted
 with 0-3 R^{3e};

- R^{3b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{3e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} ;
- 10 R^{3c} is independently selected from $-C(O)R^{3b}$, $-C(O)OR^{3d}$, $-C(O)NR^{3f}R^{3f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- R^{3d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} ;
- 20 R^{3e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{3f}R^{3f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- 25 R^{3f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R^{3g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{3d}$, $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{3b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}$;
- 30

$(\text{CHR})_q\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{3a}\text{R}^{3a}$, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{3d}$, and a $(\text{CHR})_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e} ;

5 R , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{3a}\text{R}^{3a}$, and $(\text{CHR})_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{3d}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{phenyl}$ substituted with R^{3e} ;

10 R^4 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{C}_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{SH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{H}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OH}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$,
 15 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OC}(\text{O})(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{6a}\text{C}(\text{S})\text{NR}^{6a}(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{6d}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4a}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{C}(=\text{NR}^{4f})\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$,
 20 $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NHC}(=\text{NR}^{4f})\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_p(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{4a}\text{R}^{4a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{6f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{6a}\text{R}^{6a}$, $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{R}^{4b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R' , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R' , and $(\text{CR}'\text{R}')_r\text{phenyl}$
 25 substituted with 0-3 R^{4e} ;

alternatively, two R^4 on adjacent atoms on R^1 may join to form a cyclic acetal;

30 R^{4a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{4g} , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with

0-5 R^{4e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e};

5 R^{4b}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, a (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system
10 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e};

R^{4d}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₃₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl substituted
15 with 0-2 R^{5e}, methyl, CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{4e};
20

R^{4e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;
25

R^{4f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₅ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

R^{4g} is independently selected from -C(O)R^{4b}, -C(O)OR^{4d},
30 -C(O)NR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rOH,
35 (CR'R')_rO(CR'R')_rR^{5d}, (CR'R')_rSH, (CR'R')_rC(O)H,

$(CR'R')_rS(CR'R')_rR^{5d}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)OH$,
 $(CR'R')_rC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}$,
 $(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)(CR'R')_rR^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rC(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{5d}$,
 $(CR'R')_rOC(O)(CR'R')_rR^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{5d}$,
5 $(CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5a}C(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}$,
 $(CR'R')_rC(=NR^{5f})NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_rNHC(=NR^{5f})NR^{5f}R^{5f}$,
 $(CR'R')_rS(O)_p(CR'R')_rR^{5b}$, $(CR'R')_rS(O)_2NR^{5a}R^{5a}$,
 $(CR'R')_rNR^{5a}S(O)_2NR^{5a}R^{5a}$, $(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}S(O)_2(CR'R')_rR^{5b}$,
 C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R' ,
10 C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R' , and
 $(CR'R')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} ;

alternatively, two R^5 on adjacent atoms on R^2 may join to form a cyclic acetal;

15

R^{5a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl substituted with 0-1 R^{5g} , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ,
20 a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{5e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ;

25 R^{5b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered
30 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} ;

R^{5d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-2 R^{5e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl

substituted with 0-2 R^{5e}, methyl, CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{5e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic
 residue substituted with 0-3 R^{5e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6
 5 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4
 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted
 with 0-3 R^{5e};

R^{5e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈
 alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F,
 10 Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH,
 (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{5f}R^{5f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{5f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₅ alkyl,
 and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

15 R^{5g} is independently selected from -C(O)R^{5b}, -C(O)OR^{5d},
 -C(O)NR^{5f}R^{5f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 20 C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and
 (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with R^{5e};

R⁶, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
 alkynyl, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{6d},
 25 (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}, (CRR)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a},
 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}, (CRR)SO₂NR^{6a}R^{6a},
 (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 0-5 R^{6e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 30 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e};

alternatively, R⁶ and R⁷ join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{6g}, a 5-6 membered ring lactam
 substituted with 0-2 R^{6g}, or a 5-6 membered ring
 35 lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{6g};

- 5 R^{6a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;
- 10 R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;
- 15 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e} ;
- 20 R^{6e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6f}R^{6f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- 25 30

R^{6f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

5 R^{6g} is selected from $(CHR)_qOH$, $(CHR)_qSH$, $(CHR)_qOR^{6d}$,
 $(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CHR)_qNR^{6a}R^{6a}$,
 $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}$,
 $(CHR)_qSO_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}$, and a $(CHR)_r-C_{3-10}$
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e} ;

10

R^7 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qSH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{7d}$,
 $(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{7d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{7a}R^{7a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{7a}OR^{7d}$,
15 $(CRR)_qSO_2NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{7d}$, a $(CRR)_r-C_{3-10}$
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

20

R^{7a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-8}
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a
25 $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system
containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

30 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted

with 0-3 R^{7e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ -C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

5

R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

10

R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

15

R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

20

R^8 is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{8d}$, $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{8d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{8b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d}$, $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{8a}R^{8a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{8d}$, a $(CRR)_r$ -C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} , and a $(CRR)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

25

30

alternatively, R^8 and R^9 join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl substituted with 0-2 R^{8g} , a 5-6 membered ring lactam substituted with 0-2 R^{8g} , or a 5-6 membered ring lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{8g} ;

5

R^{8a} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{3-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{3-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

10

15 R^{8b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , a $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{8e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

20

R^{8d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{8e} ;

25

30

R^{8e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}

cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
 (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
 alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{8f}R^{8f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

5 R^{8f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R^{8g} is selected from (CHR)_qOH, (CHR)_qSH, (CHR)_qOR^{8d},
 (CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{8d}, (CHR)_rC(O)R^{8b}, (CHR)_qNR^{8a}R^{8a},
 10 (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}R^{8a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{8a}OR^{8d},
 (CHR)_qSO₂NR^{8a}R^{8a}, (CHR)_rC(O)OR^{8d}, and a (CHR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{8e};

R⁹ is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
 15 alkynyl, (CRR)_rOH, (CRR)_rSH, (CRR)_rOR^{9d},
 (CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{9d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{9b}, (CRR)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a},
 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{9a}R^{9a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{9a}OR^{9d},
 (CRR)_rSO₂NR^{9a}R^{9a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{9d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e}, and a
 20 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

R^{9a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 25 methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₈
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{9e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
 (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{9e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
 30 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e};

- R^{9b} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{2-8} alkenyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted
with 0-3 R^{9e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue
5 substituted with 0-2 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;
- R^{9d} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
10 methyl, $-CF_3$, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ,
 C_{3-6} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , C_{3-6} alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
15 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;
- R^{9e} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6}
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,
20 $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$
alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- R^{9f} , at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
 C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R^{10} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, $(CRR)_rOH$, $(CRR)_rSH$, $(CRR)_rOR^{10d}$,
 $(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{10d}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CRR)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a}$,
 $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d}$,
30 $(CRR)_rSO_2NR^{10a}R^{10a}$, $(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}$, a $(CRR)_r$ - C_{3-10}
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} , and a
 $(CRR)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing

1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

alternatively, R¹⁰ and R¹¹ join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
5 substituted with 0-2 R^{10g}, a 5-6 membered ring lactam
substituted with 0-2 R^{10g}, or a 5-6 membered ring
lactone substituted with 0-2 R^{10g};

R^{10a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
10 H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₈
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
R^{10e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
15 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

R^{10b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl
20 substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted
with 0-3 R^{10e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 0-2 R^{10e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

25 R^{10d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3
R^{10e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, C₃₋₆
alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, a C₃₋₁₀
30 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10e}, and a
(CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing

1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{10e};

5 R^{10e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

10 R^{10f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R^{10g} is selected from (CHR)_qOH, (CHR)_qSH, (CHR)_qOR^{10d},
(CHR)_qS(O)_pR^{10d}, (CHR)_rC(O)R^{10b}, (CHR)_qNR^{10a}R^{10a},
15 (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{10a}OR^{10d},
(CHR)_qSO₂NR^{10a}R^{10a}, (CHR)_rC(O)OR^{10d}, and a (CHR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e};

R¹¹, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆
20 alkynyl, (CRR)_rOH, (CRR)_rSH, (CRR)_rOR^{11d},
(CRR)_rS(O)_pR^{11d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{11b}, (CRR)_rNR^{11a}R^{11a},
(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{11a}OR^{11d},
(CRR)_rSO₂NR^{11a}R^{11a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{11d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e}, and a
25 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

R^{11a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
30 H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₃₋₈
alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
(CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5

R^{11e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

5 R^{11b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
10 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

R^{11d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3
15 R^{11e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, C₃₋₆ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
20 substituted with 0-3 R^{11e};

R^{11e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
25 (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{11f}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

30 R¹² is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{12d},

(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{12d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{12b}, (CRR)_rNR^{12a}R^{12a},
 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}R^{12a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{12a}OR^{12d},
 (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{12a}R^{12a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{12d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{12e}, and a
 5 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 10 H, methyl, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₃₋₈
 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₃₋₈ alkynyl
 substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, a
 (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5
 R^{12e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system
 15 containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and
 S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₂₋₈ alkenyl
 20 substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted
 with 0-3 R^{12e}, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 0-2 R^{12e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12d}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
 H, methyl, -CF₃, C₂₋₆ alkyl substituted with 0-3
 R^{12e}, C₃₋₆ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, C₃₋₆
 alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, a C₃₋₁₀
 30 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{12e}, and a
 (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing

1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
substituted with 0-3 R^{12e};

R^{12e}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
5 C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃,
(CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, SH, (CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅
alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{12f}R^{12f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

10 R^{12f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl,
and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are independently selected from H, and
C₁₋₄alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{14b},

15 alternatively, R¹⁴ and R^{14a} can join to form a C₃₋₆
cycloalkyl;

R^{14b}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from
20 -OH, -SH, -NR^{14c}R^{14c}, -C(O)NR^{14c}R^{14c}, -NHC(O)R^{14c} and
phenyl;

R^{14c} is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

25 R¹⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-3
R^{16a}, and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a};

30 R^{16a} is selected from C₁₋₄ alkyl, -OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c},
-C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c};

R^{16c} is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl;

n is selected from 1 and 2;

5 l is selected from 0 and 1;

m is selected from 0 and 1;

10 p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, or 2;

q, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, or 4;
and

15 r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4.

3. The compound of claims 1-2, wherein:

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are H;

20 R¹⁵ is H; and

n is 1.

25 4. The compound of claims 1-3, wherein:

R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-1
R^{16a}, wherein the alkyl is selected from methyl,
ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, and s-
butyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a}
30 wherein the cycloalkyl is selected from cyclopropyl
and cyclobutyl;

R^{16a} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
-OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c}, -C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c};
35 and

R¹⁷ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, and i-propyl.

5. The compound of claims 1-4, wherein:

5

R⁹ and R¹¹ are H; and

10 R⁸ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl and naphthyl.

6. The compound of claims 1-5, wherein:

15

R³ is selected from (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d}, (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{3d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{3b}, (CRR)_qNR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}, (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{3e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{3e} wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothiophenyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;

35 R⁶ is selected from H, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{6d}, (CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}, (CRR)_qNR^{6a}R^{6a},

(CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d},
 (CRR)_qSO₂NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}, a (CRR)_r-C₆₋₁₀
 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{6e}, and a
 (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing
 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
 substituted with 0-6 R^{6e} wherein the heterocyclic
 system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
 benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
 benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl,
 imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl,
 isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
 pyrrazolyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl,
 tetrahydrothiophenyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,6-
 triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
 oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;

R⁷ is H;

R¹² is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and propyl;

alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl
 substituted with 0-2 R^{3g}, a C₅₋₆ lactam substituted
 with 0-2 R^{3g}, or a C₅₋₆ lactone substituted with 0-2
 R^{3g}.

7. The compound of claims 1-6, wherein:

R¹ is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁴ and a
 5-10 membered heteroaryl system substituted with 0-3
 R⁴, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from
 benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl,
 benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl,
 benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl,
 benzimidazalonyl, cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl,
 indazolyl, indolyl, isoquinolinyl isothiazolyl,

isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl,
pyridazinyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl,
quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and
tetrazolyl;

5

R² is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁵ and a
5-10 membered heteroaryl system containing 1-4
heteroatoms substituted with 0-3 R⁵, wherein the
heteroaryl system is selected from benzimidazolyl,
10 benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl,
benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl,
cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, indazolyl, indolyl,
isoquinolinyl isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl,
15 pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridinyl,
pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl,
thiazolyl, thienyl, and tetrazolyl.

8. The compound of claims 1-7, wherein:

20

X is CHR¹⁶R¹⁷;

R⁴, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈
alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CR'R')_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl,
25 Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CR'R')_rNR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rOH,
(CR'R')_rOR^{4d}, (CR'R')_rSH, (CR'R')_rSR^{4d},
(CR'R')_rC(O)OH, (CR'R')_rC(O)R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OR^{4d},
(CR'R')_rOC(O)R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}C(O)OR^{4d},
30 (CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4a}C(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a},
(CR'R')_rS(O)_pR^{4b}, (CR'R')_rS(O)₂NR^{4a}R^{4a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{4f}S(O)₂R^{4b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{4f}S(O)₂NR^{4a}R^{4a}, C₁₋₆
haloalkyl, and (CR'R')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3
R^{4e};

35

alternatively, two R⁴ on adjacent atoms join to form
-O-(CH₂)-O-;

- 5 R^{4a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- 10 R^{4b}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4e}, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from
- 15 cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{4e}, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
- 20 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl,
- 25 pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;
- 30 R^{4d}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, CF₃, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- 35 R^{4e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, F,

Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl, OH, SH,
(CH₂)_rSC₁₋₅ alkyl, (CH₂)_rNR^{4f}R^{4f}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl;

R^{4f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl,
5 ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, and cyclopropyl,
cyclobutyl, and phenyl;

R⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl,
propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl,
10 pentyl, hexyl, (CR'R')_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F,
NO₂, CN, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rOH, (CR'R')_rOR^{5d},
(CR'R')_rSH, (CR'R')_rC(O)H, (CR'R')_rSR^{5d},
(CR'R')_rC(O)OH, (CR'R')_rC(O)R^{5b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)R^{5b}, (CR'R')_rC(O)OR^{5d},
15 (CR'R')_rOC(O)R^{5b}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5f}C(O)OR^{5d},
(CR'R')_rOC(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{5a}C(O)NR^{5a}R^{5a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{7a}C(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a}, (CR'R')_rNR^{7a}C(O)O(CR'R')_rR^{7d},
(CR'R')_rS(O)_pR^{5b}, (CR'R')_rS(O)₂NR^{5a}R^{5a},
(CR'R')_rNR^{5f}S(O)₂R^{5b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and
20 (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{5e};

alternatively, two R⁵ on adjacent atoms join to form
-O-(CH₂)-O-;

25 R^{5a}, at each occurrence, is independently selected from H,
methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-
butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and
a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with
0-1 R^{5e}, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected
30 from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
cyclohexyl, phenyl and naphthyl;

R^{5b}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl,
propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl,
35 pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆
carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl,

- cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and phenyl; and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, azetidyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morphlinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolyl, 2,5-dihydropyrrolyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl;
- 5
- 10
- 15 R^{5d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, CF_3 , ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, s-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, allyl, propargyl, and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- 20
- R^{5e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{CF}_2)_r\text{CF}_3$, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{SC}_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}^{4f}\text{R}^{4f}$, and $(\text{CH}_2)_r$ phenyl; and
- 25
- R^{5f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, and cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, and phenyl.
- 30 9. The compound of claims 1-8, wherein:
- 35 R^5 is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, CF_3 , CF_2CF_3 , CF_2H , OCF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, SCF_3 , $\text{NR}^{5a}\text{R}^{5a}$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{5a}$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{R}^{5b}$, and $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^{5a}$; and
- R^{12} is selected from H and methyl.

10. A compound of claims 1-9, wherein:

Z is $-C(O)-$;

5

X is $-CHR^{16}NR^{17}-$;

R^1 is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^4 , and a
5-10 membered heteroaryl system substituted with 0-2
10 R^4 , wherein the heteroaryl is selected from indolyl,
and pyridyl;

R^2 is phenyl substituted with 0-2 R^5 ;

15 R^3 is selected from $(CRR)_qOH$, $(CRR)_qOR^{3d}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$,
 $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}$, $(CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}$, $(CH_2)C(O)R^{3b}$,
 $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{3d}$, and (CH_2) -phenyl;

alternatively, R^3 and R^{12} join to form cyclopropyl,
20 cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl;

R^{3a} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, allyl, CH_2CF_3 ,
 $C(CH_3)CH_2CH_2OH$, cyclopropyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl,
25 cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, and
benzyl;

R^{3b} is selected from pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolid-3-enyl, and
morpholinyl;

30

R^{3d} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl and benzyl;

R is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl,
35 butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, neopentyl, phenyl
and benzyl;

R⁴ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, ethylene, OCH₃, OCF₃, SCH₃, SO₂CH₃, Cl, F, Br, CN;

5 alternatively, two R⁴ join to form -O-(CH₂)-O-;

R⁶ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, C(O)OCH₃, C(O)NHCH₂CH₃;

10 R⁷, R⁹, and R¹¹ are H;

R⁸ is H;

R¹⁰ is selected from H and methyl;

15

R¹⁶ is selected from H and methyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H and methyl;

20 m is 0 or 1;

l is 0 or 1

r is 0 or 1; and

25

q is 1.

11. The compound of claim 1, wherein

30 R³ is H; and

R⁶, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qSH, (CRR)_qOR^{6d},

(CRR)_qS(O)_pR^{6d}, (CRR)_rC(O)R^{6b}, (CRR)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a},

35 (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}, (CRR)_rC(O)NR^{6a}OR^{6d}, (CRR)SO₂NR^{6a}R^{6a},

(CRR)_rC(O)OR^{6d}, a (CRR)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue

substituted with 0-5 R^{6e}, and a (CRR)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{6e}.

5 12. The compound of claims 1 and 11, wherein

R¹⁴ and R^{14a} are H;

R¹⁵ is H;

10

n is 1;

R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted with 0-1

15

R^{16a}, wherein the alkyl is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, and s-butyl, and C₃₋₄ cycloalkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16a} wherein the cycloalkyl is selected from cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl;

20

R^{16a} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, -OH, -SH, -NR^{16c}R^{16c}, -C(O)NR^{16c}R^{16c}, and -NHC(O)R^{16c};

R¹⁷ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, and i-propyl;

25

R⁹ and R¹¹ are H; and

R⁸ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl and naphthyl.

30

13. The compound of claims 11-12; wherein

35

X is CHR¹⁶R¹⁷;

- R⁵ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, CF₃, CF₂CF₃, CF₂H, OCF₃, Cl, Br, I, F, SCF₃, NR^{5a}R^{5a}, NHC(O)OR^{5a}, NHC(O)R^{5b}, and NHC(O)NHR^{5a}; and
- 5
- R¹² is selected from H and methyl;
- Z is -C(O)-;
- 10 R¹ is selected from phenyl substituted with 0-3 R⁴, and a 5-10 membered heteroaryl system substituted with 0-2 R⁴, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from indolyl, and pyridyl;
- 15 R² is phenyl substituted with 0-2 R⁵;
- R³ is selected from (CRR)_qOH, (CRR)_qOR^{3d}, (CH₂)_rC(O)OH, (CH₂)_rC(O)NR^{3a}R^{3a}, (CHR)_rC(O)NR^{3a}OR^{3d}, (CH₂)C(O)R^{3b}, (CH₂)_rC(O)OR^{3d}, and (CH₂)-phenyl;
- 20
- alternatively, R³ and R¹² join to form cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl;
- R^{3a} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, allyl, CH₂CF₃, C(CH₃)CH₂CH₂OH, cyclopropyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, and benzyl;
- 25
- 30 R^{3b} is selected from pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolid-3-enyl, and morpholinyl;
- R^{3d} is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl and benzyl;
- 35

R is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, i-butyl, s-butyl, pentyl, neopentyl, phenyl and benzyl;

5 R⁴ is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, ethylene, OCH₃, OCF₃, SCH₃, SO₂CH₃, Cl, F, Br, CN;

alternatively, two R⁴ join to form -O-(CH₂)-O-;

10

R⁶ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, C(O)OCH₃, C(O)NHCH₂CH₃;

R⁷, R⁹, and R¹¹ are H;

15

R⁸ is H;

R¹⁰ is selected from H and methyl;

20 R¹⁶ is selected from H and methyl;

R¹⁷ is selected from H and methyl;

m is 0 or 1;

25

l is 0 or 1

r is 0 or 1; and

30 q is 1.

14. The compound of claims 1-2, wherein the compound is selected from :

35 Methyl (2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;

- Methyl (2R)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate;
- 5 (2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoic acid;
- 10 (2S)-N-Methyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 15 (2S)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 20 (2R)-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- (2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 25 (2S)-N-Benzyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 30 (2S)-N-Isopropyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- (2S)-N-Cyclopropyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-

(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

5 (2S)-N-Cyclobutyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

10 (2S)-N-Phenyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

15 (2S)-N,N-Dimethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-Methyl,N-methoxy-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

25 Methyl (2S)-3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate;

30 (2S)-3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

(2S)-N-Ethyl-3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

35 Methyl (2S)-3-[[(1S/R)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-
[[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanoate;

- Methyl (2S)-3-[[[(1S/R)-1-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 5 Methyl (2S)-3-[(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 10 (2S)-3-[(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 Methyl (2S)-3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl)amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 20 Methyl (2S)-3-[[[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 25 Methyl (2S)-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 30 Methyl (2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanoate;
- (2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35 N-[2-[[[(1S)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

- N*-[2-[[[(1*R*)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S/R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 *tert*-Butyl (3*R*)-4-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanoate;
- 15 *N*-[2-[[[(1*R*)-2-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N-tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 25 (2*S*)-*N-tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30 (2*S*)-*N-tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(4-bromo, 2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35 (2*S*)-*N-tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(4-bromo, 2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-

(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-
(phenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-
(phenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(phenyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-
(phenyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30

N-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35

- 5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-4-(methyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 15 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 20 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 25 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 35 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*R*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-

(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-

[[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1-
pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(1-
azetidiny carbonyl)amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[(methylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-
20 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(4-
25 morpholinylcarbonyl)]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2R)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
30 (hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(1-
piperazinylcarbonyl)]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
35 2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

- N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 5 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 15 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 20 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 25 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-(*tert*-butyl)amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 30 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-isopropylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 35 *N*-[2-[[[(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-benzylamino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(methoxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-
dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-2-
(methoxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(methyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

20 N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(methyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

25 N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(ethyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

30 N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(ethyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-
5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

35 N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(propyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[[(S)-1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-
2-hydroxy-2-(propyl)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-
amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

- N*-[2-[[[(*S*)-2-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxycyclopentyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 5 *N*-[2-[[[(*S*)-1-[[[(*S*)-2-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-(hydroxycyclopentyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- 10 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 15 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(difluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 20 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(trifluoromethylthio)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 25 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[3-(pentafluoroethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 30 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- 35 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[[2-amino-5-(methyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;
- (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[2-ethylamino-5-

(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-propylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-isobutylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-butylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-cyclohexylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-isopropylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(tert-butyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(methylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(isopropoxycarbonyl)amino-5-

(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

5 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(isopropylaminocarbonyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

10 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-benzylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
15 [[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-(para-chloro)benzylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
20 [[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-[(beta-naphthyl)methyl]amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-(meta-methyl)benzylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

30 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-(para-methyl)benzylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[[2-(ortho-methyl)benzylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
35 [[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[[2-(para-trifluoromethyl)benzylamino-5-

(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

5 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

10 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-benzylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

15 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-methylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-ethylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

20 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-isobutylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-propylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

30 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-butylamino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

35 (2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethylcarbonyl)amino-
5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2*S*)-*N*-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-(ethoxycarbonyl)amino-5-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-
[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[(2-methyl-4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

5 (2S)-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-3-[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-propanamide;

10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(4-bromo-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(2-methoxypyridin-5-yl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[(2,3-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

5 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-cyano-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

10 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

15 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-methyl-4-vinylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-ethyl-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-isopropylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

25 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-butylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

35 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-dimethylamino-2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-methylthiophenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

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(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-
methylsulfonylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

10

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(4-
trifluoromethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

15

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(3-amino-4-
methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

20

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(indol-3-yl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

25

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

30

(2S)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

35

(2R)-N-Ethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

(2R)-N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-

(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

5 (2R)-N-[(2-methyl)hydroxyprop-2-yl]-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

10 (2S)-N-tert-Amyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

15 (2S)-N-[(2-methyl)hydroxyprop-2-yl]-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

20 (2S)-N-[(1-methyl)cycloprop-1-yl]-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

25 (2S)-N-Cyclopentyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

30 (2S)-N-Cyclohexyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

35 (2S)-N-(β,β,β -Trifluoro)ethyl-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;

- (2S)-N-Allyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 5 (2S)-N-Cyclopropylmethyl-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 10 N-[2-[[(2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-
(pyrrolid-3-enyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-
3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- N-[2-[[(2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-
15 (pyrrolidinyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- N-[2-[[(2S)-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-1-
(morpholinyl)-1-oxopropyl-2-amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-
20 (trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
- (2S)-N-Isobutyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 25 (2S)-N-sec-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
propanamide;
- 30 (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-
3-[[[3-
(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide;
- 35 (2S,3R)-N-Ethyl-3-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-
[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-
butanamide;

- (2*S*, 3*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-3-[[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 5 Methyl (2*R*)-2-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanoate;
- 10 (2*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-2-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-propanamide;
- Methyl (2*S*)-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanoate;
- 15
- (2*S*)-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 20
- (2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 25 (2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 30 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
- 35 (2*S*)-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-2-[[[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-butanamide;

- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
5
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]-butanamide;
10
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
15
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-2-[[[3-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-4-[[[4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-butanamide;
20
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-4-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
25
- (2S)-N-tert-Butyl-4-[[[4-ethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-butanamide;
30
- (2S)-N-Ethyl-5-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-pentanamide;
35
- N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S/R)-1-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-(methyl)butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;
40
- N-[2-[[[(1S, 2S)-1-[[[2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]methylamino]methyl]-2-(hydroxy)pentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-

[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl] amino] -5-
(trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

5 N-[2-[[(1S, 2S) -1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl) methyl] isopropylamino] methyl] -2-
(hydroxy) pentyl] amino] -2-oxoethyl] -2-
[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl] amino] -5-
(trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

10 N-[2-[[(1S, 2S) -1-[[[(4-
ethylphenyl) methyl] methylamino] methyl] -2-
(hydroxy) pentyl] amino] -2-oxoethyl] -2-
[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl] amino] -5-
(trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

15 N-[2-[[(1S, 2S) -1-[[[(4-
ethylphenyl) methyl] isopropylamino] methyl] -2-
(hydroxy) pentyl] amino] -2-oxoethyl] -2-
[[(isopropylamino) carbonyl] amino] -5-
20 (trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

(2S) -N-tert-Butyl-3-[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl) methyl] methylamino] -2-[[[(3-
(trifluoromethyl) benzoyl] amino] acetyl] amino] -
25 propanamide;

N-[2-[[[1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl) methyl] amino] methyl] cyclohexyl] amino] -
2-oxoethyl] -3- (trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

30

N-[2-[[[1-[[[(4-
chlorophenyl) methyl] amino] methyl] cyclohexyl] amino] -
2-oxoethyl] -3- (trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

35 N-[2-[[[1-[[[(2,4-
dimethylphenyl) methyl] amino] methyl] cyclopentyl] amino
]-2-oxoethyl] -3- (trifluoromethyl) benzamide;

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopentyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide;

N-[2-[[1-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide; and

(2*S*)-*N*-Ethyl-3-[[[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]amino]-2-[[[[[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-2-methyl-propanamide.

15. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

25

16. A method for modulation of chemokine or chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

30

17. A method for modulation of MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3 and MCP-4, and MCP-5 activity that is mediated by the CCR2 receptor comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

35

18. A method for modulation of MCP-1 activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a

therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

19. A method for treating or preventing disorders,
5 comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a
therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims
1-14, said disorders being selected from osteoarthritis,
aneurism, fever, cardiovascular effects, Crohn's disease,
congestive heart failure, autoimmune diseases, HIV-
10 infection, HIV-associated dementia, psoriasis, idiopathic
pulmonary fibrosis, transplant arteriosclerosis,
physically- or chemically-induced brain trauma,
inflammatory bowel disease, alveolitis, colitis, systemic
lupus erythematosus, nephrotoxic serum nephritis,
15 glomerularnephritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis,
atherosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

20. The method for treating or preventing
disorders, of claim 19, wherein said disorders being
20 selected from psoriasis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis,
transplant arteriosclerosis, physically- or chemically-
induced brain trauma, inflammatory bowel disease,
alveolitis, colitis, systemic lupus erythematosus,
nephrotoxic serum nephritis, glomerularnephritis, asthma,
25 multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, and rheumatoid
arthritis.

21. The method for treating or preventing
disorders, of claim 20, wherein said disorders being
30 selected from alveolitis, colitis, systemic lupus
erythematosus, nephrotoxic serum nephritis,
glomerularnephritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis,
atherosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

22. The method for treating or preventing disorders, of claim 21, wherein said disorders being selected from asthma, multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

5

23. A method for treating or preventing rheumatoid arthritis, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

10

24. A method for treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

15

25. A method for treating or preventing atherosclerosis, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

20

26. A method for treating or preventing asthma, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

25

27. A method for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

30

28. A method for modulation of CCR2 activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-14.

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13 March 2003

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

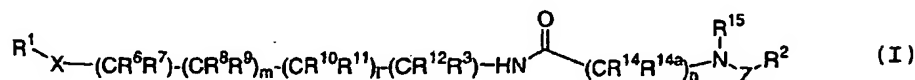
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(72) Inventors: CARTER, Percy; 3102 Swarthmore Road, Westmoreland, Wilmington, DE 18907 (US). CHERNEY, Robert; 104 Bridleshire Court, Newark, DE 19711-2449 (US).

(74) Agents: VANATTEN, Mary, K. et al.; Bristol-Myers Squibb Pharma Company, Patent Department, P.O. Box 4000, Princeton, NJ 08543-4000 (US).

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(54) Title: DIAMINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY



(57) Abstract: The present application describes modulators of MCP-1 of formula (I); or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, useful for the prevention of asthma, multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 01/50619

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07C237/22 C07D209/14 A61K31/165 A61K31/33 A61P9/00 A61P29/00 A61P11/06 A61P19/02		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C07C C07D A61K		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 00 69820 A (COMBICHEM INC ;MOREE WILNA (US); TARBY CHRISTINE (US)) 23 November 2000 (2000-11-23) cited in the application claims 1,10-16; table 1	1,15-28
A	WO 00 69815 A (FURUYA MINORU ;IMAI MINORU (JP); MUROGA YUMIKO (JP); SAKAI MITSURU) 23 November 2000 (2000-11-23) cited in the application abstract	1,15-18
A	WO 97 44329 A (KATAOKA KENICHIRO ;YAMAGAMI SHINSUKE (JP); TANAKA HIROKO (JP); END) 27 November 1997 (1997-11-27) cited in the application claims 1-20; table 1	1,15-18
-/-		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Patent family members are listed in annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents : *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. *G* document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search 6 September 2002		Date of mailing of the international search report 18/09/2002
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2230 HV Rijswijk Tel (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016		Authorized officer Rufet, J

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 01/50619

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>WO 99 07678 A (FAULL ALAN WELLINGTON ; ZENECA LTD (GB); BARKER ANDREW JOHN (GB); K) 18 February 1999 (1999-02-18) cited in the application abstract; claims 1,7,10</p>	1,15-18

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 01/50619

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Although claims 16 to 28 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compounds of tables 1-4 of the description, see pages 264-284.
2. ☒ Claims Nos.: 1-13, 15
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 1-13,15

Present claims 1-13, 15 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds/pharmaceutical compositions. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds/pharmaceutical compositions claimed. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the compounds according to tables 1-4 of pages 264 to 284 of the description.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

International Application No
PCT/US 01/50619

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 0069820	A	23-11-2000	AU 5011300 A	05-12-2000
			EP 1181278 A1	27-02-2002
			WO 0069820 A1	23-11-2000
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			AT 209192 T	15-12-2001
			AU 731187 B2	29-03-2001
			AU 3135497 A	09-12-1997
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			EP 0914319 A1	12-05-1999
			JP 2002503210 T	29-01-2002
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			AU 8638098 A	01-03-1999
			CN 1265649 T	06-09-2000
			EP 1001935 A1	24-05-2000
			WO 9907678 A1	18-02-1999
			JP 2001512716 T	28-08-2001
			NO 20000572 A	04-04-2000
			NZ 501920 A	01-02-2002
			US 6288103 B1	11-09-2001
			ZA 9807087 A	08-02-1999

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